TERMS OF REFERENCE
for
Short Term Expert on Final Evaluation
within the scope of
“Effective Urban Waste Management for Host Communities Phase II: Strengthening Social Cohesion Through Participatory Waste Management”
Project ID No: 00105448
Funded by United States Bureau of Population, Refugees and Migration

I. INTRODUCTION

These Terms of Reference (ToR) specify the details for the assignment of a Short Term Expert for final evaluation of the above-mentioned project implemented by the United Nations Development Programme (hereinafter UNDP) and its partners Kilis and Haliliye Municipalities in 2 provinces of Turkey (Kilis, Şanlıurfa); financed by United States Bureau of Population, Refugees and Migration (USBPRM).

The evaluation will focus on the assessment of the activities implemented and whether the activities led to the achievement of the planned results and objectives (in accordance with the Project Document, Donor Agreement and associated modifications made during implementation). As a result of this evaluation, identifying the lessons learned and recommendations from the evaluator/s are expected to improve the quality of the planning, preparation and implementation of subsequent projects in future.

II. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Country Context:

Turkey hosts over 3.5 million1 Syrians under Temporary Protection (SuTP)2 who are mainly located in the Southeast Anatolia region bordering Syria, but as the crisis continued, the population has expanded to other regions as well. Turkey hosts the largest refugee population in the world and has demonstrated strong national ownership of the response. Currently, 45% of the 3.2 million Syrians under Temporary Protection are concentrated in 4 provinces in the South East where populations have either reached or exceeded 2023 population projections. Within these provinces, Kilis, for instance, hosts almost as many Syrians as its local population and in Şanlıurfa, the ratio of the Syrian population to that of host communities is more than 20%.3

This unplanned growth exacerbated the challenges already faced by the municipalities with respect to infrastructure, strategic planning, policy setting and service delivery. The additional volume of waste generated by Syrian population amounts to more than 550,000 tons per year in the Southeast Anatolia region and the costs of transport of solid waste exceeds an additional 25 million USD per year. The arrival of the Syrians not only increased the operating expenditures for waste collection, but also resulted in waste management facilities (landfills) to reach their full capacities earlier than planned.4 The volume of waste that cannot be disposed of

1 Official data Directorate General for Migration Management, Turkey, February 2021.
2 “Temporary protection” is given prima facie to Syrian nationals and Stateless Palestinians originating from Syria and are referred to as Syrians under Temporary Protection (SuTP).
3 DG of Migration Management, TURKSTAT (DGMM 2017)
4 The estimations for capacity utilization rates of the landfill sites assume that one person generates 1 kg of waste per day.
soundly and properly not only increase public health risks and environmental hazards but may also further fuel tension if the additional solid waste is attributed to the presence of Syrians.

In addition, the outbreak COVID-19 pandemic put additional burden to municipal services, exacerbated current circumstances, resulting in an unprecedented demand for municipal services, especially waste management, while implying a significant loss of revenue for municipalities.

Whilst Turkey has a strong legal solid waste management framework, municipalities are facing challenges with the implementation and enforcement of these regulations. End point recycling operations in Turkey are regulated through licensed private sector companies through the Ministry of Environment and Urbanization, while it is the municipalities’ duty to collect and segregate the waste. Also, there are additional laws and regulations prescribing the responsibility and accountability of producers. Yet, despite all the regulations, separation of recyclables (especially metals, plastics and paper) is mostly conducted by the informal sector, which is where most Syrians rely on making a living. Recent regulatory changes are preventing the informal waste pickers to directly sell the produce to the recycling companies thus disrupting the actual value chain for the recycling sector, putting strains on the licensed companies in obtaining raw materials. The challenges in the Turkish waste management sector are further compounded by a general limited environmental consciousness within both the public and industrial sectors, making the justification for new waste management initiatives difficult to attain buy-in and support.

**Project Background:**

This project is the second phase of the project implemented under the UNDP Syria Crisis Response and Resilience Programme implemented in cooperation with the Prime Ministry Disaster and Emergency Management Presidency (AFAD) between July 2015 and July 2017, jointly with another project funded by the EU Instrument for Stability to ensure efficiency of implementation and reduce operational costs.

