UNDP BRAZIL - INTERNATIONAL IC CONSULTANT
IC 33026/2019
“UNDP-GEF Midterm Review”
Project BRA/14/G33
Mainstreaming Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable Use into NTFP and AFS production practices in Multiple-Use Forest Landscapes of High Conservation Value (Projeto Bem Diverso)

Please find enclosed Terms of Reference and Evaluation Criteria for a Selection Process of an IC - Individual Contractor to hire a Consultant to GEF Project BRA/14/G33.

The Procurement Unit of UNDP Office in Brazil would appreciate receiving technical and financial proposals for the above-mentioned selection.

The submission of technical proposal (CV), Brief description of approach to work/technical proposal and financial proposal (Annex I Price), in separate files, should reach the e-mail ic.procurement.br@undp.org no later than 13th February, 2019.

Only complete applications that meet the aforementioned requirements will be considered. Applications received after the deadline will not be accepted.

The Financial proposal duly signed should be sent in a separate PDF file. All presented documents must carry the identification on the name of the file and subject fields as:

“IC 33026 –Midterm Review Project BRA/14/G33”

If you request any additional information it will be provided by e-mail ic.procurement.br@undp.org

PLEASE REFER TO “IC 33026/2019 –Midterm Review Project BRA/14/G33”

* Proposals sent to any different e-mail than the one indicated (ic.procurement.br@undp.org) or copied to different e-mails will not be accepted for the selection.

IC Selection Team
Procurement Unit
UNDP Brazil
ic.procurement.br@undp.org
Annex I – Offeror’s Price Proposal

Ref: “IC 33026/2019 – Midterm Review Project BRA/14/G33”

I hereby declare that:

a) I have read, understood and hereby accept the Terms of Reference describing the duties and responsibilities of this selection process under UNDP Office;

b) I have also read, understood and hereby accept UNDP’s General Conditions of Contract for the Services of the Individual Contractors;

c) I hereby propose my services and I confirm my interest in performing the assignment through the submission of my CV which I have duly signed and attached hereto;

d) In compliance with the requirements of the Terms of Reference, I hereby confirm that I am available for the entire duration of the assignment, and I shall perform the services in the manner described in my proposed approach/methodology which I have attached hereto;

e) I hereby propose to complete the services based on the following payment rate:

A total lump sum of US$ ____________________ (______________________________), payable in the manner described in the Terms of Reference.

f) I recognize that the payment of the abovementioned amounts due to me shall be based on my delivery of outputs within the timeframe specified in the TOR, which shall be subject to UNDP's review, acceptance and payment certification procedures;

g) This offer shall remain valid for a total period of 90 days after the submission deadline;

h) I confirm that I have no first degree relative (mother, father, son, daughter, spouse/partner, brother or sister) currently employed with any UN agency or office [disclose the name of the relative, the UN office employing the relative, and the relationship if any such relationship exists];

i) If I am selected for this assignment, I shall:

(     ) Sign an Individual Contract with UNDP;

j) I hereby confirm that:

(     ) At the time of this submission, I have no active Individual Contract or any form of engagement with any Business Unit of UNDP;

(     ) I am currently engaged with UNDP and/or other entities for the following work:

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<th>Contract Type</th>
<th>UNDP Business Unit / Institution/Company</th>
<th>Contract Duration</th>
<th>Contract Amount</th>
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(     ) I am also anticipating conclusion of the following work from UNDP and/or other entities for which I have submitted a proposal:

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<tr>
<th>Assignment</th>
<th>Contract Type</th>
<th>Institution/Company</th>
<th>Contract Duration</th>
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k) I fully understand and recognize that UNDP is not bound to accept this proposal, and I also understand and accept that I shall bear all costs associated with its preparation and submission and that UNDP will in no case be responsible or liable for those costs, regardless of the conduct or outcome of the selection process.

l) If you are a former staff member of the United Nations recently separated, pls. add this section to your letter: I hereby confirm that I have complied with the minimum break in service required before I can be eligible for an Individual Contract.

m) I also fully understand that, if I am engaged as an Individual Contractor, I have no expectations nor entitlements whatsoever to be re-instated or re-employed as a staff member.

Full Name and Signature: ____________________________ Date Signed: ____________________________
UNDP-GEF Midterm Review
Terms of Reference

BASIC CONTRACT INFORMATION

Location: Brazil.
Category: Energy and Environment (Land Degradation).
Type of Contract: Individual Contract.
Assignment Type: International Consultant.
Languages Required: Portuguese and English.
Duration of Initial Contract: 15 weeks.
Expected Duration of Assignment: 30 working days

BACKGROUND

1. Project Title:
BRA/14/G33 - Mainstreaming Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable Use into NTFP and AFS production practices in Multiple-Use Forest Landscapes of High Conservation Value (Projeto Bem Diverso)

2. Project Description
This is the Terms of Reference (ToR) for the UNDP-GEF Midterm Review (MTR) of the full-sized project titled Sustainable Land Use Management in the Semi-arid Region of Northeast Brazil (Sergipe) implemented through the UNDP and the Ministry of Environment, which is to be undertaken in 2019. The project started on June 8th, 2015 and is in its third year of implementation. In line with the UNDP-GEF Guidance on MTRs, this MTR process was initiated following the completion of the third Annual Project Review/ Project Implementation Report (APR/PIR). This ToR sets out the expectations for this MTR. The MTR process must follow the guidance outlined in the document Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects (attached1).

The project’s objective is to ensure that the biodiversity of Brazilian multiple-use forest landscapes of high conservation value is conserved through a strengthened sustainable use management framework for non-timber forest products (NTFP) and agro-forestry systems (AFS). It will support Brazil’s goal of promoting

1 Also available at: http://web.undp.org/evaluation/guidance.shtml#gef
the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity while reducing poverty and increasing resilience in the rural areas, which are governmental objectives stated in public policies and programs. The project will conserve biodiversity in key forest landscapes - Amazon, Caatinga and Cerrado - all renowned for their outstanding global biodiversity significance but currently under threat from increasing land use pressures across production landscapes. It will address one of the key land use threats to these forests, which is forest degradation driven by small-scale farmers that employ traditional subsistence farming and extraction practices in and around forested areas throughout the landscape, including land clearing, over-exploitation of resources, and poor fire management. This is causing increased encroachment on forest habitats both in areas under conservation and in locations that are strategic for connectivity across the landscape with the result of gradual loss of the global environmental values in these areas. It will seek to facilitate a shift from these unsustainable agricultural practices to an approach that conserves the biodiversity of multiple-use forest landscapes of high conservation value while meeting important social priorities and development goals. The project will therefore focus on the development of a strengthened sustainable use management framework for sustainable NTFP and AFS production. This will be achieved through two Outcomes: 1) Governance and capacity building framework for up-scaling best practices for BD sustainable management and production, and 2) Market and financial frameworks for up-scaling for NTFP and AFS production in high-conservation value forest landscapes. By removing current risks and uncertainties, the project will contribute to the upscaling of sustainable NTFP and AFS production while at the same time enhancing the rights and roles of communities in the sustainable management of BD and improving their livelihoods. Up-scaling and integration of AFS production will provide more environmentally friendly forms of land use in a landscape-level mosaic, increasing connectivity of forest fragments and helping to maintain ecosystem services.

**DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

3. **Scope of the Work and Key Tasks**

The MTR shall be conducted by one independent consultant that will first conduct a document review of project documents, such as PIF, Project Document, PIRs, Tracking Tools etc. provided by the Project Team and Commission Unit. Then they will participate in a MTR inception workshop to clarify objectives and methods of the MTR, producing the MTR inception report thereafter. Next, they will participate in a field mission to learn about the activities and actors in two Citizenship Territories, and finally a meeting in Brasilia to present the preliminary results.

The consultant will assess progress towards the achievement of the project objectives and outcomes as specified in the Project Document (PRODOC) and assess early signs of project success or failure with the goal of identifying the necessary changes to be made to set the project on-track to achieve results. The MTR will also review the project’s strategy, its risks to sustainability and the project’s preparation of a strategy for when UNDP-GEF project support ends (if they have one and if they don’t, then assist them in preparing one at the midterm).
The MTR consultant will assess the following four categories of project progress and produce a draft and final MTR report. See the Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects (attached or hyperlinked) for requirements on ratings. No overall rating is required.

1. **Project Strategy**

   **Project Design:**
   - Review the problem addressed by the project and the underlying assumptions. Review the effect of any incorrect assumptions or changes to the context to achieving the project results as outlined in the Project Document.
   - Review the relevance of the project strategy and assess whether it provides the most effective route towards expected/intended results.
   - Review how the project addresses country priorities
   - Review decision-making processes

   **Results Framework/Logframe:**
   - Undertake a critical analysis of the project’s logframe indicators and targets, assess how “SMART” the midterm and end-of-project targets are (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Relevant, Time-bound), and suggest specific amendments/revisions to the targets and indicators as necessary.
   - Examine if progress so far has led to, or could in the future catalyse beneficial development effects (i.e. income generation, gender equality and women’s empowerment, improved governance etc...) that should be included in the project results framework and monitored on an annual basis.

2. **Progress Towards Results**

   - Review the logframe indicators against progress made towards the end-of-project targets; populate the Progress Towards Results Matrix, as described in the Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects; colour code progress in a “traffic light system” based on the level of progress achieved; assign a rating on progress for the project objective and each outcome; make recommendations from the areas marked as “not on target to be achieved” (red).
   - Compare and analyse the GEF Tracking Tool at the Baseline with the one completed right before the Midterm Review.
   - Identify remaining barriers to achieving the project objective.
   - By reviewing the aspects of the project that have already been successful, identify ways in which the project can further expand these benefits.

3. **Project Implementation and Adaptive Management**
Using the *Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects*, assess the following categories of project progress:

- Management Arrangements
- Work Planning
- Finance and co-finance
- Project-level monitoring and evaluation systems
- Stakeholder Engagement
- Reporting
- Communications

4. Sustainability

Assess overall risks to sustainability factors of the project in terms of the following four categories:

- Financial risks to sustainability
- Socio-economic risks to sustainability
- Institutional framework and governance risks to sustainability
- Environmental risks to sustainability

The MTR consultant will include a section in the MTR report setting out the MTR’s evidence-based conclusions, in light of the findings.

Additionally, the MTR consultant is expected to make recommendations to the Project Team. Recommendations should be succinct suggestions for critical intervention that are specific, measurable, achievable, and relevant. A recommendation table should be put in the report’s executive summary. The MTR consultant should make no more than 15 recommendations total.

4. Scope of the Work and Key Tasks

The MTR consultant shall prepare and submit:

- **MTR Inception Report**: MTR consultant clarifies objectives and methods of the Midterm Review no later than 2 weeks before the MTR mission. To be sent to the Commissioning Unit and project management. Approximate due date: March 1st, 2019.
- **Presentation**: Initial Findings presented to project management and the Commissioning Unit at the end of the MTR mission. Approximate due date: March 22nd, 2019.
• Final Report*: Revised report with annexed audit trail detailing how all received comments have (and have not) been addressed in the final MTR report. To be sent to the Commissioning Unit within 1 week of receiving UNDP comments on draft. Approximate due date: May 3rd, 2019.

*The final MTR report must be in English. If applicable, the Commissioning Unit may choose to arrange for a translation of the report into a language more widely shared by national stakeholders.

5. Institutional Arrangement
The principal responsibility for managing this MTR resides with the Commissioning Unit. The Commissioning Unit for this project’s MTR is the UNDP Country Office.

The Commissioning Unit will contract the consultants and ensure the timely provision of per diems and travel arrangements within the country for the MTR consultant. The Project Team will be responsible for liaising with the MTR consultant to provide all relevant documents, set up stakeholder interviews, and arrange field visits.

6. Duration of the Work
The total duration of the MTR will be approximately 30 working days over a period of up to 15 weeks from signature of the contract and shall not exceed five months from when the consultant(s) are hired. The tentative MTR timeframe is as follows:
• February 13th, 2019: Application closes
• Selection of MTR Consultant.
• Prep the MTR consultant (handover of project documents)
• Document review and preparing MTR Inception Report.
• Finalization and Validation of MTR Inception Report.
• MTR mission: stakeholder meetings, interviews, field visits.
• Mission wrap-up meeting & presentation of initial findings.
• Preparing draft report
• Incorporating audit trail on draft report/Finalization of MTR report
• Preparation & Issue of Management Response
• Comments/ Feedback on the Management Response.
• Expected date of full MTR completion.

7. Duty Station
The MTR consultant will work mainly home based. The MTR mission encompasses travel do Brasília/DF and to intervention areas in the Citizenship Territories of Alto do Rio Pardo (state of Minas Gerais) and Sertão São Francisco (state of Bahia).

Travel:
• Travel within Brazil will be required to during the MTR mission;
• The Basic Security in the Field II and Advanced Security in the Field courses must be successfully completed prior to commencement of travel;
• Individual Consultants are responsible for ensuring they have vaccinations/inoculations when travelling to certain countries, as designated by the UN Medical Director.
• Consultants are required to comply with the UN security directives set forth under https://dss.un.org/dssweb/
• All related travel expenses will be covered and will be reimbursed as per UNDP rules and regulations upon submission of an F-10 claim form and supporting documents.

REQUIRED SKILLS AND EXPERIENCE

8. Qualifications of the Successful Applicants
The consultant will conduct the MTR with experience and exposure to projects and evaluations in other regions globally. The consultant cannot have participated in the project preparation, formulation, and/or implementation (including the writing of the Project Document) and should not have a conflict of interest with project’s related activities.

The consultant must comply with the following:

Mandatory criteria:
• Minimum 10 years of relevant professional experience;
• Previous experience with results-based monitoring and evaluation methodologies;
• Technical knowledge in the targeted focal area(s);
• Fluency in English with excellent writing skills.

Qualifying criteria:
• Post-Graduate in related areas of the TOR;
• Project evaluation/review experiences within United Nations system
• Experience of working on GEF evaluations;
• Work experience in field evaluations of with traditional peoples and communities;
• Experience working in Latin America;
• Working knowledge of Portuguese.

**Consultant Independence:**
The consultants cannot have participated in the project preparation, formulation, and/or implementation (including the writing of the Project Document) and should not have a conflict of interest with project’s related activities.

**APPLICATION PROCESS**

Individual consultants are invited to submit applications together with their CV for this process. The application should contain a current and complete CV in English with indication of the e-mail and phone contact, as well as a price offer (in US Dollars) indicating the total cost of the assignment.

The CV and the proposed price must be submitted in separate files. Noncompliance with this provision will cause the application to be disregarded.

UNDP applies a fair and transparent selection process that will take into account the competencies/skills of the applicants as well as their financial proposals. Qualified women and members of social minorities are encouraged to apply.

The consultant shall have prior experience in evaluating similar projects. Experience with GEF financed projects is an advantage. The evaluator selected should not have participated in the project preparation and/or implementation and should not have conflict of interest with project related activities.

9. **Schedule of Payments:**
30% upon submission and approval of the draft MTR Report.
70% upon finalization and approval of the MTR Report.

10. **Evaluation Procedure**
The final criteria for this selection process will be technical capacity and price.
Individual consultants will be evaluated based on a cumulative analysis taking into consideration the combination of the applicants’ qualifications and financial proposal. The award of the contract shall be made to the individual **consultant whose offer has been evaluated and determined as:**

**CLASSIFICATION OF TECHNICAL QUALIFICATION (CV)**

The maximum score in TECHNICAL QUALIFICATION is 100 points.

Analysis of the CV regarding compliance with the mandatory requirements specified in these Terms of Reference. Candidates who do not meet the minimum mandatory criteria described herein will be disqualified at this stage.

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<tr>
<th>CRITERIA</th>
<th>SCORE</th>
<th>WEIGHT</th>
<th>SUBTOTAL</th>
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<td><strong>Post-Graduate in related areas of the TOR</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Doctorate: 05 points; Master: 03 points; Specialization: 02 points</td>
<td>0 to 5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Experience</strong></td>
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<td>Project evaluation/review experiences within United Nations system</td>
<td>0 to 5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>15</td>
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<td>05 years or more: 05 points; Less than 05 years: 03 points; Less than 02 years: 01 point</td>
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<tr>
<td>Work experience in field evaluations with traditional peoples and communities</td>
<td>0 to 5</td>
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<td>15</td>
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<td>01 point per evaluation report</td>
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<tr>
<td>Experience of working on GEF evaluations, preferably with Biodiversity</td>
<td>0 to 5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>25</td>
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<td>01 point per evaluation report</td>
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<td>Experience working in Latin America</td>
<td>0 to 5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
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<td>04 years or more: 05 points; Less than 04 years: 03 points; Less than 2 years: 01 point</td>
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<td>Interview*:</td>
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<td>- Expertise on project evaluation methodologies and tools;</td>
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<td>- Knowledge of GEF evaluations objectives, rules and procedures;</td>
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<td>- Understanding of issues related to biodiversity, especially</td>
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<tr>
<td>CRITERIA</td>
<td>SCORE</td>
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<td>in what regards its sustainable use by local/traditional communities;</td>
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<td>- Analytical and communication skills.</td>
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<td>- Working knowledge of Portuguese.</td>
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<td>Total</td>
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* The score in the interview will be assessed in accordance to the following:
  5 points - Excellent
  4 points – Very good
  3 points - Good
  2 points - Acceptable
  1 point - Inferior
  0 point - Insufficient

CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL PROPOSALS (PRICE) – FINAL

Only the financial proposals (price) of candidates who attain a **final Score of 70 points or higher in the TECHNICAL CLASSIFICATION** will be taken into consideration.

The Final Score—FS—of the process will be reached by the sum of the **final Technical Score—TS multiplied by a factor of 0.70**, and the **Price Proposal score—PS—multiplied by a factor 0.30**, i.e.:

$$FS = TS \times 0.70 + PS \times 0.30$$

The **PS** score will be calculated according to the following formula:

$$PS = 100 \times \frac{LPP}{Ppe}$$

Where:
- **PS** = score of the price proposal
- **LPP** = lowest price proposal
- **Ppe** = price proposal under evaluation

The lowest price proposal will score one hundred (100).

The proposal achieving the highest final score will be selected.

11. Annexes to the MTR ToR
   a) List of documents to be reviewed by the MTR consultant;
b) Guidelines on Contents for the Midterm Review Report

c) UNEG Code of Conduct for Evaluators/Midterm Review Consultants

d) MTR Required Ratings Table and Ratings Scales

e) MTR Report Clearance Form

f) *Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects.*
TOR ANNEX A: List of Documents to be reviewed by the MTR Consultant

1. PIF
2. Project Document
3. Project Inception Workshop Report and Project Implementation Reports (APR/PIR’s)
4. Minutes of meetings of the Steering Committee
5. Minutes of Tripartite Meeting
6. Minutes of project’s team meetings
7. Oversight mission reports
8. Annual Operational Plans (AOPs/POAs)
9. Local consultant’s reports and products
10. LoA, contracts and addendums
11. All monitoring reports prepared by the project
12. Environmental and Social Screening results

The following documents will also be available:
13. Project operational guidelines, manuals and systems
14. Maps
15. The GEF Completion Report guidelines; and
16. UNDP Monitoring and Evaluation Frameworks.
TOR ANNEX B: Guidelines on Contents for the Midterm Review Report

i. Basic Report Information *(for opening page or title page)*
   - Title of UNDP supported GEF financed project
   - UNDP PIMS# and GEF project ID#
   - MTR time frame and date of MTR report
   - Region and countries included in the project
   - GEF Operational Focal Area/Strategic Program
   - Implementing Partner and other project partners
   - MTR consultant
   - Acknowledgements

ii. Table of Contents

iii. Acronyms and Abbreviations

1. Executive Summary *(3-5 pages)*
   - Project Information Table
   - Project Description (brief)
   - Project Progress Summary (between 200-500 words)
   - MTR Rating & Achievement Summary Table
   - Project Recommendations Table
   - Concise summary of conclusions
   - Recommendation Summary Table

2. Introduction *(2-3 pages)*
   - Purpose of the MTR
   - Scope & Methodology
   - Structure of the MTR report

3. Project Description and Background Context *(3-5 pages)*
   - Project start and duration
   - Problems that the project sought to address
   - Immediate and development objectives of the project
   - Main stakeholders
   - Expected Results

4. Findings *(12-14 pages)*

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2 The Report length should not exceed 40 pages in total (not including annexes).
4.1 Project Strategy
   • Project Design
   • Results Framework/Logframe

4.2 Project Toward Results
   • Progress towards outcomes analysis
   • Remaining barriers to achieving the project objective

4.3 Project Implementation and Adaptive Management
   • Work planning
   • Finance and co-finance
   • Monitoring systems
   • Reporting
   • Communications
   • Management Arrangements

4.4 Long-term Sustainability
   • Financial risks to sustainability
   • Socio-economic risks to sustainability
   • Institutional framework and governance risks to sustainability
   • Environmental risks to sustainability

5. Conclusions and Recommendations (4-6 pages)
   5.1 Conclusions
      • Comprehensive and balanced statements (that are evidence-based and connected to the MTR’s findings) which highlight the strengths, weaknesses and results of the project

   5.2 Recommendations
      • Corrective actions for the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of the project
      • Actions to follow up or reinforce initial benefits from the project
      • Proposals for future directions underlining main objectives

6. Annexes
   • MTR ToR (excluding ToR annexes)
   • MTR Mission Itinerary
   • List of persons interviewed
   • List of documents reviewed
   • Questionnaire or Interview Guide used
   • Audit Trail from received comments on MTR draft report
• Co-financing table
• Project Ratings Scales
• Signed UNEG Code of Conduct form
• Signed MTR clearance form
• Annexed in a separate file: Relevant midterm tracking tools (Core Indicator Data, METT, FSC, Capacity scorecard, etc.)
TOR ANNEX C: UNEG Code of Conduct for Evaluators/Midterm Review Consultants

Evaluators/Consultants:
1. Must present information that is complete and fair in its assessment of strengths and weaknesses so that decisions or actions taken are well founded.
2. Must disclose the full set of evaluation findings along with information on their limitations and have this accessible to all affected by the evaluation with expressed legal rights to receive results.
3. Should protect the anonymity and confidentiality of individual informants. They should provide maximum notice, minimize demands on time, and respect people’s right not to engage. Evaluators must respect people’s right to provide information in confidence, and must ensure that sensitive information cannot be traced to its source. Evaluators are not expected to evaluate individuals, and must balance an evaluation of management functions with this general principle.
4. Sometimes uncover evidence of wrongdoing while conducting evaluations. Such cases must be reported discreetly to the appropriate investigative body. Evaluators should consult with other relevant oversight entities when there is any doubt about if and how issues should be reported.
5. Should be sensitive to beliefs, manners and customs and act with integrity and honesty in their relations with all stakeholders. In line with the UN Universal Declaration of Human Rights, evaluators must be sensitive to and address issues of discrimination and gender equality. They should avoid offending the dignity and self-respect of those persons with whom they come in contact in the course of the evaluation. Knowing that evaluation might negatively affect the interests of some stakeholders, evaluators should conduct the evaluation and communicate its purpose and results in a way that clearly respects the stakeholders’ dignity and self-worth.
6. Are responsible for their performance and their product(s). They are responsible for the clear, accurate and fair written and/or oral presentation of study limitations, findings and recommendations.
7. Should reflect sound accounting procedures and be prudent in using the resources of the evaluation.

MTR Consultant Agreement Form

Agreement to abide by the Code of Conduct for Evaluation in the UN System:

Name of Consultant: ________________________________________________________________

Name of Consultancy Organization (where relevant): ______________________________________

I confirm that I have received and understood and will abide by the United Nations Code of Conduct for Evaluation.

Signed at _______________________________ (Place) on ___________________________ (Date)

Signature: ____________________________________________

3 www.undp.org/unegcodeofconduct
TOR ANNEX D: MTR Ratings

**Ratings for Project Results/ Progress Towards Results:** (one rating for each outcome and for the objective)
6. Highly Satisfactory (HS): Project is expected to achieve or exceed all its major global environmental objectives, and yield substantial global environmental benefits, without major shortcomings. The project can be presented as “good practice”.
5: Satisfactory (S): Project is expected to achieve most of its major global environmental objectives, and yield satisfactory global environmental benefits, with only minor shortcomings.
4: Moderately Satisfactory (MS): Project is expected to achieve most of its major relevant objectives but with either significant shortcomings or modest overall relevance. Project is expected not to achieve some of its major global environmental objectives or yield some of the expected global environment benefits.
3. Moderately Unsatisfactory (HU): Project is expected to achieve its major global environmental objectives with major shortcomings or is expected to achieve only some of its major global environmental objectives.
2. Unsatisfactory (U): Project is expected not to achieve most of its major global environment objectives or to yield any satisfactory global environmental benefits.
1. Highly Unsatisfactory (HU): The project has failed to achieve, and is not expected to achieve, any of its major global environment objectives with no worthwhile benefits.

**Ratings for Project Implementation & Adaptive Management:** (one overall rating)
6. Highly Satisfactory (HS): The project has been managed in very effective and efficient manner in accordance with the workplan, schedule and budget. The project can be presented as “good practice”.
5. Satisfactory (S): The project has been managed in a reasonably effective and efficient manner, largely in accordance with the workplan, schedule and budget.
4: Moderately Satisfactory (MS): The project has been managed in an acceptable manner but not fully in accordance with the workplan, schedule and budget.
3. Moderately Unsatisfactory (HU): The project has been managed in a marginally effective and responsive manner but not fully in accordance with the workplan, schedule and budget.
2. Unsatisfactory (U): The project has been managed in a less than effective manner due to internal or external factors and not in accordance with the workplan, schedule and budget.
1. Highly Unsatisfactory (HU): The project has been managed in an ineffective manner particularly due to internal factors and clearly not in accordance with the workplan, schedule and budget.

**Sustainability Ratings:** (one overall rating)
4. Likely (L): negligible risks to sustainability
3. Moderately Likely (ML): moderate risks to sustainability
2. Moderately Unlikely (MU): significant risks to sustainability
1. Unlikely (U): severe risks to sustainability

**Additional ratings where relevant:**
Not Applicable (N/A)
Unable to Assess (U/A)
**TOR ANNEX E: MTR Report Clearance Form**
 *(to be completed by the CO and UNDP-GEF RTA and included in the final document)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Midterm Review Report Reviewed and Cleared By:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Commissioning Unit</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name: _______________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signature: __________________ Date: ___________</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| UNDP-GEF Regional Technical Advisor           |
| Name: ______________________________________   |
| Signature: __________________ Date: ___________ |
TOR ANNEX F: Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects.

(also available at: http://web.undp.org/evaluation/guidance.shtml#gef)
Annex III – Contract Model

UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

Contract for the services of an Individual Contractor

This Contract is entered into on [insert date] between the United Nations Development Programme (hereinafter referred to as “UNDP”) and __________________________________ (hereinafter referred to as “the Individual Contractor”) whose address is ____________________________________________.

WHEREAS UNDP desires to engage the services of the Individual Contractor on the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth, and:

WHEREAS the Individual Contractor is ready and willing to accept this Contract with UNDP on the said terms and conditions,

NOW, THEREFORE, the Parties hereby agree as follows:

1. Nature of services
The Individual Contractor shall perform the services as described in the Terms of References which form an integral part of this Contract and are attached hereto as Annex I in the following Duty Station(s): _______________________________.

2. Duration
This Individual Contract shall commence on [insert date], and shall expire upon satisfactory completion of the services described in the Terms of Reference mentioned above, but not later than [insert date], unless sooner terminated in accordance with the terms of this Contract. This Contract is subject to the General Conditions of Contract for Individual contractors which are available on UNDP website at www.undp.org/procurement and are attached hereto as Annex II.

3. Consideration
As full consideration for the services performed by the Individual Contractor under the terms of this Contract, including, unless otherwise specified, his/her travel to and from the Duty Station(s), any other travel required in the fulfillment of the Terms of Reference in Annex I, and living expenses in the Duty Station(s), UNDP shall pay the Individual Contractor a total of [currency] ____________ in accordance with the table set forth below. Payments shall be made following certification by UNDP that the services related to each Deliverable, as described below, have been satisfactorily performed and the Deliverables have been achieved by or before the due dates specified below, if any.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DELIVERABLE</th>
<th>DUE DATE</th>
<th>AMOUNT IN [CURRENCY]</th>
</tr>
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4 For payments which are not output-based lump sum, indicate the maximum number of working days/hours/units, any out of pocket expense (travel, per diem...) and the corresponding fee/cost in the Deliverable (s) table.
If unforeseen travel outside the Duty Station not required by the Terms of Reference is requested by UNDP, and upon prior written agreement, such travel shall be at UNDP’s expense and the Individual Contractor shall receive a per diem not to exceed United Nations daily subsistence allowance rate in such other location(s).

Where two currencies are involved, the rate of exchange shall be the official rate applied by the United Nations on the day the UNDP instructs its bank to effect the payment(s).

4. Rights and Obligations of the Individual contractor

The rights and obligations of the Individual Contractor are strictly limited to the terms and conditions of this Contract, including its Annexes. Accordingly, the Individual Contractor shall not be entitled to any benefit, payment, subsidy, compensation or entitlement, except as expressly provided in this Contract. The Individual Contractor shall be solely liable for claims by third parties arising from the Individual Contractor’s own acts or omissions in the course of performing this Contract, and under no circumstances shall UNDP be held liable for such claims by third parties.

5. Beneficiary

The Individual Contractor selects ___________________ as beneficiary of any amounts owed under this Contract in the event of death of the Individual Contractor while performing services hereunder. This includes the payment of any service-incurred liability insurance attributable to the performance of the services for UNDP.

Mailing address, email address and phone number of beneficiary:

____________________________________________________________________________________

____________________________________________________________________________________

Mailing address, email address and phone number of emergency contact (if different from beneficiary):

____________________________________________________________________________________

____________________________________________________________________________________

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have executed this Contract.

By signing below, I, the Individual Contractor, acknowledge and agree that I have read and accept the terms of this Contract, including the General Conditions of Contracts for Individual contractors available on UNDP website at www.undp.org/procurement and attached hereto in Annex II which form an integral part of this Contract, and that I have read and understood, and agree to abide by the standards of conduct set forth in the Secretary-General’s bulletins ST/SGB/2003/13 of 9 October 2003, entitled “Special Measures for Protection from Sexual Exploitation and Sexual Abuse” and ST/SGB/2002/9 of 18 June 2002, entitled “Regulations Governing the Status, Basic Rights and Duties of Officials other than Secretariat Officials, and Experts on Mission”.

☐ The Individual Contractor has submitted a Statement of Good Health and confirmation of immunization.

AUTHORIZING OFFICER:  INDIVIDUAL CONTRACTOR:
United Nations Development Programme

Name; ______________________________

Name; _____________________________

Signature; __________________________

Signature; __________________________

Date; ______________________________

Date; ____________________________
GENERAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT FOR THE SERVICES OF INDIVIDUAL CONTRACTORS

1 February 2012

1. LEGAL STATUS: The Individual contractor shall have the legal status of an independent contractor vis-à-vis the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), and shall not be regarded, for any purposes, as being either a “staff member” of UNDP, under the UN Staff Regulations and Rules, or an “official” of UNDP, for purposes of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 13 February 1946. Accordingly, nothing within or relating to the Contract shall establish the relationship of employer and employee, or of principal and agent, between UNDP and the Individual contractor. The officials, representatives, employees or subcontractors of UNDP and of the Individual contractor, if any, shall not be considered in any respect as being the employees or agents of the other, and UNDP and the Individual contractor shall be solely responsible for all claims arising out of or relating to their engagement of such persons or entities.

2. STANDARDS OF CONDUCT: In General: The Individual contractor shall neither seek nor accept instructions from any authority external to UNDP in connection with the performance of his or her obligations under the Contract. Should any authority external to UNDP seek to impose any instructions regarding the Individual contractor’s performance under the Contract, the Individual contractor shall promptly notify UNDP and shall provide all reasonable assistance required by UNDP. The Individual contractor shall not take any action in respect of his or her performance of the Contract or otherwise related to his or her obligations under the Contract that may adversely affect the interests of UNDP. The Individual contractor shall perform his or her obligations under the Contract with the fullest regard to the interests of UNDP. The Individual contractor warrants that she or he has not and shall not offer any direct or indirect benefit arising from or related to the performance of the Contract or the award thereof to any representative, official, employee or other agent of UNDP. The Individual contractor shall comply with all laws, ordinances, rules and regulations bearing upon the performance of his or her obligations under the Contract. In the performance of the Contract the Individual contractor shall comply with the standards of conduct set in the Secretary General’s Bulletin ST/SGB/2002/9 of 18 June 2002, entitled “Regulations Governing the Status, Basic Rights and Duties of Officials other than Secretariat Officials, and Experts on Mission”. The Individual contractor must comply with all security directives issued by UNDP.

Prohibition of Sexual Exploitation and Abuse: In the performance of the Contract, the Individual contractor shall comply with the standards of conduct set forth in the Secretary-General’s bulletin ST/SGB/2003/13 of 9 October 2003, concerning “Special measures for protection from sexual exploitation and sexual abuse”. In particular, the Individual contractor shall not engage in any conduct that would constitute sexual exploitation or sexual abuse, as defined in that bulletin.

The Individual contractor acknowledges and agrees that any breach of any of the provisions hereof shall constitute a breach of an essential term of the Contract, and, in addition to any other legal rights or remedies available to any person, shall give rise to grounds for suspension or termination of the Contract. In addition, nothing herein shall limit the right of UNDP to refer any alleged breach of the foregoing standards of conduct or any other terms of the Contract to the relevant national authorities for appropriate legal action.

3. TITLE RIGHTS, COPYRIGHTS, PATENTS AND OTHER PROPRIETARY RIGHTS: Title to any equipment and supplies that may be furnished by UNDP to the Individual contractor for the performance of any obligations under the Contract shall rest with UNDP, and any such equipment and supplies shall be returned to UNDP at the conclusion of the Contract or when no longer needed by the Individual contractor. Such equipment and supplies, when returned to UNDP, shall be in the same condition as when delivered to the Individual contractor, subject to normal wear and tear, and the Individual contractor shall be liable to compensate UNDP for any damage or degradation of the equipment and supplies that is beyond normal wear and tear.

UNDP shall be entitled to all intellectual property and other proprietary rights, including, but not limited to, patents, copyrights and trademarks, with regard to products, processes, inventions, ideas, know-how or documents and other materials which the Individual contractor has developed for UNDP under the
Contract and which bear a direct relation to, or are produced or prepared or collected in consequence of, or during the course of, the performance of the Contract, and the Individual contractor acknowledges and agrees that such products, documents and other materials constitute works made for hire for UNDP. However, to the extent that any such intellectual property or other proprietary rights consist of any intellectual property or other proprietary rights of the Individual contractor: (a) that pre-existed the performance by the Individual contractor of his or her obligations under the Contract, or (b) that the Individual contractor may develop or acquire, or may have developed or acquired, independently of the performance of his or her obligations under the Contract, UNDP does not and shall not claim any ownership interest thereto, and the Individual contractor grants to UNDP a perpetual license to use such intellectual property or other proprietary right solely for the purposes of and in accordance with the requirements of the Contract. At the request of UNDP, the Individual contractor shall take all necessary steps, execute all necessary documents and generally assist in securing such proprietary rights and transferring or licensing them to UNDP in compliance with the requirements of the applicable law and of the Contract. Subject to the foregoing provisions, all maps, drawings, photographs, mosaics, plans, reports, estimates, recommendations, documents and all other data compiled by or received by the Individual contractor under the Contract shall be the property of UNDP, shall be made available for use or inspection by UNDP at reasonable times and in reasonable places, shall be treated as confidential and shall be delivered only to UNDP authorized officials on completion of services under the Contract.

4. CONFIDENTIAL NATURE OF DOCUMENTS AND INFORMATION: Information and data that are considered proprietary by either UNDP or the Individual contractor or that are delivered or disclosed by one of them (“Discloser”) to the other (“Recipient”) during the course of performance of the Contract, and that are designated as confidential (“Information”), shall be held in confidence and shall be handled as follows. The Recipient of such Information shall use the same care and discretion to avoid disclosure, publication or dissemination of the Discloser’s Information as it uses with its own similar information that it does not wish to disclose, publish or disseminate, and the Recipient may otherwise use the Discloser’s Information solely for purposes of performing obligations under the Contract. Subject to and without any waiver of the privileges and immunities of UNDP, the Individual contractor may disclose Information to the extent required by law, provided that the Individual contractor will give UNDP sufficient prior notice of a request for the disclosure of Information in order to allow UNDP to have a reasonable opportunity to take protective measures or such other action as may be appropriate before any such disclosure is made. UNDP may disclose Information to the extent required pursuant to the Charter of the United Nations, resolutions or regulations of the General Assembly or its other governing bodies, or rules promulgated by the Secretary-General. The Recipient shall not be precluded from disclosing Information that is obtained by the Recipient from a third party without restriction, is disclosed by the Discloser to a third party without any obligation of confidentiality, is previously known by the Recipient, or at any time is developed by the Recipient completely independently of any disclosures hereunder. These obligations and restrictions of confidentiality shall be effective during the term of the Contract, including any extension thereof, and, unless otherwise provided in the Contract, shall remain effective following any termination of the Contract. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Individual contractor acknowledges that UNDP may, in its sole discretion, disclose the purpose, type, scope, duration and value of the Contract, the name of the Individual contractor, and any relevant information related to the award of the Contract.

5. TRAVEL, MEDICAL CLEARANCE AND SERVICE INCURRED DEATH, INJURY OR ILLNESS: If the Individual contractor is required by UNDP to travel beyond commuting distance from the Individual contractor’s usual place of residence, and upon prior written agreement, such travel shall be at the expense of UNDP. Such travel shall be at economy fare when by air.

UNDP may require the Individual contractor to submit a “statement of good health” from a recognized physician prior to commencement of services in any offices or premises of UNDP, or before engaging in any travel required by UNDP, or connected with the performance of the Contract. The Individual contractor shall provide such a statement as soon as practicable following such request, and prior to engaging in any such travel, and the Individual contractor warrants the accuracy of any such statement, including, but not limited to, confirmation that the Individual contractor has been fully informed regarding the requirements for inoculations for the country or countries to which travel may be authorized.

In the event of death, injury or illness of the Individual contractor which is attributable to the performance of services on behalf of UNDP under the terms of the Contract while the Individual contractor is traveling at UNDP expense or is 2 February 2012 performing any services under the Contract in any offices or premises of UNDP, the Individual contractor or the Individual contractor’s dependents, as appropriate, shall be entitled to compensation equivalent to that provided under the UNDP insurance policy, available upon request.

6. PROHIBITION ON ASSIGNMENT; MODIFICATIONS: The Individual contractor may not assign, delegate, transfer, pledge or make any other disposition of the Contract, of any part thereof, or of any of the rights, claims or obligations under the Contract except with the prior written authorization of UNDP, and any attempt to do so shall be null and void. The terms or conditions of any supplemental undertakings, licenses or other forms of Contract concerning any goods or services to be provided under the Contract shall not be valid and enforceable against UNDP nor in any way shall constitute a contract by UNDP thereto, unless any such undertakings, licenses or other forms of contract are the subject of a valid written undertaking by UNDP. No modification or change in the Contract shall be valid and enforceable against UNDP unless provided by means of a valid written amendment to the Contract signed by the Individual contractor and an authorized official or appropriate contracting authority of UNDP.
7. **SUBCONTRACTORS:** In the event that the Individual contractor requires the services of subcontractors to perform any obligations under the Contract, the Individual contractor shall obtain the prior written approval of UNDP for any such subcontractors. UNDP may, in its sole discretion, reject any proposed subcontractor or require such subcontractor’s removal without having to give any justification therefore, and such rejection shall not entitle the Individual contractor to claim any delays in the performance, or to assert any excuses for the non-performance, of any of his or her obligations under the Contract. The Individual contractor shall be solely responsible for all services and obligations performed by his or her subcontractors. The terms of any subcontract shall be subject to, and shall be construed in a manner that is fully in accordance with, all of the terms and conditions of the Contract.

8. **USE OF NAME, EMBLEM OR OFFICIAL SEAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS:** The Individual contractor shall not advertise or otherwise make public for purposes of commercial advantage or goodwill that it has a contractual relationship with UNDP, nor shall the Individual contractor, in any manner whatsoever, use the name, emblem or official seal of UNDP, or any abbreviation of the name of UNDP, in connection with his or her business or otherwise without the written permission of UNDP.

9. **INDEMNIFICATION:** The Individual contractor shall indemnify, defend, and hold and save harmless UNDP, and its officials, agents and employees, from and against all suits, proceedings, claims, demands, losses and liability of any kind or nature, including, but not limited to, all litigation costs and expenses, attorney’s fees, settlement payments and damages, based on, arising from, or relating to: (a) allegations or claims that the use by UNDP of any patented device, any copyrighted material or any other goods or services provided to UNDP for its use under the terms of the Contract, in whole or in part, separately or in combination, constitutes an infringement of any patent, copyright, trademark or other intellectual property right of any third party; or (b) any acts or omissions of the Individual contractor, or of any subcontractor or anyone directly or indirectly employed by them in the performance of the Contract, which give rise to legal liability to anyone not a party to the Contract, including, without limitation, claims and liability in the nature of a claim for workers’ compensation.

10. **INSURANCE:** The Individual contractor shall pay UNDP promptly for all loss, destruction or damage to the property of UNDP caused by the Individual contractor, or of any subcontractor, or anyone directly or indirectly employed by them in the performance of the Contract. The Individual contractor shall be solely responsible for taking out and for maintaining adequate insurance required to meet any of his or her obligations under the Contract, as well as for arranging, at the Individual contractor’s sole expense, such life, health and other forms of insurance as the Individual contractor may consider to be appropriate to cover the period during which the Individual contractor provides services under the Contract. The Individual contractor acknowledges and agrees that none of the insurance arrangements the Individual contractor shall, in any way, be construed to limit the Individual contractor’s liability arising under or relating to the Contract.

11. **ENCUMBRANCES AND LIENS:** The Individual contractor shall not cause or permit any lien, attachment or other encumbrance by any person to be placed on file or to remain on file in any public office or on file with UNDP against any monies due to the Individual contractor or to become due for any work done or against any goods supplied or materials furnished under the Contract, or by reason of any other claim or demand against the Individual contractor.

12. **FORCE MAJEURE; OTHER CHANGES IN CONDITIONS:** In the event of and as soon as possible after the occurrence of any cause constituting *force majeure*, the Individual contractor shall give notice and full particulars in writing to UNDP of such occurrence or cause if the Individual contractor is thereby rendered unable, wholly or in part, to perform his or her obligations and meet his or her responsibilities under the Contract. The Individual contractor shall also notify UNDP of any other changes in conditions or the occurrence of any event, which interferes or threatens to interfere with the performance of the Contract. Not more than fifteen (15) days following the provision of such notice of *force majeure* or other changes in conditions or occurrence, the Individual contractor shall also submit a statement to UNDP of estimated expenditures that will likely be incurred for the duration of the change in conditions or the event. On receipt of the notice or notices required hereunder, UNDP shall take such action as it considers, in its sole discretion, to be appropriate or necessary in the circumstances, including the granting to the Individual contractor of a reasonable extension of time in which to perform any obligations under the Contract or suspension thereof.

*Force majeure* as used herein means any unforeseeable and irresistible act of nature, any act of war (whether declared or not), invasion, revolution, insurrection, or any other acts of a similar nature or force, *provided that* such acts arise from causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Individual contractor. The Individual contractor acknowledges and agrees that, with respect to any obligations under the Contract that the Individual contractor must perform in or for any areas in which UNDP is engaged in, preparing to engage in, or disengaging from any peacekeeping, humanitarian or similar operations, any delay or failure to perform such obligations arising from or relating to harsh conditions within such areas or to any incidents of civil unrest occurring in such areas shall not, in and of itself, constitute *force majeure* under the Contract.

13. **TERMINATION:** Either party may terminate the Contract, in whole or in part, upon giving written notice to the other party. The period of notice shall be five (5) days in the case of contracts for a total period of less than two (2) months and fourteen (14) days in the case of contracts for a longer period. The initiation of conciliation or arbitral proceedings, as provided below, shall not be deemed to be a “cause” for or otherwise to be in itself a termination of the Contract. UNDP may, without prejudice to any other right or remedy available to it, terminate the Contract forthwith in the event that: (a) the Individual contractor
contractor is adjudged bankrupt, or is liquidated, or becomes insolvent, applies for moratorium or stay on any payment or repayment obligations, or applies to be declared insolvent; (b) the Individual contractor is granted a moratorium or a stay or is declared insolvent; (c) the Individual contractor makes an assignment for the benefit of one or more of his or her creditors; (d) a Receiver is appointed on account of the insolvency of the Individual contractor; (e) the Individual contractor offers a settlement in lieu of bankruptcy or receivership; or (f) UNDP reasonably determines that the Individual contractor has become subject to a materially adverse change in financial condition that threatens to endanger or otherwise substantially affect the ability of the Individual contractor to perform any of the obligations under the Contract.

In the event of any termination of the Contract, upon receipt of notice of termination by UNDP, the Individual contractor shall, except as may be directed by UNDP in the notice of termination or otherwise in writing: (a) take immediate steps to bring the performance of any obligations under the Contract to a close in a prompt and orderly manner, and in doing so, reduce expenses to a minimum; (b) refrain from undertaking any further or additional commitments under the Contract as of and following the date of receipt of such notice; (c) deliver all completed or partially completed plans, drawings, information and other property that, if the Contract had been completed, would be required to be furnished to UNDP thereunder; (d) complete performance of the services not terminated; and (e) take any other action that may be necessary, or that UNDP may direct in writing, for the protection and preservation of any property, whether tangible or intangible, related to the Contract that is in the possession of the Individual contractor and in which UNDP has or may be reasonably expected to acquire an interest.

In the event of any termination of the Contract, UNDP shall only be liable to pay the Individual contractor compensation on a pro rata basis for no more than the actual amount of work performed to the satisfaction of UNDP in accordance with the requirements of the Contract. Additional costs incurred by UNDP as a result of termination of the Contract by the Individual contractor may be withheld from any amount otherwise due to the Individual contractor by UNDP.