The main objective of the first phase project has been to support Kilis and Gaziantep municipalities to cope with and respond to the increased demand for waste management services as a result of the high concentration of Syrian refugees residing in those provinces. The main project activities included:

- Implementation of a source waste segregation programme at Elbeyli and Öncüpinar refugee accommodation centers. In so doing, it was aimed to reduce the volumes of waste ending up at land- fills and promote waste reuse and recycling practices. This component was combined with skills mapping and training of selected Syrian participants in different stages of the recycling value chain, waste and resource management as well as waste collection to support livelihoods opportunities.
- Strengthen the capacity of Kilis Municipality through the purchase of critical equipment to upgrade the existing sanitary landfill site and thereby reduce the public health problems and risks for all impacted communities. This was aimed to primarily eliminate the unhealthy conditions lived by the Syrian scavengers.
- The construction of a solid waste transfer station in Gaziantep (İslahiye region) to reduce the heavy waste collecting vehicle traffic to the central city dumpster and ensure a more efficient transportation of waste.

**Key results of the project were:**

- In cooperation with the Turkish Environmental Protection and Packaging Waste Recovery and Recycling Foundation (ÇEVKO), over 3,000 Syrians were trained on single stream recycling in Elbeyli and Öncüpinar Accommodation Centers in Kilis.
In support of recycling trainings, 250 solid waste containers were distributed to both accommodation centers through Kilis municipality; two solid waste vehicles were procured and delivered to the municipality.

In Gaziantep, a solid waste transfer station (WTS) was constructed in Islahiye together with the procurement of 3 semi-trailers and one backhoe loader delivered to Gaziantep Municipality. The Islahiye WTS is currently hauling 120 ton of solid waste to the main landfill every day.

Another solid waste transfer station was constructed in Yavuzeli district together with the procurement of one semi-trailer. The facility has a capacity to process 60 tons per day.

**Brief Description of the Current Project:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Title</th>
<th>Effective Urban Waste Management for Host Communities Phase II: Strengthening Social Cohesion through Participatory Waste Management</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Implementing Agency &amp; Method</td>
<td>UNDP (Direct implementation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implementing Partner</td>
<td>Ministry of Environment and Urbanization (MoEU) General Directorate of Environmental Management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Budget</td>
<td>USD 3,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locations</td>
<td>Şanlıurfa, Kilis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duration</td>
<td>36 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Start &amp; End</td>
<td>May 2019 - June 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contributing SDGs</td>
<td>SDG 5, SDG 12, SDG 13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contributing UNDCS Outcome &amp; Outputs</td>
<td>UNDCS Outcome 4.1: Government institutions provide improved and sustainable multi-sectoral services to people under international protection based on the rights and entitlements as stipulated in the Law on Foreigners and International Protection and Temporary Protection Regulation. 2. Percentage of refugees (disaggregated by age group and gender) benefiting from various social protection mechanisms (education, health, special needs and employment) UNDCS Outcome 4.2: Central/local administrations and civil society effectively manage migration with a particular focus on vulnerable migrants and people under international protection. 6. Level of awareness on social cohesion among target population (host community, migrants and people under international protection)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contributing UNDP Country Programme Document (CPD) Outcome &amp; Outputs</td>
<td>CPD Output 1.1.2 Solutions developed and applied to improve sustainable management of natural resources and waste Indicator 1.1.2.1: # of prototypes and funded partnerships on sustainable management of natural resources and waste; and beneficiary provinces from least developed regions Indicator 1.1.2.2: # of integrated waste management solutions for reduced pressure on local systems, tested in camps and urban settings hosting Syrians</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### CPD Output 1.1.4
Citizens, with specific focus on vulnerable groups including in less developed regions have increased access to inclusive services and opportunities for employment

Indicator 1.2.4.3: # of additional Syrians under temporary protection with access to employment services including skills trainings (sex disaggregated)

### Gender Marker
GEN 2

### Project Output
Enhancing livelihoods opportunities and social cohesion improved for Syrians and host communities as a result of skills development in the waste recycling and related sectors and strengthened municipal waste management (WM) capacities and reduced operational costs through recycling initiatives

### Estimated Results
- 2 tailor made initiatives with incentivization schemes for households designed and made operational
- 10,000 households (SuTPs & HC members) participated in incentivization schemes;
- 2,500 tonnes per annum recyclables collected via source segregation
- 3 pre-processing equipment along with smart and conventional waste collection equipment including civic amenity centre(s) (minimum three centres are planned to be established; 2 at Kilis and 1 in Şanlıurfa) for recyclable recovery in targeted provinces to handle recyclables collected from the participatory waste projects
- 20% of savings/ton of solid waste achieved within operations at targeted province & districts
- 2 women’s collectives established, or existing ones supported to be made operational
- 200 SuTPs & HC members enrolled in skills trainings
- 90% of point to product conversion as a marker for active participation and obtained benefits from incentivization Programme
- 104 volunteer community wardens trained
- 2 positively resulted impact assessments on social cohesion by participatory WM