14. NON-EXCLUSIVITY: UNDP shall have no obligation respecting, and no limitations on, its right to obtain goods of the same kind, quality and quantity, or to obtain any services of the kind described in the Contract, from any other source at any time.

15. TAXATION: Article II, section 7, of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations provides, inter alia, that the United Nations, including its subsidiary organs, is exempt from all direct taxes, except charges for public utility services, and is exempt from customs restrictions, duties and charges of a similar nature in respect of articles imported or exported for its official use. In the event any governmental authority refuses to recognize the exemptions of the United Nations from such taxes, restrictions, duties or charges, the Individual contractor shall immediately consult with UNDP to determine a mutually acceptable procedure. UNDP shall have no liability for taxes, duties or other similar charges payable by the Individual contractor in respect of any amounts paid to the Individual contractor under this Contract, and the Individual contractor acknowledges that UNDP will not issue any statements of earnings to the Individual contractor in respect of any such payments.

16. AUDITS AND INVESTIGATIONS: Each invoice paid by UNDP shall be subject to a post-payment audit by auditors, whether internal or external, of UNDP or by other authorized and qualified agents of UNDP. The Individual contractor acknowledges and agrees that UNDP may conduct investigations relating to any aspect of the Contract or the award thereof, and the obligations performed thereunder.

The Individual contractor shall provide full and timely cooperation with any post-payment audits or investigations hereunder. Such cooperation shall include, but shall not be limited to, the Individual contractor’s obligation to make available any relevant documentation and information for the purposes of a post-payment audit or an investigation at reasonable times and on reasonable conditions. The Individual contractor shall require his or her employees, subcontractors and agents, if any, including, but not limited to, the Individual contractor’s attorneys, accountants or other advisers, to reasonably cooperate with any post-payment audits or investigations carried out by UNDP hereunder.

If the findings or circumstances of a post-payment audit or investigation so warrant, UNDP may, in its sole discretion, take any measures that may be appropriate or necessary, including, but not limited to, suspension of the Contract, with no liability whatsoever to UNDP.

The Individual contractor shall refund to UNDP any amounts shown by a post-payment audit or investigation to have been paid by UNDP other than in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Contract. Such amount may be deducted by UNDP from any payment due to the Individual contractor under the Contract.

The right of UNDP to conduct a post-payment audit or an investigation and the Individual contractor’s obligation to comply with such shall not lapse upon expiration or prior termination of the Contract.

17. SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES:

AMICABLE SETTLEMENT: UNDP and the Individual contractor shall use their best efforts to amicably settle any dispute, controversy or claim arising out of the Contract or the breach, termination or invalidity thereof. Where the parties wish to seek such an amicable settlement through conciliation, the
conciliation shall take place in accordance with the Conciliation Rules then obtaining of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law ("UNCITRAL"), or according to such other procedure as may be agreed between the parties in writing.

**ARBITRATION**: Any dispute, controversy or claim between the parties arising out of the Contract, or the breach, termination, or invalidity thereof, unless settled amicably, as provided above, shall be referred by either of the parties to arbitration in accordance with the UNCITRAL Arbitration Rules then obtaining. The decisions of the arbitral tribunal shall be based on general principles of international commercial law. For all evidentiary questions, the arbitral tribunal shall be guided by the Supplementary Rules Governing the Presentation and Reception of Evidence in International Commercial Arbitration of the International Bar Association, 28 May 1983 edition. The arbitral tribunal shall be empowered to order the return or destruction of goods or any property, whether tangible or intangible, or of any confidential information provided under the Contract, order the termination of the Contract, or order that any other protective measures be taken with respect to the goods, services or any other property, whether tangible or intangible, or of any confidential information provided under the Contract, as appropriate, all in accordance with the authority of the arbitral tribunal pursuant to Article 26 ("Interim Measures of Protection") and Article 32 ("Form and Effect of the Award") of the UNCITRAL Arbitration Rules. The arbitral tribunal shall have no authority to award punitive damages. In addition, unless otherwise expressly provided in the Contract, the arbitral tribunal shall have no authority to award interest in excess of the London Inter-Bank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") then prevailing, and any such interest shall be simple interest only. The parties shall be bound by any arbitration award rendered as a result of such arbitration as the final adjudication of any such dispute, controversy or claim.

18. **LIMITATION ON ACTIONS**: Except with respect to any indemnification obligations in Article 9, above, or as are otherwise set forth in the Contract, any arbitral proceedings in accordance with Article 17, above, arising out of the Contract must be commenced within three (3) years after the cause of action has accrued.

The Parties further acknowledge and agree that, for these purposes, a cause of action shall accrue when the breach actually occurs, or, in the case of latent defects, when the injured Party knew or should have known all of the essential elements of the cause of action, or in the case of a breach of warranty, when tender of delivery is made, except that, if a warranty extends to future performance of the goods or any process or system and the discovery of the breach consequently must await the time when such goods or other process or system is ready to perform in accordance with the requirements of the Contract, the cause of action accrues when such time of future performance actually begins.

19. **PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES**: Nothing in or relating to the Contract shall be deemed a waiver, express or implied, of any of the privileges and immunities of the United Nations, including its subsidiary organs.
GUIDANCE FOR CONDUCTING MIDTERM REVIEWS OF UNDP-SUPPORTED, GEF-FINANCED PROJECTS
Acknowledgements: Stephanie Ullrich (UNDP-GEF Fellow), Nancy Bennet, Ciara Daniels, Jessie Mee, Margarita Arguelles.

Special thanks to: Josh Brann and Mike Moser for sharing their experiences in undertaking Midterm Reviews, which contributed to the preparation of this guidance.
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Acronyms and abbreviations

CEO  Chief Executive Officer
CO   UNDP Country Office
CSO  Civil Society Organization
EA   Enabling Activity (project type)
ERC  UNDP Evaluation Resource Centre
FSP  GEF full-sized project
GEF  Global Environment Facility
GEF IEO GEF Independent Evaluation Office
M&E  Monitoring and Evaluation
MSP  GEF medium-sized project
MTR  Midterm Review
NGO  Non-Governmental Organization
OFP  GEF Operational Focal Point
PA   UNDP-GEF Programme Associate
PIF  Project Identification Form
PIMS UNDP-GEF Project Information Management System
PIR  Project Implementation Report
POPP UNDP Programme and Operations Policies and Procedure
RTA  UNDP-GEF Regional Technical Adviser
TE   Terminal Evaluation
ToR  Terms of Reference
TT   GEF Tracking Tools
UNDP United Nations Development Programme
UNDP IEO UNDP Independent Evaluation Office
Introduction and Summary Highlights

This document provides guidance for undertaking Midterm Reviews (MTRs) of United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) supported projects that have received grant financing from the Global Environment Facility (GEF). The main objectives of this guidance are to standardize the approach to undertaking MTRs and to clarify the roles and responsibilities of various parties involved in the MTR process. This guidance is primarily addressed to consultants carrying out MTRs, Project Teams, UNDP Country Offices and/or the projects’ Commissioning Unit who are most directly involved in organizing MTRs.

This guidance is divided into three parts. The first section outlines the MTR process. The second section explains the roles and responsibilities of key participants in the MTR cycle. The final section details the core expected requirements of the MTR. The Annexes include a glossary of terms, MTR Terms of Reference (ToR) templates, the Project Information Table, the co-financing table, a data request checklist, a sample process of assessing progress towards results, a checklist for gender sensitive analysis, a recommendations table template, an audit trail template, a MTR report content checklist, and a management response template.

Summary Highlights:

MTRs are primarily a monitoring tool to identify challenges and outline corrective actions to ensure that a project is on track to achieve maximum results by its completion. The primary output/deliverable of a MTR process is the MTR report.

As outlined in the GEF Monitoring and Evaluation Policy, MTRs are a mandatory requirement for all GEF-financed full-sized projects (FSP). MTRs are not mandatory for GEF-financed medium-sized projects (MSP) but should be undertaken, at the discretion of the Project Board, when the project is not performing well and could therefore benefit from an independent review. The MTR for a MSP can be undertaken according to this guidance or can follow a more simplified approach depending on the project circumstances.

It is not mandatory to include MTRs in UNDP evaluation plans (country evaluation plans, regional bureau evaluations plans, or corporate evaluations plans). Therefore, the MTR does not need to be made publically available by posting the report on the UNDP Evaluation Resource Center (ERC).

A thorough MTR can also lay the foundation for a strong Terminal Evaluation (TE). While both the MTR and TE processes are undertaken by independent consultants and the MTR and TE cycle are very similar, the focus of the review and evaluation process are not the same. See Box 1 for further details on the differences between MTRs and TEs.

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1 GEF Trust Fund, Least Developed Country Fund (LDCF), Special Climate Change Fund (SCCF), and Nagoya Protocol Implementation Fund (NPIF)
2 http://www.thegef.org/gef/Evaluation%20Policy%202010
3 GEF-financed projects with budgets of $2 million or more are full-sized projects.
4 GEF-financed projects with budgets of less than $2 million are medium-sized projects.
5 UNDP ERC is an on-line based Information Management System, which facilitates UNDP’s effort to strategically plan and effectively use evaluations for accountability, management for results, and knowledge management: http://erc.undp.org
Box 1. Comparing the MTR and TE Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mandatory for:</th>
<th>Midterm Review</th>
<th>Terminal Evaluation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Full-sized projects</td>
<td>All projects except for expedited Enabling Activities (EAs), for which TEs are optional</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Focus          | • Assessment of progress towards results  
• Monitoring of implementation and adaptive management to improve outcomes  
• Early identification of risks to sustainability  
• Emphasis on supportive recommendations | • Verification and assessment of implementation and results  
• Identification of project’s successes in order to create replicability  
• Actions necessary for consolidation and sustainability of results  
• Emphasis on Lessons learned  
• Improve design of other future projects |
| Timeframe      | The MTR report must be submitted with the 3rd PIR | Carried out during the period 6 months before to 6 months after project operational closure |
| Values & Emphasis | Independent; emphasis on a participatory and collaborative approach; opens opportunities for discussion and change in project, as needed | Independent; an assessment of results; participatory and collaborative approach, with emphasis on the accountability and learning functions of evaluation |
| Ratings provided | • Progress Towards Results (by Outcomes)  
• Project Implementation & Adaptive Management  
• Sustainability | • Monitoring and Evaluation  
• GEF Partner Agency & Executing Agency/Implementing Partner Execution  
• Outcomes (Relevance, Effectiveness, and Efficiency)  
• Sustainability  
• Impact  
• Overall Project Results |
| Budget          | $30,000 - $40,000 | $30,000 - $50,000 |
| Management Response | Yes | Yes |
| UNDP Evaluation Plans | Not mandatory to include in UNDP evaluation plan (country, regional or corporate) | Mandatory to include in UNDP evaluation plan (country, regional, or corporate, depending on the project) |
| Final report Quality Reviewed | No | Yes, by UNDP IEO before submitted to the GEF IEO |
| Publically available? | Not mandatory to post to the ERC | Mandatory to post to the ERC |

The Terms of Reference for the MTR should be drafted and advertised before the submission of the 2nd Project Implementation Report (PIRs) as the MTR report must be completed and submitted to the GEF Secretariat with the 3rd PIR. If the final MTR report is not available in English at this time, the MTR report must be translated into English within two months of submitting the 3rd PIR.

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6 GEF-financed projects with budgets of less than $500,000 are considered expedited Enabling Activities (EAs).
7 Independence indicates that the consultants must be non-UNDP and non-GEF personnel, and must not have had any part in the project design or implementation, including the writing of the Project Document. See pg. 4 for further clarification.
8 These are budget range estimates for FSPs, and depend on the project’s scope. The MTR budget should be a part of the project budget.
9 PIRs are mandatory annual project implementation reports. The first PIR is due one full year after Project Document signatures and are usually submitted to the GEF in September to monitor the project’s progress and implementation.
Therefore, for every GEF-financed full size project, the 3rd PIR, the MTR report, and the corresponding GEF Tracking Tool will be submitted to GEF Secretariat in the same calendar year. As a mandatory monitoring tool for full size projects, MTRs are submitted to the GEF Secretariat – not to the UNDP Independent Evaluation Office (UNDP IEO) or the GEF Independent Evaluation Office (GEF IEO).

For projects that are **jointly implemented by two or more GEF Partner Agencies**, the MTR will be jointly conducted by the relevant Agencies and this should be specified in the M&E plan included in the Project Document. This M&E plan should clarify which GEF Partner Agency will lead the MTR; typically, that Agency will be the one that supports the largest GEF grant allocation. The lead Agency will be responsible for developing the ToR for the MTR in full consultation with the other GEF Partner Agency(ies) and contracting and procurement of the MTR team. The GEF requires that one MTR be submitted for each GEF-financed project regardless of how many GEF Partner Agencies are involved in supporting the project.

For further information, please see:


3. The [GEF Monitoring and Evaluation Policy]({http://www.thegef.org/gef/Evaluation%20Policy%202010}) (revised version approved by the GEF Council in November 2010). This policy mandates the strengthening of the evaluation role of the GEF Operational Focal Points.

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12 [http://www.thegef.org/gef/Evaluation%20Policy%202010]
Chapter 1: Midterm Review Process

This section outlines the phases of the Midterm Review process. These are provided to help with the planning of the MTR process and clearly outline what must be done in each phase. Chapter two outlines who is responsible for undertaking these tasks. The MTR phases are very similar to the TE phases.

The MTR should follow a collaborative and participatory approach ensuring close engagement with key participants including the Commissioning Unit, the RTA, the involved UNDP Country Office(s), government counterparts (GEF Operational Focal Point (OFP)), the MTR team, and other key stakeholders. Detailed methodology and data collection methods should be included in the Inception Report developed by the MTR team.

1.1 Midterm Review Timing and Budget

The Commissioning Unit (See Box. 2 Who is the Commissioning Unit?) starts the MTR process by preparing the MTR ToR. The Terms of Reference for the MTR should be finalized and advertised before the submission of the 2nd Project Implementation Report (PIR)\(^\text{13}\) as the MTR report must be submitted to the GEF Secretariat with the 3rd PIR.

If the final MTR report is not available in English at this time, the MTR report must be translated into English within two months of submitting the 3rd PIR. The MTR process is not considered complete until the MTR report is in English and the management response has been completed (see pg. 7 for further guidance on the management response). Ideally, the MTR process should coincide with the disbursement of 50% of the project’s resources, though this may not always be the case.

The Commissioning Unit should ensure sufficient funds are available in the project budget for the MTR. The costs of undertaking a MTR varies depending on factors specific to the project, including its size (MSP or FSP); its scope (country-specific or regionally/globally focused); and the number of sites to be reviewed. Typical costs for the MTR of a single-country FSP are between $30,000 and $40,000, depending on size and scope of the project.

1.2 Midterm Review Phases

The MTR process is divided into four phases, as shown in Figure 1. After the consultants are hired, the entire MTR process should not exceed 5 months:

I. **Pre-MTR:** preparation and advertisement of the ToR, and preparation of the mandatory GEF Tracking Tools

II. **Preparation:** procurement of the MTR team, preparation for the MTR mission, provision of project documents (including the finalized GEF TTs) to the MTR team

III. **Implementation:** MTR inception report, the MTR mission, and presentation of the initial MTR findings with key stakeholders

IV. **Post-Mission:** the drafting, review and finalization of the MTR report; the preparation of the management response; optional concluding stakeholder workshop; and implementation of follow-up actions

\(^{13}\) See footnote 9.
1. PRE-MTR PHASE: MTR Terms of Reference (ToR) and GEF Tracking Tools (TT)

The primary activities of this phase include the preparation and advertisement of the MTR ToR and the preparation of the GEF Tracking Tools.

**MTR TERMS OF REFERENCE**

A fairly long lead time (suggested three to four months) is necessary to complete the consultant hiring process. Ideally, the MTR team should be selected and contracted four to 12 weeks before the planned MTR missions and field visits, to ensure that the MTR team is available and that stakeholders are given sufficient notice.

Two standard MTR ToR templates have been developed – one formatted for the UNDP Procurement website (procurement-notices.undp.org), and one formatted for the UNDP Jobs website (jobs.undp.org) – and should be used for all MTRs of full-sized projects; these templates are in Annex 3 and Annex 4, respectively. The MTR ToR should reference this Guidance (attached or hyperlinked). If a medium-sized project will conduct a MTR, the standard ToR template can also be used if appropriate.

The responsibility of completing the standard MTR ToR template resides with the Commissioning Unit.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Type</th>
<th>Associated Commissioning Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Country-specific project</td>
<td>UNDP Country Office</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regional project</td>
<td>The lead UNDP Country Office or a regional coordination body (please confirm with the UNDP-GEF team in the region)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jointly-implemented project</td>
<td>The lead GEF Partner Agency, as mutually determined by the GEF Partner Agencies involved and indicated in the Project Document</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Global project</td>
<td>UNDP-GEF Directorate or the lead UNDP Country Office</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**GEF TRACKING TOOLS (TT)**

The GEF Secretariat has developed Focal Area Tracking Tools (TT) for most GEF focal areas. These TTs allow the GEF to track progress made by GEF-financed projects toward global targets set out in the GEF results framework. The TTs are important evidence for the MTR teams to take into account when reviewing progress toward results, and must be finalized and provided to the MTR Team before the MTR mission takes place. **The GEF will not accept an MTR report without the corresponding completed GEF Tracking Tool.**

For FSPs, the required GEF TT must be prepared and submitted to the GEF at CEO endorsement (i.e. with the Project Document), midterm of the project cycle (i.e. with the MTR report), and during the closing phase of the project (i.e. with Terminal Evaluation report).

For MSPs, any project that is CEO approved after December 31, 2010 is expected to submit TT at CEO approval and at closing before the TE mission.

Box 3 outlines the general TT requirements under each of the GEF focal areas, which apply to MSPs and FSPs.\(^{14}\) As these requirements could change, please consult the current TT guidance on the GEF website.\(^{15}\)

| Focal Area                        | Names of Tracking Tools                                      | Which Projects?  \\
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Biodiversity</td>
<td>METT &amp; Financial Sustainability Scorecard (FSC)</td>
<td>Projects receiving GEF final approval after 1 July 2002 (GEF-3 and newer) (exception: FSCs are required of GEF-4 and newer projects)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mainstreaming &amp; Invasive Alien Species Biosafety</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemicals</td>
<td>POPs TT</td>
<td>Projects receiving GEF final approval after 1 July 2002 (GEF-3 and newer)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Climate Change Adaptation</td>
<td>AMAT (Adaptation Monitoring and Assessment Tool)</td>
<td>Projects receiving GEF final approval after July 1, 2010 (GEF-5 and newer)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Climate Change Mitigation</td>
<td>Climate Change Mitigation (CCM) TT</td>
<td>Projects receiving GEF final approval after 1 July 2002 (GEF-3 and newer)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International Waters</td>
<td>International Waters TT</td>
<td>Projects receiving GEF final approval after 1 July 2002 (GEF-3 and newer)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land Degradation</td>
<td>LD Tracking Tool</td>
<td>Projects receiving GEF final approval after July 1, 2010 (GEF-5 and newer)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ozone Layer</td>
<td>No TT</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sustainable Forest Management-REDD</td>
<td>SFM/REDD+ Tracking Tool</td>
<td>All GEF-5 (July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014) and newer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The GEF TTs are to be completed by the Project Team, a research organization, or other project partners with the necessary technical capacity, and this responsibility should be clearly stated in the Project Document.

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\(^{14}\) EAs are not required to complete TTs. 
\(^{15}\) [http://www.thegef.org/gef/tracking_tools](http://www.thegef.org/gef/tracking_tools) 
\(^{16}\) TT requirements may vary based on exact endorsement of the project.
As the GEF Tracking Tool must be completed before the MTR takes place, the MTR consultant(s) should **NOT** be completing the GEF Tracking Tool. The consultants should, however, be informed by the results reported in the TT.

The preparation and finalization of a GEF TT should be planned well in advance; depending on the type of GEF TT, this process could take up to four months, including the technical review by the appropriate UNDP-GEF RTA. The **finalized TT that is sent to the GEF Secretariat must be in English.**

### 2. PREPARATION PHASE: Engaging and briefing the MTR team

**SELECTING AND ENGAGING A MTR TEAM**

The MTR team should include one or two independent consultants. “Independent” means that the consultant(s) must not have been involved in designing, executing or advising on the project that is the subject of the review. This is to ensure objectivity and to avoid a real or a perceived conflict of interest. Therefore, the consultant(s) that make up the MTR team should not have been involved in the preparation of the project concept (i.e. PIF) or the Project Document or in the execution of any project activities, and should not be benefitting from the project activities in any way. For the same reason, it is advised that the consultant(s) who undertakes the MTR should not undertake the terminal evaluation though this is not strictly prohibited. Please see the [Guidance for Conducting Terminal Evaluations of UNDP-Supported, GEF-financed Projects](http://web.undp.org/evaluation/documents/guidance/GEF/UNDP-GEF-TE-Guide.pdf) for more information on hiring independent consultants to undertake terminal evaluations.

For FSPs, especially regional projects, it is recommended to engage two consultants: a team leader and team specialist. The team members should be experienced professionals who understand the subject matter of the project under review, and are knowledgeable about UNDP and the GEF. The team leader should have international experience with similar projects, preferably GEF-financed projects and/or projects in the country or region of focus. The team specialist could be a consultant with specific technical expertise relevant to the project, or a national consultant with a relevant technical background who can provide expert insight on the national context. When selecting MTR teams, it is important to keep in mind the high priority that UNDP places on gender balance.

When there is a question as to the independence and qualifications of a potential MTR team member, please consult with the UNDP-GEF team – either the RTA or the UNDP-GEF Directorate. More information on required expertise can be found in the standard MTR ToRs in Annexes 3 and 4.

The Commissioning Unit will select a MTR team using established UNDP procurement protocols, a competitive selection process\(^\text{18}\) for team selection, ensuring transparency, impartiality and neutrality. Consultancy announcement should be done locally, through the UNDP Country Office (CO) web page, and internationally, through for instance the UNDP Jobs and UNDP Procurement Notices\(^\text{19}\) web pages. The UNDP IEO maintains a roster of evaluation consultants, for use by UNDP personnel, which can be used to identify candidates.\(^\text{20}\) The Commissioning Unit should check the references of the consultants before final contracting and should seek feedback on the short-list from the UNDP-GEF PA.

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\(^{20}\) This roster can be accessed from the Evaluation Resource Center: [http://erc.undp.org/](http://erc.undp.org/)
BRIEFING THE MTR TEAM

After the consultant(s) are selected and before the MTR mission, and in order to facilitate the MTR team’s documentation review, the Project Team should compile and provide to the Commissioning Unit a ‘project information package’ that brings together the most important project documents for use by the MTR team. Included in the package should be a brief explanatory note identifying the package contents and highlighting important documents.

The project information package should include, amongst other documents, the completed GEF Tracking Tools, PIRs, the Project Document, the project inception report, quarterly progress reports, Project Board meeting minutes, and financial data, including co-financing data. A project information package list is available in Annex 3 (ToR Annex A), and an extended sample checklist of this list is included in Annex 7.

EVALUATION ETHICS

UNDP and GEF take seriously the importance of having competent, fair and independent consultants carry out MTR and TEs. Assessments must be independent, impartial and rigorous, and the consultants hired to undertake these assessments must have personal and professional integrity, and be guided by propriety in the conduct of their business. The ToR for MTRs should explicitly state that UNDP-GEF MTRs are conducted in accordance with the principles outlined in the UNEG ‘Ethical Guidelines for Evaluation’ and the GEF and UNDP M&E policies.

Evaluation ethics also concern the way in which reviews are carried out, including the steps the MTR team should take to protect the rights and confidentiality of persons interviewed. The MTR team should clarify to all stakeholders interviewed that their feedback and input will be confidential. The final MTR report should not indicate the specific source of quotations or qualitative data in order to uphold this confidentiality.

A signed 'Code of Conduct' form must be attached to the MTR team contract indicating that the team member agrees to the ethical expectations set out in Annex 3 (ToR Annex D).

3. IMPLEMENTATION PHASE: MTR Inception report and mission

MTR INCEPTION REPORT

The MTR team should prepare a MTR inception report approximately 2-4 weeks prior to the MTR mission. The MTR inception report should outline the MTR team’s understanding of the project being assessed and the methodology(ies) the team will use to ensure the data collected is credible, reliable and useful.

The inception report should also include a clear overview of the midterm review approach, including:

- The purpose, objective, and scope of the review
- The MTR approach including a summary of the data collection methodologies and the criteria on which these methodologies were selected. For example, documentation reviews, stakeholder interviews, site visits, questionnaires, focus groups and other participatory techniques for information gathering
- The principles and criteria against which the MTR team is selecting interviewees and field site visits
- Any limitations of the MTR
- A proposed work plan including a schedule of tasks, activities and deliverables of the MTR (including a proposed detailed MTR mission plan)
- A MTR evaluative matrix, specifying the main review criteria, and the indicators or benchmarks against which the criteria will be assessed. See Annex 3 (ToR Annex C) for a MTR evaluative matrix template.

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21 For details on the ethics in evaluation, see UNEG Ethical Guidelines.
The MTR inception report should be circulated to the Commissioning Unit, the Project Team, the GEF Operational Focal Point, and key stakeholders that will participate in the MTR, as relevant. The MTR mission will need to be formally agreed upon with the Commissioning Unit, but the practical aspects, such as logistics for local travels, will benefit from assistance from the Project Team.

**MTR INTERVIEWS & SITE VISITS**

Depending on the nature and scope of the project, it is typically expected that the MTR mission will include interviews with key stakeholders and visits to relevant project field-based activity sites, as appropriate and feasible. The MTR team will undertake interviews and site visits according to the detailed MTR mission plan in the MTR Inception report.

The decision on which key stakeholders should be interviewed and which sites will be visited should be made jointly by the Commissioning Unit, Project Team, and MTR team. Interviews should target a diverse array of stakeholders, including project beneficiaries, government representatives, civil society organizations, academia, the private sector, local government officials, and national agency officials including the GEF OFP. Interview schedules should be paced out to ensure that the MTR team has adequate time for writing up interview notes each day. Typically 2-4 interviews may be conducted per day, depending on logistical requirements of travel, etc.

The MTR mission should be planned far enough in advance to enable interviews to be properly organized, especially to request meetings with senior Ministry officials. The Commissioning Unit should assist the MTR team in setting up these interviews, and providing translations services, if needed.

When the MTR team is conducting interviews and site visits, **it is not appropriate for UNDP staff from the UNDP Country Offices or regional offices to participate in the interviews or act as translators.** It is also recommended that the Project Team members not be present or act as translators either, as appropriate and feasible.

**MISSION WRAP-UP MEETING**

At the end of the MTR mission, the MTR team should present a summary of initial findings to the Commissioning Unit, the Project Team and other stakeholders in a mission wrap-up or other format as appropriate.

**4. POST-MISSION PHASE: Draft, Review & Finalization of MTR Report; Management Response and Follow-up action**

Within 3 weeks of the MTR mission, the MTR team should submit a draft Midterm Review report to the Commissioning Unit in accordance with the agreed deliverable timelines specified in the ToRs and contract (see Figure 3 for the steps and timing of the MTR). Guidance for the MTR report contents is provided in Annex 3 (ToR Annex B).

**MTR REPORT REVIEW PROCESS**

The Commissioning Unit is responsible for coordinating a review of the draft MTR report. The review

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22 However, the MTR team should include the involved UNDP Country Office(s), the responsible RTA(s), and the Project Team as interviewees.
process is designed to highlight factual errors, omissions, or errors in analysis, and to ensure that the MTR report covers all requirements outlined in the ToR. All stakeholders should be given the opportunity to comment on the draft MTR report and to provide additional information relevant to the MTR team’s assessment of results. As an independent body, the MTR team has the prerogative to develop its own conclusions, ratings and recommendations.

The Commissioning Unit will collate comments on the report and send them to the MTR team.

The MTR Team is required to provide an 'audit trail' listing the comments received and how they have or have not been addressed in the final Midterm Review report (see Annex 11 for an Audit Trail Template). The audit trail must be submitted to the Commissioning Unit with the final draft of the MTR report. In order to protect the rights and confidentiality of persons interviewed, the names of the persons interviewed should not be included in the audit trail and must never be connected to feedback provided.

The Commissioning Unit and the UNDP-GEF RTA are required to sign a clearance form to note their approval of the final MTR report; the report is not considered final without the necessary signatures. This approval signifies that the report has been satisfactorily completed and responds to the ToR. It does not necessarily signify ‘agreement’ with the content (if there is disagreement with the findings, the management response is the tool for addressing this). See Annex 3, (ToR Annex F) for the clearance form.

As the GEF Secretariat will only accept MTR reports if they are in English, the final MTR report must be available English. If applicable, the Commissioning Unit must ensure the final report is available in a language widely shared by national stakeholders to ensure their adequate involvement in the MTR process and that the final report is also available in English. Translations must be planned for in advance as this process can take between 4 and 6 weeks.

**MANAGEMENT RESPONSE**

While the draft MTR report is being circulated for review, the Commissioning Unit and Project Team should draft the management response to the MTR. The purpose of a MTR management response is to outline how the Project Team and other stakeholders, as appropriate, will respond to the recommendations included in the MTR report. In addition, if the Project Team or other stakeholders involved in the project disagree with any of the MTR findings, this should be recorded in the management response.

Prior to their completion, management responses for MTRs should be reviewed and commented on by key project partners including the RTA and the OFP.

**Figure 2. Management Response**

- **Recommendations**
  - Are recommendations relevant and acceptable?

- **Action**
  - What are the concrete proposed actions?
  - Who are key partners for the actions?

- **Implementation**
  - Who are the responsible units?
  - What is the implementation timeframe?

A template for management responses is included as Annex 13; the template is intended to facilitate the preparation of the response. The MTR report and management response may be uploaded to the UNDP Evaluation Resources Center but this is not mandatory. The MTR report (in English) must be submitted to the relevant UNDP-GEF team, for onward transmission to the GEF Secretariat.

The Project Manager is required to brief the Project Board on the main findings and recommendations of the MTR, and to ensure the
management response actions are discussed with and approved by the Project Board.

The MTR cycle is not considered complete until the final MTR report and management response have been approved by the Commissioning Unit and the UNDP-GEF RTA, the MTR report is available in English.

**CONCLUDING STAKEHOLDER WORKSHOP**

The Commissioning Unit and Project Team can conclude the MTR process with an optional concluding stakeholder workshop. The purpose of the workshop is to discuss the key findings and recommendations of the MTR report, and the key actions that will be taken in response to the MTR. Those involved in the MTR process (including interviewees, project stakeholders, etc.) should be invited to participate in this concluding workshop (consultants from the MTR team can be present, but this is not mandatory).

This workshop is optional, however it is encouraged in order to relay MTR findings to stakeholders and to increase accountability on the management response follow-up actions.
CHAPTER 1  Midterm Review Process
## Chapter 2: Roles and Responsibilities

The roles and responsibilities of key actors in the MTR cycle are outlined in this section. This includes the roles and responsibilities of: Commissioning Unit, UNDP-GEF Regional Technical Adviser (RTA) based in the region, UNDP-GEF Programme Associate (PA) based in the region, Project Team, Midterm Review team, and GEF Operational Focal Point (OFP), and Project Board.

### 2.1 Commissioning Unit Roles and Responsibilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Commissioning Unit’s Main Objective: Overall coordination of the MTR process, including procurement and contracting</th>
<th>PHASE</th>
<th>RESPONSIBILITIES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| | Pre-MTR | 1. Ensure that sufficient funds have been allocated for conducting the MTR as per the M&E plan included in the Project Document (if project is jointly-implemented, ensure responsibilities for MTR are clear)  
2. Support the Project Team in preparation of GEF TTs in advance of the advertisement of the MTR ToR  
3. Prepare the MTR ToR that aligns with the minimum standards for a MTR ToR, as outlined in this guidance (the drafting and advertisement of the MTR ToR should occur before the submission of the 2nd PIR); send to PA for comment and final approval  
4. Advertise the ToR |
| | Preparation | 1. Select the MTR team following UNDP procurement standards; obtain the approval from the UNDP-GEF team in the region prior to making the offer  
2. Assist the MTR team with collecting co-financing data by sending the co-financing table to each of the co-financers, if necessary  
3. Provide the MTR team with the project information package  
4. Facilitate the finalization of GEF TT’s |
| | Implementation | 1. Approve MTR inception report (formally agree on MTR mission)  
2. Share inception report with GEF OFP and relevant stakeholders  
3. Assist in sending formal requests for interviews for the MTR mission as necessary  
4. Participate in wrap up meeting in which the MTR team presents initial findings |
| | Post-mission | 1. Brief the GEF OFP at the end of the MTR mission  
2. Coordinate the MTR report review and comment process; send report with comments to the MTR team  
3. Review final MTR report, sign the MTR clearance form in Annex 3 (ToR Annex F), and send to RTA for their final approval and signature  
4. Make arrangements for translations of the draft and/or final MTR report into English (if necessary) within 2 months of submitting the 3rd PIR  
5. Work with the Project Team to prepare a management response (this can be done at the same time as the circulation of the draft MTR report)  
6. Ensure RTA and Project Board reviews and approves the management response (this can be done at the same time as the MTR report is being finalized)  
7. Host the concluding stakeholder workshop (optional)  
8. Approve the final payment to the MTR team  
9. If new indicators or revisions to existing indicators are proposed by the MTR, decide with the Project Board if those changes should be approved and added to the project’s LogFrame and that systems are in place to monitor new indicators  
10. Decide if the MTR report and management response should be posted to the ERC (not mandatory)  
11. Ensure that MTR recommendations are properly reflected in the subsequent Annual Work Plan and budget |
## 2.2 UNDP-GEF Regional Technical Advisor Roles and Responsibilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PHASE</th>
<th>RESPONSIBILITIES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pre-MTR</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preparation</td>
<td>1. Quality assure the GEF Tracking Tools</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implementation</td>
<td>1. Be available for a Skype interview with MTR team before the MTR mission, if requested</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Post-mission | 1. Do a quality assurance review on the draft MTR report to look for factual errors and gaps in analysis; provide comments to the Commissioning Unit and/or MTR team  
2. Sign the MTR report clearance form in Annex 3 (ToR Annex F) to accept the final MTR report  
3. Quality assure the management response |

## 2.3 UNDP-GEF Programme Associate Roles and Responsibilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PHASE</th>
<th>RESPONSIBILITIES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Pre-MTR     | 1. Ensure that the MTR ToR prepared by the Commissioning Unit aligns with the minimum standards for a MTR ToR, as outlined in this guidance; provide feedback to improve the ToR, as necessary (the drafting and advertisement of the MTR ToR should occur before the submission of the 2nd PIR)  
2. Work with the Commissioning Unit to ensure that the GEF Tracking Tools are fully drafted and sent to the RTA before the advertisement of the MTR ToR |
| Preparation | 1. Assist the Commissioning Unit with MTR consultant(s) qualification review, as necessary |
| Implementation | 1. Be available for a Skype interview with MTR team before the MTR mission, if requested |
| Post-mission | 1. Review the draft MTR report using the Report Content Review Checklist (Annex 12) to ensure that the report complies with the requirements laid out in the ToR; provide comments and the completed Checklist to the RTA  
2. If changes to LogFrame are approved, ensure that the Development Objective (DO) section of the 3rd PIR is revised accordingly  
3. Post the completed MTR report and management response (both in English) to PIMS |

## 2.4 Project Team Roles and Responsibilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PHASE</th>
<th>RESPONSIBILITIES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pre-MTR</td>
<td>1. Prepare relevant GEF Tracking Tools</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Preparation | 1. Compile project information package to provide to the Commissioning Unit  
2. Assist with logistics (make sure itineraries are set for MTR mission and stakeholders are informed with sufficient notice)  
3. Respond to review of GEF TT and finalize it with assistance from RTA |
| Implementation | 1. Assist with logistics of MTR mission  
2. Support MTR interviews if requested  
3. Participate in wrap up meeting in which the MTR team presents initial findings |
| Post-mission | 1. Review MTR report; look for inaccuracies, and provide comments to the MTR team  
2. Brief the Project Board on the main findings and recommendations of the MTR  
3. Draft the management response, and obtain input/feedback from the Commissioning Unit and RTA  
4. Ensure the management response actions are discussed with and approved by the Project Board  
5. Participate in optional concluding stakeholder workshop  
6. Integrate MTR recommendations into subsequent Annual Work Plan  
7. Implement management response actions, where relevant |
2.5 MTR Team Roles and Responsibilities

**MTR Team’s Main Objective:** Uphold contractual obligations outlined in the MTR Terms of Reference

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PHASE</th>
<th>RESPONSIBILITIES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pre-MTR</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Preparation | 1. Review evaluation ethics and ensure steps to protect the rights and confidentiality of persons interviewed for the MTR  
2. Review this MTR guidance, and other relevant UNDP and/or GEF guidance  
3. Review project information package, including GEF Tracking Tools from CEO endorsement and midterm  
4. Work with the Project Team/Commissioning Unit to ensure appropriate timing of the review mission |
| Implementation | 1. Prepare MTR inception report, including a detailed plan of the mission with an interview schedule, and provide it to the Commissioning Unit no later than 2 weeks before the MTR mission  
2. Conduct the MTR mission  
3. Have a mission wrap-up meeting with Project Team/Commissioning Unit to request additional info/present initial findings |
| Post-mission | 1. Complete and submit the first draft of the report to the Commissioning Unit within 3 weeks after mission  
2. After receiving initial comments on MTR report, provide an “audit trail” to create the revised final MTR report within 1 week of comments; send final report to the Commissioning Unit |

2.6 GEF Operational Focal Point Roles and Responsibilities

**GEF OFP’s Main Objective:** Keep all national stakeholders (particularly the CSOs) involved in and fully informed on the Midterm Review Process

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PHASE</th>
<th>RESPONSIBILITIES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pre-MTR</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preparation</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Implementation | 1. Participate in MTR mission wrap up meeting as appropriate  
2. Review and provide comments to MTR report  
3. Contribute to the management response to the MTR  
4. Participate in optional concluding stakeholder workshop |
| Post-mission | 1. Review and provide comments to MTR report  
2. Contribute to the management response to the MTR  
3. Participate in optional concluding stakeholder workshop  
4. Implement management response actions, where relevant |

2.7 Project Board Roles and Responsibilities

**Project Board’s Main Objective:** Work with the Commissioning Unit in creating the management response, approve it, and commit to take action on its directives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PHASE</th>
<th>RESPONSIBILITIES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pre-MTR</td>
<td>1. Review and agree to the objectives of the MTR outlined in the ToR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preparation</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Implementation | 1. Participate as interviewees in MTR interviews if requested  
2. Review and approve the management response  
3. If new indicators or revisions to existing indicators are proposed by MTR, approve and ensure are added to the project’s LogFrame and that systems are established to monitor these new indicators  
4. Implement management response actions, where relevant |
| Post-mission | 1. Review and approve the management response  
2. Participate in optional concluding stakeholder workshop  
3. If new indicators or revisions to existing indicators are proposed by MTR, approve and ensure are added to the project’s LogFrame and that systems are established to monitor these new indicators  
4. Implement management response actions, where relevant |
Chapter 3: MTR Requirements

This chapter provides further detail on the key issues to be addressed during the MTR process. All MTR reports are required to include the key sections noted below. Please see Annex 3 (ToR Annex B) for a suggested Table of Contents for the MTR Report.

3.1 Introduction: Purpose, Scope, and Methodology

The introductory section of the MTR report should outline the MTR’s purpose and objectives, the scope of the MTR, and the MTR process. It should explain the approach and methodology- including data collection methods- making explicit the underlying assumptions, challenges, strengths and weaknesses about the methods and approach of the review. Some of this information will have been provided in the Inception Report. A MTR Evaluation Matrix should be included as an annex to the final MTR report. See Annex 3 (ToR Annex C) for a Template MTR Evaluation Matrix.

3.2 Project Description & Background Context

The MTR report should describe the objective of the project, the expected results and the development context. Much of this information is available from the Project Identification Form (PIF), and the Project Document.

This section should include:
- Development Context: how the project objectives align with the executing agency/implementing partners’ strategies and priorities and UNDP programming priorities
- Problems that the project sought to address: threats and barriers targeted
- The project description and strategy: objective, outcomes, and expected results, description of field sites (if applicable)
- Project implementation arrangements: short descriptions of management arrangements, Project Team and/or management unit, Project Board, implementing partner arrangements, etc.
- Significant socio-economic and environmental changes since the beginning of project implementation and any other major external contributing factors
- Key partners and stakeholders involved in project implementation.

3.3 Findings

The findings should be presented around the following four areas outlined in the standard MTR ToR template: (A) Project Strategy, (B) Progress Towards Results, (C) Project Implementation and Adaptive Management, and (D) Sustainability.

A. Project Strategy

PROJECT DESIGN

The MTR team should undertake an analysis of the design of the project as outlined in the Project Document in order to identify whether the strategy is proving to be effective in reaching the desired results; if not, then the MTR should identify the changes needed to get the project back on track.
Elements of the project design that the MTR must review include:

- The extent to which lessons from other relevant projects were incorporated into the project design.
- The extent to which the project addresses country priorities and is country-driven. Is the project concept in line with national development priorities and plans of the country (or of participating countries in the case of multi-country projects)?
- The sustainability and viability of the project. Externalities (i.e. effects of climate change, global economic crisis, change in national situation etc.) relevant to the project strategy.
- Thorough identification of environmental and social risks as identified through the UNDP Environmental and Social screening procedure²⁴ and adequate mitigation and management measures outlined in the Project Document.
- Decision-making processes: were perspectives of those who would be affected by project decisions, those who could affect the outcomes, and those who could contribute information or other resources to the process, taken into account during project design processes?
- The extent to which relevant gender issues were raised in the project design. See Annex 9 for further guidelines on assessing gender in project design and preparation.

RESULTS FRAMEWORK/LOGFRAME

The MTR team should undertake a critical analysis of the project’s logframe, assess how “SMART” the midterm and end-of-project targets are (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, Time-bound), and suggest specific amendments/revisions to the indicators or targets, as necessary.

The MTR should assess the extent to which broader development effects (i.e. income generation, gender equality and women’s empowerment,²⁵,²⁶ improved governance, livelihood benefits, etc.) of the project were factored into project design. The MTR team should develop new indicators to cover these broader development impacts if they were not included in the logframe, and should also recommend sex-disaggregated indicators, as necessary, to ensure that the development benefits of the project are fully and adequately included in the project results framework and monitored on an annual basis. See Annex 9 for further guidelines on assessing gender.

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²⁵ For more on gender equality, the rights-based approach and human development see the UNDP Handbook on Planning, Monitoring and Evaluating for Development Results, Chapter 7, pg. 171.
B. Progress Towards Results

One of the MTR’s fundamental objectives is to review progress toward results. This is to be assessed based on data provided, amongst others, in the Project Document, project work plans, GEF Tracking Tools, and PIRs, as well as results verified in the course of the MTR mission.

*GEF TRACKING TOOLS (TT)*\(^{27}\)

The MTR team should compare the data in the midterm TT with data provided in the GEF TT submitted to the GEF for CEO endorsement. The results reported therein should be reviewed by the MTR team during the MTR mission, and any trends should be analysed. The MTR team should also comment on progress made or lack thereof, and make recommendations for the completion of the GEF TT at project closure.

*PROGRESS TOWARDS OUTCOMES ANALYSIS*

The MTR team is expected to provide ratings on the project’s progress towards its objective and each outcome. The assessment of progress should be based on data provided in the PIRs, supplemented by data provided in the GEF TTs, the findings of the MTR mission, and interviews with the project stakeholders.

To do this analysis, the MTR team should populate Table 1 below to summarize the progress towards the end-of-project targets for the project objective and each outcome. The columns such as “Baseline Level”, “Midterm Target”, and “End-of-project Target” should be populated with information from the results framework, scorecards, PIRs and the Project Document. Using that data, the MTR team should complete the column “Midterm Level & Assessment” and conclude whether the end-of-project target: a) has already been achieved (colour the “Midterm Level & Assessment” table cell green); b) is partially achieved or on target to be achieved by the end of the project (colour yellow); or c) is at high risk of not being achieved by the end of the project and needs attention (colour red).

When possible, the MTR team should review the indicator-level progress reported in the most recent PIR. Any deviations from the results reported in the PIR should be noted and explained.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Strategy</th>
<th>Indicator(^{28})</th>
<th>Baseline Level(^{29})</th>
<th>Level in 1st PIR (self-reported)</th>
<th>Midterm Target(^{30})</th>
<th>End-of-project Target</th>
<th>Midterm Level &amp; Assessment(^{31})</th>
<th>Achievement Rating(^{32})</th>
<th>Justification for Rating</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Objective:</td>
<td>Indicator (if applicable):</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outcome 1:</td>
<td>Indicator 1:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Indicator 2:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outcome 2:</td>
<td>Indicator 3:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Indicator 4:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Etc.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Indicator Assessment Key**

Green= Achieved   Yellow= On target to be achieved   Red= Not on target to be achieved

\(^{27}\) See page 3 of this Guidance for more details on types of TT and roles and responsibilities for completing TT.

\(^{28}\) Populate with data from the Logframe and scorecards

\(^{29}\) Populate with data from the Project Document

\(^{30}\) If available

\(^{31}\) Colour code this column only

\(^{32}\) Use the 6 point Progress Towards Results Rating Scale: HS, S, MS, MU, U, HU
The MTR team will then complete the “Achievement Rating” column by assigning ratings for the project objective and each outcome, based on the achievement towards the midterm targets and the end-of-projects targets shown under the relevant indicators and using the 6-point Progress Towards Results rating scale in Box 4. In deciding Achievement Ratings of the project objective and each outcome, the MTR team should holistically assess the progress measured by all relevant indicators, as well as the findings of the MTR.

The MTR team will complete the “Justification for Rating” column with a brief explanation of why each rating was assigned by comparing the “Midterm Level & Assessment” column with the “Midterm Target” and “End-of-project Target” columns, and using the criteria in the rating scale.

This completed table should be included in the final MTR report as an annex. See Annex 8 for a Sample Matrix for Assessing Progress Towards Results.