### Main Activities
1.1. Assessment of district layouts and current routes of transportation and local value chains of solid waste by the municipalities and design and initiation of public awareness campaign to support community driven recycling.
1.2. Design and planning of collection and incentivization models, facilitation of private sector participation by the establishment of women’s collectives for handicraft/product manufacturing from recyclables.
1.3. Support to municipal community centers for the establishment of training workshops and ateliers and implementation of specific skills training programs directed at members of Syrians and host community on recycling operations.
1.4. Operationalization of the participatory network with design and initiation of public awareness campaign to support community driven recycling.
1.5. Provision and installation of supplementing equipment and vehicles to support collection mechanism, including establishment of smart waste collection systems.
1.6. Installation of civic amenity center(s) along with containers with sensor arrays and reverse vending automats.
1.7. Starting up and facilitating the community warden initiative and linking local licensed recycling companies with participatory source segregation for ensuring sustainability.
Summary of Project Progress:

In order to establish the zero-waste management system in Şanlıurfa Haliliye and Kilis Municipalities, a needs assessment has been carried out where two roadmaps have been developed respectively for each target municipality and recommendations for the improvement of zero waste management have been provided.

In line with the needs assessment conducted in early 2020, fourteen waste collection vehicles, fifteen recyclable collection automat machines, eighteen mobile civic amenity centres and a bulk amount of recyclables containers were delivered to the Municipalities in November and December 2020, as a prerequisite for establishment of zero waste system. In addition, the project is providing support to the Municipalities of Şanlıurfa and Kilis for the establishment of Civic Amenity Centers which is obligatory for all the municipalities as per the zero waste legislations issued by the Ministry of Environment and Urbanization. The construction works of Civic Amenity Center in Kilis is completed and the construction in Şanlıurfa is at final stage. In addition to the original construction plans, two repair workshops will be integrated to those Centers.

Technical support has been provided for the establishment of incentivization system for zero waste system and two reports one for Kilis municipality and one for Haliliyे municipality have been delivered. The establishment of the incentivization systems is ongoing.

Supporting community driven recycling, a public awareness campaign plan has been prepared and initiated in December 2020 where design and dissemination of posters, brochures, banners, market bags have been completed. Promotional videos targeting general public to increase the awareness of the citizens have been widely disseminated through billboards all over the city. Animation videos targeting kindergarten and primary school students and secondary and high school students have also been prepared to be disseminated in kindergartens and schools by February 2021.

As a part of Awareness Raising Campaign, Şahika Ercümen, Turkey’s world-record-holding free-diving champion and U.N. “life below water advocate” dived into the waters of the historic town of Halfeti to raise awareness about plastic pollution and highlight the importance of waste management.

Zero waste training has been delivered to 4,357 attendees composed of teachers, public servants, healthcare personnel, municipality staff, mukhtars and imams increasing the awareness and knowledge level of those influencers in the community. Following the completion of those trainings, training of trainers’ has been organized and completed on 17 December 2020 to 453 individuals who were selected among 4,357 volunteers.

In line with the project activities, two women’s cooperatives are supported to bring livelihoods options for women through manufacturing products from recyclables.

A women’s cooperative in Kilis (“Kocabeyli, Karaçavuş, Sünütepe ve Saatli köyleri Tarımsal Kalkınma Kooperatifi”) is supported by establishment of soap production facility from pomace and contributes recovery of waste from olive oil production. The training of 25 women (cooperative members) on soap production is completed and the production, packaging design and marketing processes will be launched in the remainder part of the project.

Another women’s cooperative in Şanlıurfa (“SAF Kadın Grişim”) is supported by establishment of a composting and seedling production facility that will contribute to the reuse of organic waste and animal waste in Şanlıurfa. 25 women members of the cooperative will receive composting and seedling production trainings and will
generate income through the production and sale of compost fertilizer and pepper seeds (a signature agri-
product of Şanlıurfa).

III. SCOPE AND OBJECTIVE OF EVALUATION

The Short-Term Expert on Final Project Evaluation will be mobilized as Individual Consultant for preparing an
independent evaluation report that measures the expected results and specific objectives achieved against those
stated in the Project Documents and associated modifications and identifying the lessons learned which are
relevant to the planning, preparation and implementation phases of a possible subsequent project through the
conduct of an evaluation mission.