For those indicators marked as “Not achieved” (red), the MTR team may recommend actions to be taken, which should be summarized in the Recommendations Table (Annex 10).33

Finally, the MTR team should include its ratings of the project’s results and descriptions of the associated achievements in a MTR Ratings & Achievement Summary Table (see Table 2) in the Executive Summary of the MTR report.

Table 2. MTR Ratings & Achievement Summary Table for (Project Title)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>MTR Rating</th>
<th>Achievement Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Project Strategy</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Progress Towards Results</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Objective Achievement Rating</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(rate 6 pt. scale)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outcome 1 Achievement Rating</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(rate 6 pt. scale)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outcome 2 Achievement Rating</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(rate 6 pt. scale)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outcome 3 Achievement Rating</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(rate 6 pt. scale)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Etc.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Implementation &amp; Adaptive Management</td>
<td>(rate 6 pt. scale)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sustainability</td>
<td>(rate 4 pt. scale)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Ratings for Progress Towards Results**

The MTR team should use the following 6-point scale to rate the project's progress towards the objective and each project outcome: Highly Satisfactory (HS), Satisfactory (S), Moderately Satisfactory (MS), Moderately Unsatisfactory (MU), Unsatisfactory (U), or Highly Unsatisfactory (HU).

These standard ratings must be used to complete the column “Achievement Rating” in Table 1.

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33 See page 22 for guidelines on recommendations.
C. Project Implementation & Adaptive Management

The MTR team will review the project implementation and adaptive management of the project, identify challenges and propose additional measures to support more efficient and effective implementation. The following aspects of project implementation and adaptive management will be assessed: management arrangements, work planning, finance and co-finance, project-level monitoring and evaluation systems, stakeholder engagement, reporting, and communications.

**MANAGEMENT ARRANGEMENTS**

The findings section of the MTR report on management arrangements should assess the quality of UNDP support to the project, and the Executing Agency/Implementing Partner’s execution of the project. In regards to overall effectiveness, the MTR team should compare current management arrangements with arrangements laid out in the Project Document: Have changes been made and are they effective? Are responsibilities and reporting lines clear? Is decision-making transparent and undertaken in a timely manner?

GEF Partner Agency (UNDP) execution factors should include:

- Whether there is an appropriate focus on results
- The adequacy of UNDP support to the Executing Agency/Implementing Partner and Project Team
- Quality and timeliness of technical support to the Executing Agency/Implementing Partner and Project Team
- Candor and realism in annual reporting
- The quality of risk management
- Responsiveness of the managing parties to significant implementation problems (if any)
- Any salient issues regarding project duration, for instance to note project delays, and how they may have affected project outcomes and sustainability
- Adequate mitigation and management of environmental and social risks as identified through the [UNDP Environmental and Social screening procedure](https://undp.unteamworks.org/file/234926/download/253849).

Executing Agency/Implementing Partner’s execution factors should include:

- Whether there is an appropriate focus on results and timeliness
- Adequacy of management inputs and processes, including budgeting and procurement
- Quality of risk management
- Candor and realism in reporting
- Government ownership (when national execution)
- Adequate mitigation and management of environmental and social risks as identified through the [UNDP](https://undp.unteamworks.org/file/234926/download/253849).
WORK PLANNING

The MTR team should assess the project’s work planning in the following ways:

- Review any delays in project start-up and implementation, identify the causes and examine if they have been solved.
- Identify if work-planning processes are results-based. If not, suggest ways to re-orientate work planning to focus on results.
- Examine the use of the project’s results framework/logframe as a management tool and review any changes made to it since the project start.

FINANCE AND CO-FINANCE

When considering the effectiveness of financial planning, the MTR team should consider:

- Whether strong financial controls have been established that allow the project management to make informed decisions regarding the budget at any time, and allow for the timely flow of funds and the payment of satisfactory project deliverables.
- Variances between planned and actual expenditures.
- Whether the project demonstrates due diligence in the management of funds, including annual audits.
- Any changes made to fund allocations as a result of budget revisions and the appropriateness and relevance of such revisions.

In regards to co-financing, the MTR should include a table that shows planned and actual co-financing commitments, as set out in Annex 6. In the report, the MTR team should briefly describe the resources the project has leveraged since inception and indicate how these resources are contributing to the project’s ultimate objective(s), additionally considering whether the Project Team is meeting with all co-financing partners regularly in order to align financing priorities and annual work plans.

PROJECT-LEVEL MONITORING & EVALUATION SYSTEMS

Aspects relevant to an assessment of project-level monitoring systems at the Midterm Review stage include:

- The quality of the Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) plan’s implementation: Was the M&E plan sufficiently budgeted and funded during project preparation and implementation thus far? Are sufficient resources being allocated to M&E? Are these resources being allocated effectively?
- The appropriateness of the M&E systems to the project’s specific context.
- Do the monitoring tools provide the necessary information? Do they involve key partners? Are they aligned or mainstreamed with national systems? Do they use existing information? Are they efficient? Are they cost-effective? Are additional tools required?

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35 https://undp.unteamworks.org/file/234926/download/253849
• The extent to which the Project Team is using inclusive, innovative, and participatory monitoring systems\textsuperscript{36}
• The extent to which follow-up actions, and/or adaptive management, were taken in response to the PIRs
• The extent to which development objectives are built into monitoring systems: How are perspectives of women and men involved and affected by the project monitored and assessed? How are relevant groups’ (including women, indigenous peoples, children, elderly, disabled, and poor) involvement with the project and the impact on them monitored? See Annex 9 for further guidance on assessing gender in monitoring.
• Adequate mitigation and management of environmental and social risks as identified through the UNDP Environmental and Social screening procedure.\textsuperscript{37}

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Stakeholder engagement should have a strong cross-cutting presence throughout the MTR report. The MTR report should also cover stakeholder engagement in regards to:

• Project management: Has the project developed and leveraged the necessary and appropriate partnerships with direct and tangential stakeholders?
• Participation and country-driven processes: Do local and national government stakeholders support the objectives of the project? Do they continue to have an active role in project decision-making that supports efficient and effective project implementation?
• Participation and public awareness: How has stakeholder involvement and public awareness contributed to the progress towards achievement of project objectives? Are there any limitations to stakeholder awareness of project outcomes or to stakeholder participation in project activities? Is there invested interest of stakeholders in the project’s long-term success and sustainability?

REPORTING

The findings section of the MTR report on reporting should:

• Assess how adaptive management changes have been reported by the Project Team and shared with the Project Board.
• Assess how well the Project Team and partners undertake and fulfil GEF reporting requirements (i.e. how have they addressed poorly-rated PIRs?), and suggest trainings etc. if needed.
• Assess how the PIRs have been shared with the Project Board and other key stakeholders.
• Assess how lessons derived from the adaptive management process have been documented, shared with key partners and internalized by partners and incorporated into project implementation.

COMMUNICATIONS

The MTR report section on communications should:

• Review internal project communication with stakeholders: Is communication regular and effective? Are there key stakeholders left out of communication? Are there feedback mechanisms when communication is received? Does this communication with stakeholders contribute to their awareness of project outcomes and activities and long-term investment in the sustainability of project results?

\textsuperscript{36} For more ideas on innovative and participatory Monitoring and Evaluation strategies and techniques, see UNDP Discussion Paper, Innovations in Monitoring & Evaluating Results, 05 Nov 2013.
\textsuperscript{37} https://undp.undteamworks.org/file/234926/download/253849
• Review external project communication: Are proper means of communication established or being established to express the project progress and intended impact to the public (is there a web presence, for example? Or did the project implement appropriate outreach and public awareness campaigns?).
• Discuss possibilities for expansion of educational or awareness aspects of the project to solidify a communications program, with mention of proper funding for education and awareness activities.
• Suggest aspects of the project that might yield excellent communications material, if applicable.

RATINGS FOR PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION

Based on the assessment of the categories above, the MTR team should assign one overall Project Implementation & Adaptive Management rating from the 6-point scale: Highly Satisfactory (HS), Satisfactory (S), Moderately Satisfactory (MS), Moderately Unsatisfactory (MU), Unsatisfactory (U), or Highly Unsatisfactory (HU):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rating</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Highly Satisfactory (HS)</td>
<td>Implementation of all seven components – management arrangements, work planning, finance and co-finance, project-level monitoring and evaluation systems, stakeholder engagement, reporting, and communications – is leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management. The project can be presented as “good practice”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Satisfactory (S)</td>
<td>Implementation of most of the seven components is leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management except for only few that are subject to remedial action.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderately Satisfactory (MS)</td>
<td>Implementation of some of the seven components is leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management, with some components requiring remedial action.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderately Unsatisfactory (MU)</td>
<td>Implementation of some of the seven components is not leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive, with most components requiring remedial action.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsatisfactory (U)</td>
<td>Implementation of most of the seven components is not leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Highly Unsatisfactory (HU)</td>
<td>Implementation of none of the seven components is leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The selected rating and a description/explanation of that rating should be included in the MTR Ratings & Achievements Summary table (Table 2).

D. Sustainability

The purpose of reviewing the sustainability of the project during the Midterm Review is to set the stage for the Terminal Evaluation, during which sustainability will be rated by each of the four GEF categories of sustainability (financial, socio-economic, institutional framework and governance, and environmental). Sustainability is generally considered to be the likelihood of continued benefits after the project ends. Consequently the assessment of sustainability at the midterm considers the risks that are likely to affect the continuation of project outcomes.

The MTR team should validate whether the risks identified in the Project Document, Annual Project Review/PIRs and the ATLAS Risk Management Module are the most important and whether the risk ratings applied are appropriate and up to date.

In addition, the MTR team should approach the assessment of sustainability as a way to begin discussions with the Project Team to gear their thinking towards sustainability risk factors, as well as opportunities to build risk management into the project plan in a thorough manner at the midterm, if it is not there already.
FINANCIAL RISKS TO SUSTAINABILITY

- What is the likelihood of financial and economic resources not being available once the GEF assistance ends (consider potential resources can be from multiple sources, such as the public and private sectors, income generating activities, and other funding that will be adequate financial resources for sustaining project’s outcomes)?
- What opportunities for financial sustainability exist?
- What additional factors are needed to create an enabling environment for continued financing?
- Has there been the establishment of financial and economic instruments and mechanisms to ensure the ongoing flow of benefits once the GEF assistance ends (i.e. from the public and private sectors, income generating activities, and market transformations to promote the project’s objectives)?

SOCIO-ECONOMIC RISKS TO SUSTAINABILITY

- Are there any social or political risks that may jeopardize sustainability of project outcomes?
- What is the risk that the level of stakeholder ownership (including ownership by governments and other key stakeholders) will be insufficient to allow for the project outcomes/benefits to be sustained? Do the various key stakeholders see that it is in their interest that the project benefits continue to flow?
- Is there sufficient public/ stakeholder awareness in support of the objectives of the project?
- Are lessons learned being documented by the Project Team on a continual basis?
- Are the project’s successful aspects being transferred to appropriate parties, potential future beneficiaries, and others who could learn from the project and potentially replicate and/or scale it in the future?

INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK AND GOVERNANCE RISKS TO SUSTAINABILITY

- Do the legal frameworks, policies, governance structures and processes pose risks that may jeopardize project benefits?
- Has the project put in place frameworks, policies, governance structures and processes that will create mechanisms for accountability, transparency, and technical knowledge transfer after the project’s closure?
- How has the project developed appropriate institutional capacity (systems, structures, staff, expertise, etc.) that will be self-sufficient after the project closure date?
- How has the project identified and involved champions (i.e. individuals in government and civil society) who can promote sustainability of project outcomes?
- Has the project achieved stakeholders’ (including government stakeholders’) consensus regarding courses of action on project activities after the project’s closure date?
- Does the project leadership have the ability to respond to future institutional and governance changes (i.e. foreseeable changes to local or national political leadership)? Can the project strategies effectively be incorporated/mainstreamed into future planning?

ENVIRONMENTAL RISKS TO SUSTAINABILITY

- Are there environmental factors that could undermine and reverse the project’s outcomes and results, including factors that have been identified by project stakeholders?

RATINGS FOR SUSTAINABILITY

Based on the assessment of the categories above, the MTR team should assign one overall Sustainability rating from the 4-point scale: Likely (L), Moderately Likely (ML), Moderately Unlikely (MU), and Unlikely (U).
Box 6. Sustainability Rating Scale

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Likely (L)</th>
<th>Negligible risks to sustainability, with key outcomes on track to be achieved by the project’s closure and expected to continue into the foreseeable future</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Moderately Likely (ML)</td>
<td>Moderate risks, but expectations that at least some outcomes will be sustained due to the progress towards results on outcomes at the Midterm Review</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderately Unlikely (MU)</td>
<td>Significant risk that key outcomes will not carry on after project closure, although some outputs and activities should carry on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unlikely (U)</td>
<td>Severe risks that project outcomes as well as key outputs will not be sustained</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The selected rating and a description/explanation of that rating should be included in the MTR Ratings & Achievements Summary table (Table 2).

3.4 Conclusions & Recommendations

CONCLUSIONS

The MTR team will include a section of the report setting out their conclusions in light of the findings. The conclusions should be comprehensive and balanced, and highlight the strengths, weaknesses and results of the project. They should be well substantiated by the evidence gathered and clearly connected to the MTR’s findings. They should respond to MTR questions from the ToR and provide insights into the identification of and/or solutions to important problems or issues pertinent to project stakeholders, including UNDP and GEF.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the findings and conclusions, the MTR report should provide practical, feasible recommendations directed to the project management and relevant stakeholders on actions to take and decisions to make. Recommendations should be succinct suggestions for critical interventions that are specific, measurable, achievable, and relevant.

For example, recommendations may include:

- Corrective actions for the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of the project, etc.
- Actions to follow up or reinforce initial benefits from the project
- Proposals for future directions underlining main objectives and mitigating risks to sustainability

A recommendation summary chart should be included in the executive summary of the MTR report. This chart should include suggestions for who should be responsible for carrying forth each recommendation. It is highly recommended that the MTR team make no more than 15 recommendations.

See the Annex 10 for guidance on a recommendation summary table.

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38 Alternatively, MTR conclusions may be integrated into the body of the report.
## Annex 1. Glossary of Terms

This glossary of terms is drawn from UNDP, GEF and UNEG source materials, as well as from the OECD-DAC.  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Activities</td>
<td>Actions taken through which the project inputs are mobilized to produce specific outputs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adaptive Management</td>
<td>The project’s ability to adapt to changes to the project design (project objective, outcomes, or outputs) during implementation resulting from: (a) original objectives that were not sufficiently articulated; (b) exogenous conditions that changed, due to which a change in objectives was needed; (c) the project’s restructuring because the original objectives were overambitious; or (d) the project’s restructuring because of a lack of progress.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conclusions</td>
<td>Point out the factors of success and failure of the evaluated intervention, with special attention paid to the intended and unintended results and impacts, and more generally to any other strength or weakness. A conclusion draws on data collection and analyses undertaken, through a transparent chain of arguments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Co-financing</td>
<td>Includes Grants, Loans/Concessional (compared to market rate), Credits, Equity investments, In-kind support, other contributions mobilized for the project from other multilateral agencies, bilateral development cooperation agencies, NGOs, the private sector and beneficiaries. Refer to Council documents on co-financing for definitions, such as GEF/C.20/6 and GEF/C.46/09.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost Effectiveness</td>
<td>Assesses the achievement of the environmental and developmental objectives as well as the project’s outputs in relation to the inputs, costs, and implementing time. It also examines the project’s compliance with the application of the incremental cost concept.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Country Ownership</td>
<td>Relevance of the project to national development and environmental agendas, recipient country commitment, and regional and international agreements where applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental risks to sustainability</td>
<td>Environmental factors that threaten sustainability of project outcomes (i.e. biodiversity-related project gains or water quality-related project gains that may be at risk due to frequent severe storms)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaluation</td>
<td>Project evaluations assess the efficiency and effectiveness of a project in achieving its intended results. They also assess the relevance and sustainability of outputs as contributions to medium-term and longer-term outcomes. Projects can be evaluated during the time of implementation, at the end of implementation (Terminal Evaluation), or after a period of time after the project has ended (ex-post evaluation).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Executing Agency</td>
<td>An entity or agency that receives GEF Funding from a GEF Partner Agency in order to execute a GEF project, or parts of a GEF project, under the supervision of a GEF Partner Agency. May also be referred to as “project executing agency.” See “Implementing Partner” for equivalent UNDP terminology.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial Planning</td>
<td>Includes actual project cost by activity, financial management (including disbursement issues), and co-financing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial risks to sustainability</td>
<td>Financial factors that threaten sustainability of project outcomes. Factors to be considered are whether financial and economic resources are likely to be available after GEF grant assistance ends, or if macroeconomic conditions in the country/region are likely to affect future funding.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEF Agency</td>
<td>GEF Agencies are the 10 institutions that are entitled to receive GEF Trust Fund resources directly from the GEF Trustee for the design, implementation, and supervision of GEF Projects as of November 2010. They include the following organizations: AfDB, ADB, EBRD, FAO, IADB, IBRD, IFAD, UNDP, UNEP, and UNIDO.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEF Partner Agencies</td>
<td>Those agencies eligible to request and receive GEF resources directly for the design, implementation, and supervision of GEF Projects. This category includes both GEF Agencies and GEF Project Agencies. It does not include agencies designated by countries that request resources from the GEF Secretariat for the execution of activities under GEF direct access modalities (implemented by the GEF Secretariat), including for Convention reports and National Portfolio Formulation Exercises.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEF Project Agencies</td>
<td>Any of the institutions that the GEF has accredited to receive GEF resources to design, implement and supervise GEF-financed projects apart from the ten GEF Agencies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inputs</td>
<td>Financial, human and material resources used for the project</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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[39] Development Cooperation Directorate, Development Assistance Committee, at the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development. See the DAC Network on Development Evaluation, Glossary of key terms in evaluation and results based management.
| Implementing Partner | UNDP terminology for the entity to which the UNDP Administrator has entrusted the implementation of UNDP assistance specified in a signed document along with the assumption of full responsibility and accountability for the effective use of UNDP resources and the delivery of outputs, as set forth in such document. By signing a Project Document an implementing partner enters into an agreement with UNDP to manage the project and achieve the results defined in the relevant documents. UNDP may select an implementing partner for a project from one of five different types of partner organizations. These categories are: 1. Government entities. The use of a government entity is referred to as national implementation. Eligible government entities include: (a) A ministry of the government; (b) A department within a ministry; (c) A governmental institution of a semi-autonomous nature, such as, the central bank, a university, a regional or local authority or a municipality. 2. United Nations agencies that have signed the Implementing Partner Agreement. 3. Civil Society Organizations (CSOs). 4. UNDP - this is referred to as direct implementation. 5. Approved inter-governmental organizations that are not part of the UN system. |
| Implementation Approach | Includes an analysis of the project’s work-planning, finance, stakeholder engagement, communication strategy, partnerships in implementation arrangements, and overall project management. |
| Institutional framework and governance risks to sustainability | Legal, policy, and governance factors that threaten sustainability of project outcomes. Factors to be considered are whether systems of accountability, transparency, and technical know-how are in place. |
| Jointly-conducted Midterm Review | A Midterm Review in which different donor agencies and/or partners participate. |
| Monitoring | The periodic oversight of a process, or the implementation of an activity, which seeks to establish the extent to which inputs, work schedules, other required actions and outputs are proceeding according to plan, so that timely action can be taken to correct the deficiencies detected. |
| Outputs | Products and services that result from the project. |
| Outputs | The likely or achieved short- and medium-term effects of an intervention’s outputs. Examples of outcomes could include, but are not restricted to, stronger institutional capacities, higher public awareness (when leading to changes of behavior), and transformed policy frameworks or markets. |
| Quality Assurance/Review | Quality assurance encompasses any activity that is concerned with assessing and improving the merit or the worth of an intervention or its compliance with given standards. For the purposes of this Guide, it especially refers to the assessment of the quality of Midterm Reviews carried out for UNDP/GEF projects. |
| Replication | In the context of GEF projects, is defined as lessons and experiences coming out of the project that are replicated or scaled up in the design and implementation of other projects. |
| Results | The positive and negative, foreseen and unforeseen changes to and effects produced by a development intervention. In GEF terms, results include direct project outputs, short- to medium-term outcomes, and longer term impact including global environmental benefits, replication effects, and other local effects. |
| Socio-economic risks to sustainability | Social risks to economic changes and/or political and cultural factors that threaten sustainability of project outcomes. Factors to be considered are level of stakeholder ownership (over project planning, resources, project benefits, etc.) and stakeholder awareness in support of the project’s long-term objectives. |
| Stakeholder | Agencies, organizations, groups or individuals who have a direct or indirect interest in the intervention or its evaluation. |
| Stakeholder Engagement | The process by which a project involves people who may be affected by the decisions it makes or can influence the implementation of its decisions. |
| Sustainability | The likely ability of an intervention to continue to deliver benefits for an extended period of time after completion. |
| Terms of Reference | Written document presenting the purpose and scope of the MTR, the methods to be used, the standard against which performance is to be assessed or analyses are to be conducted, the resources and time allocated, and reporting requirements. |
# Annex 2. Summary of Roles & Responsibilities by MTR Phase

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pre-MTR</th>
<th>Commissioning Unit</th>
<th>Regional Technical Advisor (RTA)</th>
<th>Programme Associate (PA)</th>
<th>Project Team</th>
<th>MTR Team</th>
<th>GEF Operational Focal Point (OFP)</th>
<th>Project Board</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Ensure that sufficient funds have been allocated for conducting the MTR as per the M&amp;E plan included in the Project Document (if project is jointly-implemented, ensure responsibilities for MTR are clear) 2. Support the Project Team in preparation of GEF TTs in advance of the advertisement of the MTR ToR 3. Prepare the MTR ToR that aligns with the minimum standards for a MTR ToR, as outlined in this guidance (the drafting and advertisement of the MTR ToR should occur before the submission of the 2nd PIR); send to PA for comment and final approval 4. Advertise the ToR</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>1. Ensure that the MTR ToR prepared by the Commissioning Unit aligns with the minimum standards for a MTR ToR, as outlined in this guidance; provide feedback to improve the ToR, as necessary (the drafting and advertisement of the MTR ToR should occur before the submission of the 2nd PIR) 2. Work with the Commissioning Unit to ensure that the GEF Tracking Tools are fully drafted and sent to the RTA before the advertisement of the MTR ToR</td>
<td>1. Prepare relevant GEF Tracking Tools</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>1. Provide input to the Commissioning Unit in developing the MTR ToR as appropriate</td>
<td>1. Review and agree to the objectives of the MTR outlined in the ToR</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preparation</th>
<th>Commissioning Unit</th>
<th>Regional Technical Advisor (RTA)</th>
<th>Programme Associate (PA)</th>
<th>Project Team</th>
<th>MTR Team</th>
<th>GEF Operational Focal Point (OFP)</th>
<th>Project Board</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Select the MTR team following UNDP procurement standards; obtain the approval from the UNDP-GEF team in the region prior to making the offer</td>
<td>1. Quality assure the GEF Tracking Tools</td>
<td>1. Assist the Commissioning Unit with MTR consultant(s)</td>
<td>1. Compile project information package to provide to the</td>
<td>1. Review evaluation ethics and ensure steps to protect the rights and confidentiality of persons interviewed for</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**ANNEX 2 Summary of Roles and Responsibilities by MTR Phase**

25
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preparation (continued)</th>
<th>Commissioning Unit</th>
<th>Regional Technical Advisor (RTA)</th>
<th>Programme Associate (PA)</th>
<th>Project Team</th>
<th>MTR Team</th>
<th>GEF Operational Focal Point (OFP)</th>
<th>Project Board</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2. Assist the MTR team with collecting co-financing data by sending the co-financing table to each of the co-financers, if necessary 3. Provide the MTR team with the project information package 4. Facilitate the finalization of GEF TTs</td>
<td></td>
<td>qualification review, as necessary</td>
<td>Commissioning Unit 2. Assist with logistics (make sure itineraries are set for MTR mission and stakeholders are informed with sufficient notice) 3. Respond to review of GEF TT and finalize it with assistance from RTA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>the MTR 2. Review this MTR guidance, and other relevant UNDP and/or GEF guidance 3. Review project information package, including GEF Tracking Tools from CEO endorsement and midterm 4. Work with the Project Team/Commissioning Unit to ensure appropriate timing of the review mission</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implementation</td>
<td>1. Approve MTR inception report (formally agree on MTR mission) 2. Share inception report with GEF OFP and relevant stakeholders 3. Assist in sending formal requests for interviews for the MTR mission as necessary 4. Participate in wrap up meeting in which the MTR team presents initial findings</td>
<td>1. Be available for a Skype interview with MTR team before the MTR mission, if requested</td>
<td>1. Be available for a Skype interview with MTR team before the MTR mission, if requested</td>
<td>1. Assist with logistics of MTR mission 2. Support MTR interviews if requested 3. Participate in wrap up meeting in which the MTR team presents initial findings</td>
<td>1. Prepare MTR inception report, including a detailed plan of the mission with an interview schedule, and provide it to the Commissioning Unit no later than 2 weeks before the MTR mission 2. Conduct the MTR mission 3. Have a mission wrap-up meeting with Project Team/Commissioning Unit to request additional info/present initial findings</td>
<td>1. Participate in MTR mission wrap up meeting as appropriate</td>
<td>1. Participate as interviewees in MTR interviews if requested</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post-mission</td>
<td>1. Brief the GEF OFP at the end of the MTR mission 2. Coordinate the MTR report review and comment process; send report</td>
<td>1. Do a quality assurance review on the draft MTR report to look for</td>
<td>1. Review the draft MTR report using the Report Content Review</td>
<td>1. Review MTR report; look for inaccuracies, and provide</td>
<td>1. Complete and submit the first draft of the report to the Commissioning Unit</td>
<td>1. Review and provide comments to MTR report</td>
<td>1. Review and approve the management response</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post-mission (continued)</td>
<td>Commissioning Unit</td>
<td>Regional Technical Advisor (RTA)</td>
<td>Programme Associate (PA)</td>
<td>Project Team</td>
<td>MTR Team</td>
<td>GEF Operational Focal Point (OFP)</td>
<td>Project Board</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>with comments to the MTR team</td>
<td>factual errors and gaps in analysis; provide comments to the Commissioning Unit and/or MTR team</td>
<td>Checklist (Annex 12) to ensure that the report complies with the requirements laid out in the ToR; provide comments and the completed Checklist to the RTA</td>
<td>comments to the MTR team</td>
<td>within 3 weeks after mission</td>
<td>2. Contribute to the management response to the MTR</td>
<td>2. Participate in optional concluding stakeholder workshop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Review final MTR report, sign the MTR clearance form in Annex 3 (ToR Annex F), and send to RTA for their final approval and signature</td>
<td>2. Sign the MTR report clearance form in Annex 3 (ToR Annex F) to accept the final MTR report</td>
<td>2. Brief the Project Board on the main findings and recommendations of the MTR</td>
<td>2. After receiving initial comments on MTR report, provide an “audit trail” to create the revised final MTR report within 1 week of comments; send final report to the Commissioning Unit</td>
<td>3. Draft the management response, and obtain input/feedback from the Commissioning Unit and RTA</td>
<td>3. Participate in optional concluding stakeholder workshop</td>
<td>3. If new indicators or revisions to existing indicators are proposed by MTR, approve and ensure are added to the project’s LogFrame and that systems are established to monitor these new indicators.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Make arrangements for translations of the draft and/or final MTR report into English (if necessary) within 2 months of submitting the 3rd PIR</td>
<td>2. If changes to LogFrame are approved, ensure that the Development Objective (DO) section of the 3rd PIR is revised accordingly</td>
<td>3. Draft the management response, and obtain input/feedback from the Commissioning Unit and RTA</td>
<td>4. Implement management response actions, where relevant</td>
<td>4. Integrate MTR recommendations into subsequent Annual Work Plan</td>
<td>4. Implement management response actions, where relevant</td>
<td>4. Implement management response actions, where relevant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Work with the Project Team to prepare a management response (this can be done at the same time as the circulation of the draft MTR report)</td>
<td>3. Quality assure the management response</td>
<td>3. Post the completed MTR report and management response (both in English) to PIMS</td>
<td>5. Participate in optional concluding stakeholder workshop</td>
<td>6. Participate in optional concluding stakeholder workshop</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6. Ensure RTA and Project Board reviews and approves the management response (this can be done at the same time as the MTR report is being finalized)</td>
<td></td>
<td>6. Implement management response actions, where relevant</td>
<td>6. Integrate MTR recommendations into subsequent Annual Work Plan</td>
<td>7. Implement management response actions, where relevant</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7. Host the concluding stakeholder workshop (optional)</td>
<td></td>
<td>7. Implement management response actions, where relevant</td>
<td>7. Implement management response actions, where relevant</td>
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<td></td>
<td>8. Approve the final payment to the MTR team</td>
<td></td>
<td>8. Participate in optional concluding stakeholder workshop</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9. If new indicators or revisions to existing indicators are proposed by the MTR, decide with the Project Board if those changes should be approved and added to the project’s LogFrame and that systems are in place to monitor new indicators</td>
<td></td>
<td>9. If new indicators or revisions to existing indicators are proposed by the MTR, decide with the Project Board if those changes should be approved and added to the project’s LogFrame and that systems are in place to monitor new indicators</td>
<td>9. If new indicators or revisions to existing indicators are proposed by the MTR, decide with the Project Board if those changes should be approved and added to the project’s LogFrame and that systems are in place to monitor new indicators</td>
<td>10. Decide if the MTR report and management response should be posted to the ERC (not mandatory)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10. Decide if the MTR report and management response should be posted to the ERC (not mandatory)</td>
<td></td>
<td>11. Ensure that MTR recommendations are properly reflected in the subsequent Annual Work Plan and budget</td>
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</table>
Annex 3. Midterm Review Terms of Reference Standard Template 1

Formatted for attachment to UNDP Procurement Website

1. INTRODUCTION

This is the Terms of Reference (ToR) for the UNDP-GEF Midterm Review (MTR) of the full or medium-sized project titled Project Title (PIMS#) implemented through the Executing Agency/Implementing Partner, which is to be undertaken in year. The project started on the Project Document signature date and is in its third year of implementation. In line with the UNDP-GEF Guidance on MTRs, this MTR process was initiated before the submission of the second Project Implementation Report (PIR). This ToR sets out the expectations for this MTR. The MTR process must follow the guidance outlined in the document Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects (insert hyperlink).

2. PROJECT BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The project was designed to: (provide a brief introduction to the project including project goal, objective and key outcomes, its location, timeframe the justification for the project, total budget and planned co-financing. Briefly describe the institutional arrangements of the project and any other relevant partners and stakeholders).

3. OBJECTIVES OF THE MTR

The MTR will assess progress towards the achievement of the project objectives and outcomes as specified in the Project Document, and assess early signs of project success or failure with the goal of identifying the necessary changes to be made in order to set the project on-track to achieve its intended results. The MTR will also review the project’s strategy, its risks to sustainability.

4. MTR APPROACH & METHODOLOGY

The MTR must provide evidence based information that is credible, reliable and useful. The MTR team will review all relevant sources of information including documents prepared during the preparation phase (i.e. PIF, UNDP Initiation Plan, UNDP Environmental & Social Safeguard Policy, the Project Document, project reports including Annual Project Review/PIRs, project budget revisions, lesson learned reports, national strategic and legal documents, and any other materials that the team considers useful for this evidence-based review). The MTR team will review the baseline GEF focal area Tracking Tool submitted to the GEF at CEO endorsement, and the midterm GEF focal area Tracking Tool that must be completed before the MTR field mission begins.

The MTR team is expected to follow a collaborative and participatory approach ensuring close engagement with the Project Team, government counterparts (the GEF Operational Focal Point), the UNDP Country Office(s), UNDP-GEF Regional Technical Advisers, and other key stakeholders.

Engagement of stakeholders is vital to a successful MTR. Stakeholder involvement should include interviews with stakeholders who have project responsibilities, including but not limited to (list).

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40 For ideas on innovative and participatory Monitoring and Evaluation strategies and techniques, see UNDP Discussion Paper: Innovations in Monitoring & Evaluating Results, 05 Nov 2013.
41 For more stakeholder engagement in the M&E process, see the UNDP Handbook on Planning, Monitoring and Evaluating for Development Results, Chapter 3, pg. 93.
executing agencies, senior officials and task team/ component leaders, key experts and consultants in the subject area, Project Board, project stakeholders, academia, local government and CSOs, etc. Additionally, the MTR team is expected to conduct field missions to (location), including the following project sites (list).

The final MTR report should describe the full MTR approach taken and the rationale for the approach making explicit the underlying assumptions, challenges, strengths and weaknesses about the methods and approach of the review.

5. DETAILED SCOPE OF THE MTR

The MTR team will assess the following four categories of project progress. See the Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects for extended descriptions.

i. Project Strategy

Project design:
- Review the problem addressed by the project and the underlying assumptions. Review the effect of any incorrect assumptions or changes to the context to achieving the project results as outlined in the Project Document.
- Review the relevance of the project strategy and assess whether it provides the most effective route towards expected/intended results. Were lessons from other relevant projects properly incorporated into the project design?
- Review how the project addresses country priorities. Review country ownership. Was the project concept in line with the national sector development priorities and plans of the country (or of participating countries in the case of multi-country projects)?
- Review decision-making processes: were perspectives of those who would be affected by project decisions, those who could affect the outcomes, and those who could contribute information or other resources to the process, taken into account during project design processes?
- Review the extent to which relevant gender issues were raised in the project design. See Annex 9 of Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects for further guidelines.
- If there are major areas of concern, recommend areas for improvement.

Results Framework/Logframe:
- Undertake a critical analysis of the project’s logframe indicators and targets, assess how “SMART” the midterm and end-of-project targets are (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Relevant, Time-bound), and suggest specific amendments/revisions to the targets and indicators as necessary.
- Are the project’s objectives and outcomes or components clear, practical, and feasible within its time frame?
- Examine if progress so far has led to, or could in the future catalyse beneficial development effects (i.e. income generation, gender equality and women’s empowerment, improved governance etc...) that should be included in the project results framework and monitored on an annual basis.
- Ensure broader development and gender aspects of the project are being monitored effectively. Develop and recommend SMART ‘development’ indicators, including sex-disaggregated indicators and indicators that capture development benefits.

ii. Progress Towards Results

Progress Towards Outcomes Analysis:
- Review the logframe indicators against progress made towards the end-of-project targets using the Progress Towards Results Matrix and following the Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-
Supported, GEF-Financed Projects; colour code progress in a “traffic light system” based on the level of progress achieved; assign a rating on progress for each outcome; make recommendations from the areas marked as “Not on target to be achieved” (red).

Table. Progress Towards Results Matrix (Achievement of outcomes against End-of-project Targets)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Strategy</th>
<th>Indicator42</th>
<th>Baseline Level43</th>
<th>Level in 1st PIR (self-reported)</th>
<th>Midterm Target44</th>
<th>End-of-project Target</th>
<th>Midterm Level &amp; Assessment45</th>
<th>Achievement Rating46</th>
<th>Justification for Rating</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Objective:</td>
<td>Indicator (if applicable):</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outcome 1:</td>
<td>Indicator 1:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Indicator 2:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outcome 2:</td>
<td>Indicator 3:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Indicator 4:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Etc.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Indicator Assessment Key**

- Green = Achieved
- Yellow = On target to be achieved
- Red = Not on target to be achieved

In addition to the progress towards outcomes analysis:

- Compare and analyse the GEF Tracking Tool at the Baseline with the one completed right before the Midterm Review.
- Identify remaining barriers to achieving the project objective in the remainder of the project.
- By reviewing the aspects of the project that have already been successful, identify ways in which the project can further expand these benefits.

iii. **Project Implementation and Adaptive Management**

**Management Arrangements:**

- Review overall effectiveness of project management as outlined in the Project Document. Have changes been made and are they effective? Are responsibilities and reporting lines clear? Is decision-making transparent and undertaken in a timely manner? Recommend areas for improvement.
- Review the quality of execution of the Executing Agency/Implementing Partner(s) and recommend areas for improvement.
- Review the quality of support provided by the GEF Partner Agency (UNDP) and recommend areas for improvement.

**Work Planning:**

- Review any delays in project start-up and implementation, identify the causes and examine if they have been resolved.
- Are work-planning processes results-based? If not, suggest ways to re-orientate work planning to focus on results?
- Examine the use of the project’s results framework/logframe as a management tool and review any changes made to it since project start.

---

42 Populate with data from the Logframe and scorecards
43 Populate with data from the Project Document
44 If available
45 Colour code this column only
46 Use the 6 point Progress Towards Results Rating Scale: HS, S, MS, MU, U, HU
Finance and co-finance:
• Consider the financial management of the project, with specific reference to the cost-effectiveness of interventions.
• Review the changes to fund allocations as a result of budget revisions and assess the appropriateness and relevance of such revisions.
• Does the project have the appropriate financial controls, including reporting and planning, that allow management to make informed decisions regarding the budget and allow for timely flow of funds?
• Informed by the co-financing monitoring table to be filled out, provide commentary on co-financing: is co-financing being used strategically to help the objectives of the project? Is the Project Team meeting with all co-financing partners regularly in order to align financing priorities and annual work plans?

Project-level Monitoring and Evaluation Systems:
• Review the monitoring tools currently being used: Do they provide the necessary information? Do they involve key partners? Are they aligned or mainstreamed with national systems? Do they use existing information? Are they efficient? Are they cost-effective? Are additional tools required? How could they be made more participatory and inclusive?
• Examine the financial management of the project monitoring and evaluation budget. Are sufficient resources being allocated to monitoring and evaluation? Are these resources being allocated effectively?

Stakeholder Engagement:
• Project management: Has the project developed and leveraged the necessary and appropriate partnerships with direct and tangential stakeholders?
• Participation and country-driven processes: Do local and national government stakeholders support the objectives of the project? Do they continue to have an active role in project decision-making that supports efficient and effective project implementation?
• Participation and public awareness: To what extent has stakeholder involvement and public awareness contributed to the progress towards achievement of project objectives?

Reporting:
• Assess how adaptive management changes have been reported by the project management and shared with the Project Board.
• Assess how well the Project Team and partners undertake and fulfil GEF reporting requirements (i.e. how have they addressed poorly-rated PIRs, if applicable?)
• Assess how lessons derived from the adaptive management process have been documented, shared with key partners and internalized by partners.

Communications:
• Review internal project communication with stakeholders: Is communication regular and effective? Are there key stakeholders left out of communication? Are there feedback mechanisms when communication is received? Does this communication with stakeholders contribute to their awareness of project outcomes and activities and investment in the sustainability of project results?
• Review external project communication: Are proper means of communication established or being established to express the project progress and intended impact to the public (is there a web presence, for example? Or did the project implement appropriate outreach and public awareness campaigns?)
• For reporting purposes, write one half-page paragraph that summarizes the project’s progress towards results in terms of contribution to sustainable development benefits, as well as global environmental benefits.
iv. Sustainability

- Validate whether the risks identified in the Project Document, Annual Project Review/PIRs and the ATLAS Risk Management Module are the most important and whether the risk ratings applied are appropriate and up to date. If not, explain why.
- In addition, assess the following risks to sustainability:

Financial risks to sustainability:
- What is the likelihood of financial and economic resources not being available once the GEF assistance ends (consider potential resources can be from multiple sources, such as the public and private sectors, income generating activities, and other funding that will be adequate financial resources for sustaining project’s outcomes)?

Socio-economic risks to sustainability:
- Are there any social or political risks that may jeopardize sustainability of project outcomes? What is the risk that the level of stakeholder ownership (including ownership by governments and other key stakeholders) will be insufficient to allow for the project outcomes/benefits to be sustained? Do the various key stakeholders see that it is in their interest that the project benefits continue to flow? Is there sufficient public / stakeholder awareness in support of the long term objectives of the project? Are lessons learned being documented by the Project Team on a continual basis and shared/transferred to appropriate parties who could learn from the project and potentially replicate and/or scale it in the future?

Institutional Framework and Governance risks to sustainability:
- Do the legal frameworks, policies, governance structures and processes pose risks that may jeopardize sustenance of project benefits? While assessing this parameter, also consider if the required systems/mechanisms for accountability, transparency, and technical knowledge transfer are in place.

Environmental risks to sustainability:
- Are there any environmental risks that may jeopardize sustenance of project outcomes?

Conclusions & Recommendations

The MTR team will include a section of the report setting out the MTR’s evidence-based conclusions, in light of the findings.\(^{47}\)

Recommendations should be succinct suggestions for critical intervention that are specific, measurable, achievable, and relevant. A recommendation table should be put in the report’s executive summary. See the Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects for guidance on a recommendation table.

The MTR team should make no more than 15 recommendations total.

Ratings

The MTR team will include its ratings of the project’s results and brief descriptions of the associated achievements in a MTR Ratings & Achievement Summary Table in the Executive Summary of the MTR report. See Annex E for ratings scales. No rating on Project Strategy and no overall project rating is required.

\(^{47}\) Alternatively, MTR conclusions may be integrated into the body of the report.
Table. MTR Ratings & Achievement Summary Table for *(Project Title)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>MTR Rating</th>
<th>Achievement Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Project Strategy</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Progress Towards Results</td>
<td>Objective Achievement Rating: (rate 6 pt. scale)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outcome 1 Achievement Rating: (rate 6 pt. scale)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outcome 2 Achievement Rating: (rate 6 pt. scale)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outcome 3 Achievement Rating: (rate 6 pt. scale)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Etc.</td>
<td>(rate 6 pt. scale)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Implementation &amp; Adaptive Management</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sustainability</td>
<td>(rate 4 pt. scale)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. TIMEFRAME

The total duration of the MTR will be approximately *(# of weeks)* starting *(date)*, and shall not exceed five months from when the consultant(s) are hired. The tentative MTR timeframe is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TIMEFRAME</th>
<th>ACTIVITY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>(date)</em></td>
<td>Application closes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>(date)</em></td>
<td>Select MTR Team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>(date)</em></td>
<td>Prep the MTR Team (handover of Project Documents)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>(dates) XX days (recommended: 2-4)</em></td>
<td>Document review and preparing MTR Inception Report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>(dates) XX days</em></td>
<td>Finalization and Validation of MTR Inception Report- latest start of MTR mission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>(dates) XX days (r: 7-15)</em></td>
<td>MTR mission: stakeholder meetings, interviews, field visits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>(date)</em></td>
<td>Mission wrap-up meeting &amp; presentation of initial findings- earliest end of MTR mission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>(dates) XX days (r: 5-10)</em></td>
<td>Preparing draft report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>(dates) XX days (r: 1-2)</em></td>
<td>Incorporating audit trail from feedback on draft report/Finalization of MTR report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>(dates)</em></td>
<td>Preparation &amp; Issue of Management Response</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>(date)</em></td>
<td><em>(optional) Concluding Stakeholder Workshop (not mandatory for MTR team)</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>(date)</em></td>
<td>Expected date of full MTR completion</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Options for site visits should be provided in the Inception Report.

7. MIDTERM REVIEW DELIVERABLES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Deliverable</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Timing</th>
<th>Responsibilities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>MTR Inception Report</td>
<td>MTR team clarifies objectives and methods of Midterm Review</td>
<td>No later than 2 weeks before the MTR mission</td>
<td>MTR team submits to the Commissioning Unit and project management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Presentation</td>
<td>Initial Findings</td>
<td>End of MTR mission</td>
<td>MTR Team presents to project management and the Commissioning Unit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Deliverables

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Deliverable</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Timing</th>
<th>Responsibilities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Draft Final Report</td>
<td>Full report (using guidelines on content outlined in Annex B) with annexes</td>
<td>Within 3 weeks of the MTR mission</td>
<td>Sent to the Commissioning Unit, reviewed by RTA, Project Coordinating Unit, GEF OFP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Final Report*</td>
<td>Revised report with audit trail detailing how all received comments have (and have not) been addressed in the final MTR report</td>
<td>Within 1 week of receiving UNDP comments on draft</td>
<td>Sent to the Commissioning Unit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The final MTR report must be in English. If applicable, the Commissioning Unit may choose to arrange for a translation of the report into a language more widely shared by national stakeholders.

### 8. MTR ARRANGEMENTS

The principal responsibility for managing this MTR resides with the Commissioning Unit. The Commissioning Unit for this project’s MTR is **In the case of single-country projects, the Commissioning Unit is the UNDP Country Office. In the case of regional projects and jointly-implemented projects, typically the principal responsibility for managing this MTR resides with the country or agency or regional coordination body – please confirm with the UNDP-GEF team in the region – that is receiving the larger proportion of GEF financing. For global projects, the Commissioning Unit can be the UNDP-GEF Directorate or the lead UNDP Country Office.**

The commissioning unit will contract the consultants and ensure the timely provision of per diems and travel arrangements within the country for the MTR team. The Project Team will be responsible for liaising with the MTR team to provide all relevant documents, set up stakeholder interviews, and arrange field visits.

### 9. TEAM COMPOSITION

A team of two independent consultants will conduct the MTR - one team leader (with experience and exposure to projects and evaluations in other regions globally) and one team expert, usually from the country of the project. The consultants cannot have participated in the project preparation, formulation, and/or implementation (including the writing of the Project Document) and should not have a conflict of interest with project’s related activities.

The selection of consultants will be aimed at maximizing the overall “team” qualities in the following areas: **(give a weight to all these qualifications so applicants know what is the max amount of points they can earn for the technical evaluation)**

- Recent experience with result-based management evaluation methodologies;
- Experience applying SMART indicators and reconstructing or validating baseline scenarios;
- Competence in adaptive management, as applied to *(fill in GEF Focal Area)*;
- Experience working with the GEF or GEF-evaluations;
- Experience working in *(region of project)*;
- Work experience in relevant technical areas for at least 10 years;
- Demonstrated understanding of issues related to gender and *(fill in GEF Focal Area)*; experience in gender sensitive evaluation and analysis.
- Excellent communication skills;
- Demonstrable analytical skills;
- Project evaluation/review experiences within United Nations system will be considered an asset;
- A Master’s degree in *(fill in)*, or other closely related field.
10. PAYMENT MODALITIES AND SPECIFICATIONS

10% of payment upon approval of the final MTR Inception Report
30% upon submission of the draft MTR report
60% upon finalization of the MTR report

Or, as otherwise agreed between the Commissioning Unit and the MTR team.

11. APPLICATION PROCESS

Recommended Presentation of Proposal:

a) **Letter of Confirmation of Interest and Availability** using the template provided by UNDP;

b) **CV** and a **Personal History Form (P11 form)**;

c) **Brief description of approach to work/technical proposal** of why the individual considers him/herself as the most suitable for the assignment, and a proposed methodology on how they will approach and complete the assignment; (max 1 page)

d) **Financial Proposal** that indicates the all-inclusive fixed total contract price and all other travel related costs (such as flight ticket, per diem, etc), supported by a breakdown of costs, as per template attached to the Letter of Confirmation of Interest template. If an applicant is employed by an organization/company/institution, and he/she expects his/her employer to charge a management fee in the process of releasing him/her to UNDP under Reimbursable Loan Agreement (RLA), the applicant must indicate at this point, and ensure that all such costs are duly incorporated in the financial proposal submitted to UNDP.

All application materials should be submitted to the address (fill address) in a sealed envelope indicating the following reference “Consultant for (project title) Midterm Review” or by email at the following address ONLY: (fill email) by *(time and date)*. Incomplete applications will be excluded from further consideration.

**Criteria for Evaluation of Proposal:** Only those applications which are responsive and compliant will be evaluated. Offers will be evaluated according to the Combined Scoring method – where the educational background and experience on similar assignments will be weighted at 70% and the price proposal will weigh as 30% of the total scoring. The applicant receiving the Highest Combined Score that has also accepted UNDP’s General Terms and Conditions will be awarded the contract.

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48 Engagement of the consultants should be done in line with guidelines for hiring consultants in the POPP: https://info.undp.org/global/poppp/Pages/default.aspx
50 http://www.undp.org/content/dam/undp/library/corporate/Careers/P11_Personal_history_form.doc
ToR ANNEX A: List of Documents to be reviewed by the MTR Team

1. PIF
2. UNDP Initiation Plan
3. UNDP Project Document
4. UNDP Environmental and Social Screening results
5. Project Inception Report
6. All Project Implementation Reports (PIR’s)
7. Quarterly progress reports and work plans of the various implementation task teams
8. Audit reports
9. Finalized GEF focal area Tracking Tools at CEO endorsement and midterm (fill in specific TT’s for this project’s focal area)
10. Oversight mission reports
11. All monitoring reports prepared by the project
12. Financial and Administration guidelines used by Project Team

The following documents will also be available:
13. Project operational guidelines, manuals and systems
14. UNDP country/countries programme document(s)
15. Minutes of the (Project Title) Board Meetings and other meetings (i.e. Project Appraisal Committee meetings)
16. Project site location maps

ToR ANNEX B: Guidelines on Contents for the Midterm Review Report

i. Basic Report Information (for opening page or title page)
   - Title of UNDP supported GEF financed project
   - UNDP PIMS# and GEF project ID#
   - MTR time frame and date of MTR report
   - Region and countries included in the project
   - GEF Operational Focal Area/Strategic Program
   - Executing Agency/Implementing Partner and other project partners
   - MTR team members
   - Acknowledgements

ii. Table of Contents

iii. Acronyms and Abbreviations

1. Executive Summary (3-5 pages)
   - Project Information Table
   - Project Description (brief)
   - Project Progress Summary (between 200-500 words)
   - MTR Ratings & Achievement Summary Table
   - Concise summary of conclusions
   - Recommendation Summary Table

2. Introduction (2-3 pages)
   - Purpose of the MTR and objectives
   - Scope & Methodology: principles of design and execution of the MTR, MTR approach and data collection methods, limitations to the MTR
   - Structure of the MTR report

---

51 The Report length should not exceed 40 pages in total (not including annexes).
3. Project Description and Background Context (3-5 pages)
   - Development context: environmental, socio-economic, institutional, and policy factors relevant to the project objective and scope
   - Problems that the project sought to address: threats and barriers targeted
   - Project Description and Strategy: objective, outcomes and expected results, description of field sites (if any)
   - Project Implementation Arrangements: short description of the Project Board, key implementing partner arrangements, etc.
   - Project timing and milestones
   - Main stakeholders: summary list

4. Findings (12-14 pages)
   4.1 Project Strategy
      - Project Design
      - Results Framework/Logframe
   4.2 Progress Towards Results
      - Progress towards outcomes analysis
      - Remaining barriers to achieving the project objective
   4.3 Project Implementation and Adaptive Management
      - Management Arrangements
      - Work planning
      - Finance and co-finance
      - Project-level monitoring and evaluation systems
      - Stakeholder engagement
      - Reporting
      - Communications
   4.4 Sustainability
      - Financial risks to sustainability
      - Socio-economic to sustainability
      - Institutional framework and governance risks to sustainability
      - Environmental risks to sustainability

5. Conclusions and Recommendations (4-6 pages)
   5.1 Conclusions
      - Comprehensive and balanced statements (that are evidence-based and connected to the MTR’s findings) which highlight the strengths, weaknesses and results of the project
   5.2 Recommendations
      - Corrective actions for the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of the project
      - Actions to follow up or reinforce initial benefits from the project
      - Proposals for future directions underlining main objectives

6. Annexes
   - MTR ToR (excluding ToR annexes)
   - MTR evaluative matrix (evaluation criteria with key questions, indicators, sources of data, and methodology)
   - Example Questionnaire or Interview Guide used for data collection
   - Ratings Scales
   - MTR mission itinerary
   - List of persons interviewed
   - List of documents reviewed
   - Co-financing table (if not previously included in the body of the report)
   - Signed UNEG Code of Conduct form
   - Signed MTR final report clearance form
   - Annexed in a separate file: Audit trail from received comments on draft MTR report
   - Annexed in a separate file: Relevant midterm tracking tools (METT, FSC, Capacity scorecard, etc.)
ToR ANNEX C: Midterm Review Evaluative Matrix Template

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Evaluative Questions</th>
<th>Indicators</th>
<th>Sources</th>
<th>Methodology</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Project Strategy: To what extent is the project strategy relevant to country priorities, country ownership, and the best route towards expected results?</td>
<td>(i.e. relationships established, level of coherence between project design and implementation approach, specific activities conducted, quality of risk mitigation strategies, etc.)</td>
<td>(i.e. project documents, national policies or strategies, websites, project staff, project partners, data collected throughout the MTR mission, etc.)</td>
<td>(i.e. document analysis, data analysis, interviews with project staff, interviews with stakeholders, etc.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Progress Towards Results: To what extent have the expected outcomes and objectives of the project been achieved thus far?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Implementation and Adaptive Management: Has the project been implemented efficiently, cost-effectively, and been able to adapt to any changing conditions thus far? To what extent are project-level monitoring and evaluation systems, reporting, and project communications supporting the project's implementation?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sustainability: To what extent are there financial, institutional, socio-economic, and/or environmental risks to sustaining long-term project results?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ToR ANNEX D: UNEG Code of Conduct for Evaluators/Midterm Review Consultants

Evaluators/Consultants:
1. Must present information that is complete and fair in its assessment of strengths and weaknesses so that decisions or actions taken are well founded.
2. Must disclose the full set of evaluation findings along with information on their limitations and have this accessible to all affected by the evaluation with expressed legal rights to receive results.
3. Should protect the anonymity and confidentiality of individual informants. They should provide maximum notice, minimize demands on time, and respect people’s right not to engage. Evaluators must respect people’s right to provide information in confidence, and must ensure that sensitive information cannot be traced to its source. Evaluators are not expected to evaluate individuals, and must balance an evaluation of management functions with this general principle.
4. Sometimes uncover evidence of wrongdoing while conducting evaluations. Such cases must be reported discreetly to the appropriate investigative body. Evaluators should consult with other relevant oversight entities when there is any doubt about if and how issues should be reported.
5. Should be sensitive to beliefs, manners and customs and act with integrity and honesty in their relations with all stakeholders. In line with the UN Universal Declaration of Human Rights, evaluators must be sensitive to and address issues of discrimination and gender equality. They should avoid offending the dignity and self-respect of those persons with whom they come in contact in the course of the evaluation. Knowing that evaluation might negatively affect the interests of some stakeholders, evaluators should conduct the evaluation and communicate its purpose and results in a way that clearly respects the stakeholders’ dignity and self-worth.
6. Are responsible for their performance and their product(s). They are responsible for the clear, accurate and fair written and/or oral presentation of study limitations, findings and recommendations.
7. Should reflect sound accounting procedures and be prudent in using the resources of the evaluation.

MTR Consultant Agreement Form

Agreement to abide by the Code of Conduct for Evaluation in the UN System:

Name of Consultant: __________________________________________________________________

Name of Consultancy Organization (where relevant): __________________________________________

I confirm that I have received and understood and will abide by the United Nations Code of Conduct for Evaluation.

Signed at ___________________________ (Place) on ___________________________ (Date)

Signature: _________________________________

---

52 www.undp.org/unegecodeofconduct
### ToR ANNEX E: MTR Ratings

#### Ratings for Progress Towards Results: (one rating for each outcome and for the objective)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rating</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 6 | Highly Satisfactory (HS) | The objective/outcome is expected to achieve or exceed all its end-of-project targets, without major shortcomings. The progress towards the objective/outcome can be presented as “good practice”.
| 5 | Satisfactory (S) | The objective/outcome is expected to achieve most of its end-of-project targets, with only minor shortcomings.
| 4 | Moderately Satisfactory (MS) | The objective/outcome is expected to achieve most of its end-of-project targets but with significant shortcomings.
| 3 | Moderately Unsatisfactory (HU) | The objective/outcome is expected to achieve its end-of-project targets with major shortcomings.
| 2 | Unsatisfactory (U) | The objective/outcome is expected not to achieve most of its end-of-project targets.
| 1 | Highly Unsatisfactory (HU) | The objective/outcome has failed to achieve its midterm targets, and is not expected to achieve any of its end-of-project targets.

#### Ratings for Project Implementation & Adaptive Management: (one overall rating)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rating</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 6 | Highly Satisfactory (HS) | Implementation of all seven components – management arrangements, work planning, finance and co-finance, project-level monitoring and evaluation systems, stakeholder engagement, reporting, and communications – is leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management. The project can be presented as “good practice”.
| 5 | Satisfactory (S) | Implementation of most of the seven components is leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management except for only few that are subject to remedial action.
| 4 | Moderately Satisfactory (MS) | Implementation of some of the seven components is leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management, with some components requiring remedial action.
| 3 | Moderately Unsatisfactory (MU) | Implementation of some of the seven components is not leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive, with most components requiring remedial action.
| 2 | Unsatisfactory (U) | Implementation of most of the seven components is not leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management.
| 1 | Highly Unsatisfactory (HU) | Implementation of none of the seven components is leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management.

#### Ratings for Sustainability: (one overall rating)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rating</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 4 | Likely (L) | Negligible risks to sustainability, with key outcomes on track to be achieved by the project’s closure and expected to continue into the foreseeable future.
| 3 | Moderately Likely (ML) | Moderate risks, but expectations that at least some outcomes will be sustained due to the progress towards results on outcomes at the Midterm Review.
| 2 | Moderately Unlikely (MU) | Significant risk that key outcomes will not carry on after project closure, although some outputs and activities should carry on.
| 1 | Unlikely (U) | Severe risks that project outcomes as well as key outputs will not be sustained.

### ToR ANNEX F: MTR Report Clearance Form

*(to be completed by the Commissioning Unit and UNDP-GEF RTA and included in the final document)*

**Midterm Review Report Reviewed and Cleared By:**

**Commissioning Unit**

Name: ______________________________

Signature: ___________________________ Date: ___________________________

**UNDP-GEF Regional Technical Advisor**

Name: ______________________________

Signature: ___________________________ Date: ___________________________

Formatted information to be entered in UNDP Jobs website

BASIC CONTRACT INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Deadline:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category: Energy and Environment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of Contract: Individual Contract</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assignment Type: International Consultant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Languages Required:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Starting Date: (date when the selected candidate is expected to start)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duration of Initial Contract:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected Duration of Assignment:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BACKGROUND

A. Project Title

B. Project Description

This is the Terms of Reference for the UNDP-GEF Midterm Review (MTR) of the full or medium-sized project titled Project Title (PIMS#) implemented through the Executing Agency/Implementing Partner, which is to be undertaken in year. The project started on the Project Document signature date and is in its third year of implementation. In line with the UNDP-GEF Guidance on MTRs, this MTR process was initiated before the submission of the second Project Implementation Report (PIR). The MTR process must follow the guidance outlined in the document Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects (see Annex).

The project was designed to:

- Briefly describe the project rationale / background and the objectives of the project
- If applicable, explain thoroughly the peculiarity of the setting of the project or the work required, if any (e.g., security risks involved in conducting the work in certain communities, certain cultures and practices unique to the stakeholders, etc.)

53 https://jobs.undp.org/
DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

C. Scope of Work and Key Tasks

The MTR team will consist of two independent consultants that will conduct the MTR - one team leader (with experience and exposure to projects and evaluations in other regions globally) and one team expert, usually from the country of the project.

The MTR team will first conduct a document review of project documents (i.e. PIF, UNDP Initiation Plan, Project Document, ESSP, Project Inception Report, PIRs, Finalized GEF focal area Tracking Tools, Project Appraisal Committee meeting minutes, Financial and Administration guidelines used by Project Team, project operational guidelines, manuals and systems, etc.) provided by the Project Team and Commissioning Unit. Then they will participate in a MTR inception workshop to clarify their understanding of the objectives and methods of the MTR, producing the MTR inception report thereafter. The MTR mission will then consist of interviews and site visits to (list preliminary sites).

The MTR team will assess the following four categories of project progress and produce a draft and final MTR report. See the Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects (attached or hyperlinked) for requirements on ratings. No overall rating is required.

1. Project Strategy
   Project Design:
   - Review the problem addressed by the project and the underlying assumptions. Review the effect of any incorrect assumptions or changes to the context to achieving the project results as outlined in the Project Document.
   - Review the relevanced of the project strategy and assess whether it provides the most effective route towards expected/intended results.
   - Review how the project addresses country priorities
   - Review decision-making processes

   Results Framework/Logframe:
   - Undertake a critical analysis of the project’s logframe indicators and targets, assess how “SMART” the midterm and end-of-project targets are (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Relevant, Time-bound), and suggest specific amendments/revisions to the targets and indicators as necessary.
   - Examine if progress so far has led to, or could in the future catalyse beneficial development effects (i.e. income generation, gender equality and women’s empowerment, improved governance etc...) that should be included in the project results framework and monitored on an annual basis.

2. Progress Towards Results
   - Review the logframe indicators against progress made towards the end-of-project targets; populate the Progress Towards Results Matrix, as described in the Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects; colour code progress in a “traffic light system” based on the level of progress achieved; assign a rating on progress for the project objective and each outcome; make recommendations from the areas marked as “not on target to be achieved” (red).
   - Compare and analyse the GEF Tracking Tool at the Baseline with the one completed right before the Midterm Review.
   - Identify remaining barriers to achieving the project objective.
   - By reviewing the aspects of the project that have already been successful, identify ways in which the project can further expand these benefits.
3. Project Implementation and Adaptive Management

Using the *Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects,* assess the following categories of project progress:

- Management Arrangements
- Work Planning
- Finance and co-finance
- Project-level monitoring and evaluation systems
- Stakeholder Engagement
- Reporting
- Communications

4. Sustainability

Assess overall risks to sustainability factors of the project in terms of the following four categories:

- Financial risks to sustainability
- Socio-economic risks to sustainability
- Institutional framework and governance risks to sustainability
- Environmental risks to sustainability

The MTR consultant/team will include a section in the MTR report setting out the MTR’s evidence-based conclusions, in light of the findings.

Additionally, the MTR consultant/team is expected to make recommendations to the Project Team. Recommendations should be succinct suggestions for critical intervention that are specific, measurable, achievable, and relevant. A recommendation table should be put in the report’s executive summary. The MTR consultant/team should make no more than 15 recommendations total.

D. Expected Outputs and Deliverables

The MTR consultant/team shall prepare and submit:

- **MTR Inception Report:** MTR team clarifies objectives and methods of the Midterm Review no later than 2 weeks before the MTR mission. To be sent to the Commissioning Unit and project management. Approximate due date: *(date)*
- **Presentation:** Initial Findings presented to project management and the Commissioning Unit at the end of the MTR mission. Approximate due date: *(date)*
- **Draft Final Report:** Full report with annexes within 3 weeks of the MTR mission. Approximate due date: *(date)*
- **Final Report*: Revised report with annexed audit trail detailing how all received comments have (and have not) been addressed in the final MTR report. To be sent to the Commissioning Unit within 1 week of receiving UNDP comments on draft. Approximate due date: *(date)*

*The final MTR report must be in English. If applicable, the Commissioning Unit may choose to arrange for a translation of the report into a language more widely shared by national stakeholders.*
E. Institutional Arrangement

The principal responsibility for managing this MTR resides with the Commissioning Unit. The Commissioning Unit for this project’s MTR is (In the case of single-country projects, the Commissioning Unit is the UNDP Country Office. In the case of regional projects and jointly-implemented projects, typically the principal responsibility for managing this MTR resides with the country or agency or regional coordination body – please confirm with the UNDP-GEF team in the region – that is receiving the larger proportion of GEF financing. For global projects, the Commissioning Unit can be the UNDP-GEF Directorate or the lead UNDP Country Office).

The Commissioning Unit will contract the consultants and ensure the timely provision of per diems and travel arrangements within the country for the MTR team. The Project Team will be responsible for liaising with the MTR team to provide all relevant documents, set up stakeholder interviews, and arrange field visits.

F. Duration of the Work

The total duration of the MTR will be approximately (# of weeks) starting (date), and shall not exceed five months from when the consultant(s) are hired. The tentative MTR timeframe is as follows:

- (date): Application closes
- (date): Selection of MTR Team
- (date): Prep the MTR Team (handover of project documents)
- (dates) XX days (recommended 2-4): Document review and preparing MTR Inception Report
- (dates) XX days: Finalization and Validation of MTR Inception Report- latest start of MTR mission
- (dates) XX days (r: 7-15): MTR mission: stakeholder meetings, interviews, field visits
- (dates): Mission wrap-up meeting & presentation of initial findings- earliest end of MTR mission
- (dates) XX days (r: 5-10): Preparing draft report
- (dates) XX days (r: 1-2): Incorporating audit trail on draft report/Finalization of MTR report
- (dates): Preparation & Issue of Management Response
- (date): (optional) Concluding Stakeholder Workshop (not mandatory for MTR team)
- (date): Expected date of full MTR completion

The date start of contract is (date).

G. Duty Station

Identify the consultant’s duty station/location for the contract duration, mentioning ALL possible locations of field works/duty travel in pursuit of other relevant activities, specially where traveling to locations at security Phase I or above will be required.

Travel:
- International travel will be required to (X country/countries) during the MTR mission;
- The Basic Security in the Field II and Advanced Security in the Field courses must be successfully completed prior to commencement of travel;
- Individual Consultants are responsible for ensuring they have vaccinations/inoculations when travelling to certain countries, as designated by the UN Medical Director.
- Consultants are required to comply with the UN security directives set forth under https://dss.un.org/dssweb/
- All related travel expenses will be covered and will be reimbursed as per UNDP rules and regulations upon submission of an F-10 claim form and supporting documents.
REQUIRED SKILLS AND EXPERIENCE

H. Qualifications of the Successful Applicants

The selection of consultants will be aimed at maximizing the overall “team” qualities in the following areas: (give a weight to all these qualifications so applicants know what is the max amount of points they can earn for the technical evaluation)

- Recent experience with result-based management evaluation methodologies;
- Experience applying SMART targets and reconstructing or validating baseline scenarios;
- Competence in adaptive management, as applied to (fill in GEF Focal Area);
- Experience working with the GEF or GEF-evaluations;
- Experience working in (region of project);
- Work experience in relevant technical areas for at least 10 years;
- Demonstrated understanding of issues related to gender and (fill in GEF Focal Area); experience in gender sensitive evaluation and analysis;
- Excellent communication skills;
- Demonstrable analytical skills;
- Project evaluation/review experiences within United Nations system will be considered an asset;
- A Master’s degree in (fill in), or other closely related field.

Consultant Independence:
The consultants cannot have participated in the project preparation, formulation, and/or implementation (including the writing of the Project Document) and should not have a conflict of interest with project’s related activities.

APPLICATION PROCESS

I. Scope of Price Proposal and Schedule of Payments

Financial Proposal:
- Financial proposals must be “all inclusive” and expressed in a lump-sum for the total duration of the contract. The term “all inclusive” implies all cost (professional fees, travel costs, living allowances etc.);
- For duty travels, the UN’s Daily Subsistence Allowance (DSA) rates are (fill for all travel destinations), which should provide indication of the cost of living in a duty station/destination (Note: Individuals on this contract are not UN staff and are therefore not entitled to DSAs. All living allowances required to perform the demands of the ToR must be incorporated in the financial proposal, whether the fees are expressed as daily fees or lump sum amount.)
- The lump sum is fixed regardless of changes in the cost components.

Schedule of Payments:
10% of payment upon approval of the MTR Inception Report
30% upon submission of the draft MTR Report
60% upon finalization of the MTR Report

Or, as otherwise agreed between the Commissioning Unit and the MTR team.
J. **Recommended Presentation of Offer**

a) Completed **Letter of Confirmation of Interest and Availability** using the [template](#) provided by UNDP;

b) **Personal CV or a P11 Personal History form**, indicating all past experience from similar projects, as well as the contact details (email and telephone number) of the Candidate and at least three (3) professional references;

c) **Brief description of approach to work/technical proposal** of why the individual considers him/herself as the most suitable for the assignment, and a proposed methodology on how they will approach and complete the assignment; (max 1 page)

d) **Financial Proposal** that indicates the all-inclusive fixed total contract price, supported by a breakdown of costs, as per template provided. If an applicant is employed by an organization/company/institution, and he/she expects his/her employer to charge a management fee in the process of releasing him/her to UNDP under Reimbursable Loan Agreement (RLA), the applicant must indicate at this point, and ensure that all such costs are duly incorporated in the financial proposal submitted to UNDP. See Letter of Confirmation of Interest template for financial proposal template.

Incomplete applications will be excluded from further consideration.

K. **Criteria for Selection of the Best Offer**

The award of the contract will be made to the Individual Consultant who has obtained the highest Combined Score and has accepted UNDP's General Terms and Conditions. Only those applications which are responsive and compliant will be evaluated. The offers will be evaluated using the “Combined Scoring method” where:

a) The educational background and experience on similar assignments will be weighted a max. of 70%;

b) The price proposal will weigh as 30% of the total scoring.

L. **Annexes to the MTR ToR**

Include *Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects* and other existing literature or documents that will help candidates gain a better understanding of the project situation and the work required.

Possible annexes include: (reference ToR Annexes in Annex 3 of *Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects*)

- List of documents to be reviewed by the MTR Team
- Guidelines on Contents for the Midterm Review Report
- UNEG Code of Conduct for Evaluators/Midterm Review Consultants
- MTR Required Ratings Table and Ratings Scales
- MTR Report Clearance Form
- Sample MTR Evaluative Matrix
- Progress Towards Results Matrix and MTR Ratings & Achievement Summary Tables (in Word)
Annex 5. Project Information Table

Note: This table should be completed by the Project Team or Commissioning Unit and provided to the MTR Team.

The essentials of the project to be reviewed are as follows: (fully complete this table below)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Project Title</strong></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>UNDP Project ID (PIMS #):</strong></td>
<td><strong>PIF Approval Date:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>GEF Project ID (PMIS #):</strong></td>
<td><strong>CEO Endorsement Date:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ATLAS Business Unit, Award # Proj. ID:</strong></td>
<td><strong>Project Document (ProDoc) Signature Date (date project began):</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Country(ies):</strong></td>
<td><strong>Date project manager hired:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Region:</strong></td>
<td><strong>Inception Workshop date:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Focal Area:</strong></td>
<td><strong>Midterm Review completion date:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>GEF Focal Area Strategic Objective:</strong></td>
<td><strong>Planned planned closing date:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Trust Fund [indicate GEF TF, LDCF, SCCF, NPIF]:</strong></td>
<td><strong>If revised, proposed op. closing date:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Executing Agency/ Implementing Partner:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other execution partners:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Project Financing</strong></th>
<th><strong>at CEO endorsement (US$)</strong></th>
<th><strong>at Midterm Review (US$)</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[1] GEF financing:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[2] UNDP contribution:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[3] Government:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[4] Other partners:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[5] Total co-financing [2 + 3+ 4]:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROJECT TOTAL COSTS [1 + 5]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* [draw from the last PIR]
Annex 6. Co-Financing Table for UNDP Supported GEF Financed Projects

*Note:* This table should be completed by the MTR Team with support from the Project Team.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sources of Co-financing</th>
<th>Name of Co-financer</th>
<th>Type of Co-financing</th>
<th>Amount Confirmed at CEO endorsement (US$)</th>
<th>Actual Amount Contributed at stage of Midterm Review (US$)</th>
<th>Actual % of Expected Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL**

*Note:* This table should be completed by the MTR Team with support from the Project Team.

**TOTAL**

Explain “Other Sources of Co-financing”:

---

54 Sources of Co-financing may include: Bilateral Aid Agency(ies), Foundation, GEF Partner Agency, Local Government, National Government, Civil Society Organization, Other Multi-lateral Agency(ies), Private Sector, Other

55 Type of Co-financing may include: Grant, Soft Loan, Hard Loan, Guarantee, In-Kind, Other
# Annex 7. Midterm Review Data Request Checklist

*Note:* This checklist is for the Commissioning Unit, Project Team, and MTR Team in the Preparation Phase of the MTR.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item #</th>
<th>Items (electronic versions preferred if available)</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>PIF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>UNDP Initiation Plan</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Final UNDP Project Document and final GEF approval documents (Request for CEO Endorsement, etc.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>UNDP Environmental and Social Screening results</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Progress reports (quarterly, semi-annual, or annual) with associated project work plans and financial reports</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Project Inception Report</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>All Project Implementation Reports (PIRs)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Quarterly progress reports and work plans of the various implementation task teams</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Audit reports, electronic copies if available</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Electronic copies of finalized relevant GEF tracking tools from CEO endorsement and midterm <em>(fill in specific TTs for this project's focal area)</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Oversight mission reports</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Minutes of the <em>(Project Title)</em> Project Board meetings or other meetings (i.e. Project Appraisal Committee meetings)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Maps of location sites, as necessary</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Other management related documents: adaptive management reports, management memos</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Electronic copies of project outputs – newsletters, booklets, manuals, technical reports, articles, etc.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Summary list of formal meetings, workshops, etc. held, with date, location, topic, and number of participants</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Any available information on relevant environmental monitoring data (species indicators, etc.), beyond what is available on indicators in logframe in PIRs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Any relevant socio-economic monitoring data, such as average incomes / employment levels of stakeholders in the target area, change in revenue related to project activities</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Actual expenditures by project outcome, including management costs, and including documentation of any significant budget revisions</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>List of contracts and procurement items over ~$5,000 USD (i.e. organizations or companies contracted for project outputs, etc., except in cases of confidential information)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Co-financing table with expected and actual totals broken out by cash and in-kind, and by source, if available</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>List of related projects/initiatives contributing to project objectives approved/started after GEF project approval</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Data on relevant project website activity – e.g. number of unique visitors per month, number of page views, etc. over relevant time period, if available</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Confirmation on list of names and titles of stakeholders actually met on MTR field mission (include after the MTR field mission)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>UNDP country/countries programme document(s)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Annex 8. Sample Matrix of Assessing Progress Towards Results

Indicator Assessment Key

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Green</th>
<th>Achieved</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>On target to be achieved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Not on target to be achieved</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table A. Progress Towards Results Matrix for Sample Protected Area Project

**PROJECT GOAL:** To catalyze the improved conservation of globally significant biodiversity through the demonstration of new mechanisms and approaches for effective management of protected areas and natural resources adjacent to them.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Objective: To strengthen the management effectiveness and sustainability of the three selected protected areas of different types, thereby providing models and best practices replicable throughout the national PA system.</td>
<td>Improved management effectiveness of protected areas</td>
<td>Current average METT score-22 for the PA system</td>
<td>Piloting a new approach for management response to PA risks such as pest outbreak and forest fires on 27 sites and covered area of 110 ha.</td>
<td>METT score-30 for the PA system</td>
<td>Average METT score for 20 PAs is 38 out of potential score of 96 (ref Table XX)</td>
<td>METT score-29 for the PA system</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>METT scores have increased on average by 23% which is considered satisfactory progress towards the 10 year target</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No further reduction in the total land under conservation management compared with the baseline.</td>
<td>25,100 ha (under PA)</td>
<td>25,100 ha (under PA)</td>
<td>25,100 ha (under PA)</td>
<td>25,100 ha (under PA)</td>
<td>25,100 ha (under PA)</td>
<td>25,100 ha (under PA)</td>
<td>No change but PAs system is expected to cover 3,502,800 ha after planned expansions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>104,170 ha-surrounding landscape</td>
<td>104,170 ha-surrounding landscape</td>
<td>104,170 ha-surrounding landscape</td>
<td>104,170 ha-surrounding landscape</td>
<td>104,170 ha-surrounding landscape</td>
<td>104,170 ha-surrounding landscape</td>
<td>104,170 ha-surrounding landscape</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3,100,00 ha under system level</td>
<td>3,100,00 ha under system level</td>
<td>3,100,00 ha under system level</td>
<td>3,100,00 ha under system level</td>
<td>3,100,00 ha under system level</td>
<td>3,100,00 ha under system level</td>
<td>3,100,00 ha under system level</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

56 From the Logframe and scorecards
57 From the Project Document
58 Colour coded this column only
59 Ratings assigned using the 6 point Progress Towards Results Rating Scale: HS, S, MS, MU, U, HU
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Strategy</th>
<th>Indicator(^{60})</th>
<th>2009 Baseline Level(^{61})</th>
<th>2011 Level of 1st PIR (self-reported)</th>
<th>2012 Midterm Target</th>
<th>2015 End-of-project Target</th>
<th>2012 Midterm Level &amp; Assessment(^{62})</th>
<th>Achievement Rating(^{63})</th>
<th>Justification for Rating</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Outcome 1:</strong> Strengthened environmental governance provides a more sustainable land-use context for the PA system</td>
<td>Local policies on sustainable land-use designed and supported by the selected local governments</td>
<td>Policies on sustainable land-use at local level do not exist</td>
<td>Ten year forest management planning documents were analysed to identify local policies on sustainable land-use.</td>
<td>Policies on sustainable land-use at local level are drafted</td>
<td>Policies on sustainable land-use at local level designed and supported by the selected local governments</td>
<td>Preparation of specific district land use policies and plans largely in order to focus more on Forest Code and management planning. Land use policies for non-core areas (under remit of Forestry Agency) are planned for but not yet drafted.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Project design focused on strengthening Protected Areas Law (see Project Document logframe) but during implementation it has become apparent that a new Forestry Code was a necessary precursor. Both these instruments needed to be in place ahead of being able to strengthen land use policies at local level. Thus, the switch to focus on Forestry Code, alongside Protected Areas Law is justified.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sustainable land use practices adopted by elected communities and community members</td>
<td>No widely accepted sustainable land-use practices exist</td>
<td>Target groups have been identified, data base created and outreach strategy developed. Behavior studies show high levels of receptiveness to changes towards sustainable land use practices.</td>
<td>Sustainable land-use practice implementation plans are created by selected communities and community members</td>
<td>Sustainable land-use practices implemented by selected communities and community members</td>
<td>More sustainable practices tested/demonstrated under Component 3, but without introduction of normative acts related to access and resource use (e.g. visitor access, tree cutting and fuel wood collection, forest management grazing and collection of hay, collection and preparation of medicinal herbs).</td>
<td></td>
<td>Management plans for 2 PAs provide basis for adopting sustainable land-use practices but demonstration of good practice is being threatened by lack of time to implement plans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Amendments to the existing or new versions of the PA Law and the Forest Code prepared and submitted to the Parliament</td>
<td>New PA law draft prepared</td>
<td>PA Law proposal was submitted to Parliament on 3 May 2011.</td>
<td>Consultations have been held; the draft PA Law has been submitted to the Parliament</td>
<td>New draft of PA Law is adopted by the Parliament</td>
<td>Consultations were held in mid-2010; the draft PA Law was submitted to the Parliament in mid-2011</td>
<td></td>
<td>New draft of PA Law was submitted to Parliament on 3 May 2011, exceeding the midterm target.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Current Forest Code of 1993 is considered outdated and needs to be revised</td>
<td>New Forest Code was submitted on 2 August 2011.</td>
<td>New Forest Code draft prepared</td>
<td>New Forest Code is adopted by Parliament</td>
<td>New Forest Code draft prepared and submitted to Parliament.</td>
<td></td>
<td>New Forest Code has already been prepared and submitted to Parliament on 2 August 2011.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^{60}\) From the Logframe and scorecards

\(^{61}\) From the Project Document

\(^{62}\) Colour coded this column only

\(^{63}\) Ratings assigned using the 6 point Progress Towards Results Rating Scale: HS, S, MS, MU, U, HU
*Note: After completing Table A (Progress Towards Results Matrix), the MTR team should also fill out Table B below, to be included in the report’s executive summary. Table B’s MTR Rating column should include the same assigned ratings for the objective/outcomes as assigned in Table A’s column Achievement Rating, whereas the ratings for ‘Project Implementation & Adaptive Management’, and ‘Sustainability’ should be assigned based on analysis from the MTR mission, interviews, document review, etc.

Table B. MTR Ratings & Achievement Summary Table for Sample Protected Area Project

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>MTR Rating</th>
<th>Achievement Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Project Strategy</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>The project was designed to increase management effectiveness of the protected area system and it involved a large variety of stakeholders in its design phase. The logframe reflects a country-driven strategy that also recognizes assumptions regarding externalities and threats to sustainability of project results; the logframe needs to incorporate more nuanced gender-sensitive outcomes, with sex-disaggregated indicators in some instances.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Progress Towards Results</td>
<td>Objective: Satisfactory</td>
<td>METT scores have increased on average by 23% which is considered satisfactory progress towards the 10 year target. There was been no further reduction in the total land under conservation management compared with the baseline (satisfying the midterm target) but the PAs system is expected to cover 3,502,800 ha after planned expansions, which will need to be monitored, if not mitigated in the second half of the project.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Outcome 1: Moderately Satisfactory</td>
<td>While some indicators under this outcome have exceeded targets, (i.e. the new draft of PA Law and the new Forest Code have already been prepared and submitted to Parliament), other targets are not on track and need more attention. Project design focused on strengthening Protected Areas Law, but during implementation it has become apparent that a new Forestry Code was a necessary precursor. Both these instruments needed to be in place ahead of being able to strengthen land use policies at local level. Management plans for 2 PAs provide basis for adopting sustainable land-use practices, but demonstration of good practice is being threatened by lack of time to implement plans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Outcome 2: Satisfactory</td>
<td>Etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Outcome 3: Moderately Satisfactory</td>
<td>Etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Implementation &amp; Adaptive Management</td>
<td>Moderately Satisfactory</td>
<td>The project requires: more intensive and more integrated working to build the capacity of protected areas administrations at demonstration sites; more frequent Board meetings; stronger communications; however, good handling of delays and opportunities from elections and change of government; communities and livelihood developed at pilot sites</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sustainability</td>
<td>Moderately Likely</td>
<td>Sustainability factors seem likely to be in place before the project has completed; need for more focus on a strategy to reduce risks of project dependence on UNDP-GEF technical support once the project closes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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ANNEX 8  Sample Matrix of Assessing Progress Towards Results
Annex 9. Checklist for Gender Sensitive Midterm Review Analysis

The degree of relevance of gender in projects supported by UNDP with GEF financing varies depending on the area of work and type of engagement. This annex includes general points to consider for assessing how gender considerations have been mainstreaming into a project's design, monitoring framework, and implementation, as well as points to address the potential impact of project interventions on gender equality and women’s empowerment. It is not required to discuss all of these aspects in the evaluation report, but these are areas for potential consideration in the report’s gender mainstreaming analysis.

Points to consider relating to Project Design and Preparation:
1. Were relevant gender issues (e.g., the impact of the project on gender equality in the programme country, involvement of women’s groups, engaging women in project activities) raised in the Project Document?
2. Were gender issues triggered during the mandatory UNDP Environmental and Social project screening? If so, were mitigation measures built into the project document? What other steps were taken to address these issues?
3. Does the project budget include funding for gender-relevant outcomes, outputs and activities?
4. Were gender specialists and representatives of women at different levels consulted throughout the project design and preparation process?

Points to consider relating to Project Monitoring:
1. Review the outcomes of all Project Appraisal Committee (PAC) meetings (including any pre-Project Appraisal Committee and local PAC meetings), inception workshop and the inception report, and any related stakeholder workshops that took place during the project's initiation stage.
   a. Did these include a discussion of the potential gender equality impact of the project?
   b. Did gender specialists and representatives of women at all levels participate? If yes, how did they participate?
2. How does the project capture gender results and are these results built into project monitoring?
   a. Are the project’s results framework indicators disaggregated by sex and wherever possible by age and by socio-economic group (or any other socially significant category in society)?
   b. Are the project’s results framework targets set up to guarantee a sufficient level of gender balance in activities (e.g., quotas for male and female participation)?
   c. Are gender sensitive indicators included in the project’s results framework? Gender sensitive data can provide a more contextual understanding of the needs, access conditions and potential for empowerment of women and girls and men and boys.

Points to consider relating to Project Implementation:
1. Do the Executing Agency/Implementing Partner and/or GEF Partner Agency and other partners have the capacity to deliver benefits to or involve women? If yes, how?
2. What is the gender balance of project staff? What steps have been taken to ensure gender balance in project staff?
3. What is the gender balance of the Project Board? What steps have been taken to ensure gender balance in the Project Board?

Points to consider relating to Project Impact:
1. Who are the target beneficiaries?

64 For further reference see the UNDP Gender Equality Strategy (2014-2017) which outlines the organization’s commitment to promoting gender equality and women’s empowerment. The strategy was prepared in conjunction with the UNDP Strategic Plan and is operationalized in parallel with it: http://www.undp.org/content/undp/en/home/librarypage/womens-empowerment/gender-equality-strategy-2014-2017.html and the GEF Policy on Gender Mainstreaming, which provides guidance on how the GEF addresses gender mainstreaming in its policies, programmes, and operations: http://www.thegef.org/gef/policy/gender.
65 The PAC is a standard UNDP procedure for all projects. According to the POPP, it is a required step before a project can be approved by UNDP. For more information, see: https://info.undp.org/global/popp/ft/ppmp/Pages/Project-Management.aspx
a. Disaggregate the beneficiaries by sex.
b. Talk to women as well as men during interviews and site visits.

2. How does the project impact gender equality in the local context?
   a. How does the project engage with women and girls?
   b. Is the project likely to have the same positive and/or negative effects on women and men, girls and boys?
   c. Identify, if possible, legal, cultural, or religious constraints on women's participation in the project.
   d. What can the project do to enhance its gender benefits?

3. Why are the issues addressed by the project particularly relevant to or important for women and girls?

4. How are women and girls benefiting from project activities (even if these are unplanned/unintended results)? [N.B. Unplanned/unintended gender results, which may be reported in the PIR Gender section or identified by the MTR, should be incorporated into the project's results framework's outcomes, indicators and targets.]

5. Is there any potential negative impact on gender equality and women's empowerment? What can the project do to mitigate this?

# Annex 10. Recommendations Table

_Note:_ This is a guidance chart for the MTR Team in designing recommendations to the project.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rec #</th>
<th>Recommendation</th>
<th>Entity Responsible</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td><em>(State Outcome 1) (Outcome 1)</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.1</td>
<td><strong>Key recommendation:</strong></td>
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<td>A.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>A.3</td>
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<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td><em>(State Outcome 2) (Outcome 2)</em></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.1</td>
<td><strong>Key recommendation:</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<td>B.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>B.3</td>
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<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td><em>(State Outcome 3) (Outcome 3), etc.</em></td>
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<tr>
<td>C.1</td>
<td><strong>Key recommendation:</strong></td>
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<td>C.2</td>
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<td>C.3</td>
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<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Project Implementation &amp; Adaptive Management</td>
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<tr>
<td>D.1</td>
<td><strong>Key recommendation:</strong></td>
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<td>D.2</td>
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<td>D.3</td>
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<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Sustainability</td>
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<tr>
<td>E.1</td>
<td><strong>Key recommendation:</strong></td>
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<td>E.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>E.3</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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66 Recommendations should be “SMART”: Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, Time-bound (however, giving a suggested time frame is not mandatory for recommendations from the MTR Team; the project management should address the time frame of actions in the management response)
Annex 11. Audit Trail Template

Note: The following is a template for the MTR Team to show how the received comments on the draft MTR report have (or have not) been incorporated into the final MTR report. This audit trail should be included as an annex in the final MTR report.

To the comments received on (date) from the Midterm Review of (project name)

The following comments were provided in track changes to the draft Midterm Review report; they are referenced by institution (“Author” column) and track change comment number (“#” column):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Author</th>
<th>#</th>
<th>Para No./comment location</th>
<th>Comment/Feedback on the draft MTR report</th>
<th>MTR team response and actions taken</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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</tbody>
</table>
# Annex 12. Report Content Review Checklist

Note: The following is a MTR report content review checklist for the UNDP-GEF Programme Associate (PA) and the RTA to use in the MTR report review process. All of the components on this checklist might not be in exact order in the MTR report; however, these aspects should be adequately represented somewhere in the report. The PA should examine the report for content review, highlighting compliance with the ToR. The RTA should examine the report for quality assurance, highlighting (i) factual errors, (ii) issues of lack of evidence / possible bias in statements; (iii) gaps in analysis; (iv) issues with the structure and readability of the report; and (v) adequate justification of ratings, conclusions, and recommendations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Included and at satisfactory standards?</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>i.</td>
<td><strong>Basic Report Information</strong> <em>(to be included in opening/title page)</em></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Title of UNDP supported GEF financed project</td>
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<td>UNDP PIMS# and GEF project ID#</td>
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<td>MTR time frame and date of MTR report</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Region and countries included in the project</td>
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<td></td>
<td>GEF Operational Focal Area/Strategic Program</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Executing Agency/Implementing Partner and other project partners</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MTR team members</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acknowledgements</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ii.</td>
<td><strong>Table of Contents</strong></td>
<td>List, with page numbers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iii.</td>
<td><strong>Acronyms and Abbreviations</strong></td>
<td>List</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td><strong>Executive Summary</strong> <em>(approximately 5 pages)</em></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Project Information Table</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Brief Project Description</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Project Progress Summary (between 200-500 words)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MTR Ratings &amp; Achievement Summary Table</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Concise summary of conclusions</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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<td>Recommendations Summary (using the template summary table or otherwise)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td><strong>Introduction</strong> <em>(2-3 pages)</em></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Purpose of the MTR and objectives</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Scope &amp; Methodology: principles of design and execution of the MTR, MTR approach and data collection methods, limitations to the MTR</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Structure of the MTR report</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td><strong>Project Description and Background Context</strong> <em>(3-5 pages)</em></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Development Context: environmental, socio-economic, institutional, and policy factors relevant to the project objective and scope</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Problems that the project sought to address: threats and barriers targeted</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Description and Strategy: objective, outcomes and expected results, description of field sites (if any)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Implementation Arrangements: short description of Project Board, key implementing partners arrangements, etc.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project timing and milestones</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main stakeholders: summary list</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. **Findings** *(12-14 pages)*

4.1 **Project Strategy**

Project Design

Results Framework/Logframe Analysis

4.2 **Progress Towards Results**

Progress towards outcomes analysis

Remaining barriers to achieving the project objective

4.3 **Project Implementation & Adaptive Management**

Management Arrangements

Work planning

Finance and co-finance

Project-level Monitoring and Evaluation Systems

Stakeholder Engagement

Reporting

Communications

4.4 **Sustainability**

Financial risks to sustainability

Socio-economic risks to sustainability

Institutional framework and governance risks to sustainability

Environmental risks to sustainability

5. **Conclusions & Recommendations** *(4-6 pages)*

5.1 Conclusions (can alternatively be incorporated throughout the report) are justified with evidence

5.2 Recommendations are specific, realistic, and concise

6. **Annexes**

MTR ToR (excluding ToR annexes)

MTR matrix (evaluation criteria with key questions, indicators, sources of data, and methods to collect data)

Example Questionnaire or Interview Guide used for data collection

Rating scales

MTR mission itinerary

List of persons interviewed

List of documents reviewed

Co-financing table (if not previously included in report body)

Signed UNEG Code of Conduct form

Signed MTR final report clearance form

*Annexed in a separate file: Audit trail from received comments on draft MTR report*

*Annexed in a separate file: Relevant midterm tracking tools (METT, FSC, Capacity scorecard, etc.)*
Annex 13. Management Response Template

Management response to the Midterm Review of (title of the MTR)\textsuperscript{67}

Project Title:
Project PIMS #:
GEF Project ID (PMIS) #:
Midterm Review Mission Completion Date:
Date of Issue of Management Response:

Prepared by: \textit{This will most likely be the Commissioning Unit}
Contributors: \textit{For example, the UNDP-GEF RTA, the MTR team, the Project Board}
Cleared by: \textit{The Commissioning Unit, UNDP-GEF RTA, Project Board}

Context, background and findings

1. Insert here up to several paragraphs on context and background and UNDP’s response to the validity and relevance of the findings, conclusions and recommendations.
2. Second paragraph.
3. Third paragraph, etc.

Recommendations and management response

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Midterm Review recommendation 1.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Management response:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Key action(s)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
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<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\textsuperscript{67} This template is in alignment with the Management Response Template for UNDP project-level evaluations in the Evaluation Resource Centre.

\textsuperscript{68} If the MTR is uploaded to the ERC, the status of implementation is tracked electronically in the Evaluation Resource Centre database (ERC).

\textsuperscript{69} Status of Implementation: Completed, Partially Completed, Pending.
1.2

1.3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Midterm Review recommendation 2.</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>Management response:</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
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<td><strong>Key action(s)</strong></td>
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<tbody>
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<td><strong>Key action(s)</strong></td>
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