The object of study for this evaluation is understood to be the set of outcomes, outputs, activities and inputs
that were detailed in the project document(s) and in associated modifications made during implementation.

This final evaluation has the following specific objectives:

· To measure to what extent the project has contributed to solve the needs identified in the design phase.
· To measure project’s degree of implementation, efficiency and quality delivered on expected results (outputs) and specific objectives (outcomes), against what was originally planned or officially revised.
· To measure the project contribution to the objectives set in the UNDP Country Program Document (CPD), United Nations Development Cooperation Strategy (UNDCS), as well as relevant Sustainable Development Goals.
· To generate substantive evidence-based knowledge by identifying best practices and lessons learned that could be useful to other development interventions at national (scale up) and international level (replicability) and to support the sustainability of the project or some of its components.

IV. KEY EVALUATION QUESTIONS AND LEVEL OF ANALYSIS

In the light of the evaluation parameters, the Individual Consultant is expected to analyse data and share his/her findings, conclusions and recommendations generated by this analysis. As a reference point for the evaluation, the Individual Consultant is provided with indicative evaluation questions below; which are expected to be amended, elaborated and submitted as part of the Inception Report and shall be included as an annex to the final report described below.

Relevance:

Under this parameter, the Individual Consultant will analyse the extent to which the objectives of this intervention are consistent with the needs and interest of the people, the needs of the country, national strategies and relevant legislation:

1. To what extent was the design and strategy of the development intervention relevant to national priorities (including clear linkage to CPD, UNDCS and national strategies and relevant legislation)?
2. How much and in what ways did the project contribute to solve the needs and problems identified in the design phase?
3. To what extent was this project designed, implemented, monitored and evaluated as rights based and gender sensitive? (See Gender Equality related documents to be reviewed under Annex C.)
4. To what extent does the project create synergy/linkages with other projects and interventions in the country i.e. the first phase of this project, ongoing Turkey Resilience Project activities in Kilis, previously completed integrated waste management plan of Şanlıurfa and Strategic plan of MoUE?

Effectiveness:

Under this parameter, the Individual Consultant will analyse to what extent the Project objectives have been achieved or how likely they are to be achieved:

1. To what extent did the project contribute to the attainment of the development of outputs and outcomes initially expected/stipulated in the project document? (The Individual Consultant is expected to provide detailed analysis of: 1) planned activities and outputs and 2) achievement of results.)

2. What are the key factors contributing to project success or underachievement? How might this be improved in the future?

3. Have any good practices, success stories, lessons learned, or transferable examples been identified? Please describe and document them.

4. To what extent has the project contributed to the advancement and the progress of United Nations Development Cooperation Strategy (UNDCS) and CPD goals as well as Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)?

5. To what extent has the project contributed to the well-being and human rights of vulnerable groups, including persons under temporary protection, women and girls and contributed to social cohesion and livelihood generation in the project provinces? Did the project effectively contribute to leave no one behind agenda?

6) Did Covid-19 measures have a positive or negative effect on the achievement of project results?

Efficiency:

Under this parameter, the Individual Consultant will analyse to what extent the resources/inputs (funds, time, human resources, etc.) have been turned into results and the results have been delivered with the least costly way possible:

1. To what extent did the project’s management model (i.e. instruments; economic, human and technical resources; organizational structure; information flows; decision-making in management) was efficient in comparison to the development results attained?

2. To what extent was the implementation of this project intervention more efficient in comparison to what could have been in the absence of such an intervention?

3. What type of work methodologies, financial instruments, and business practices have the implementing partners used to increase efficiency?

4. What type of (administrative, financial and managerial) obstacles did the project face and to what extent have this affected its efficiency?

5. What was the progress of the project in financial terms, indicating amounts committed and disbursed (total amounts & as percentage of total) by UNDP?
Sustainability:
Under this parameter, the Individual Consultant will analyse to what extent the project’s positive actions are likely to continue after the end of the project:

1. To what extent have the project decision making bodies and implementing partners undertaken the necessary decisions and course of actions to ensure the sustainability of the effects of the project? What is the risk that the level of stakeholder ownership will be insufficient to allow for the project outcomes/benefits to be sustained?
2. Are the legal frameworks, policies and governance structures and processes in place for sustaining project benefits?
3. To what extent will the project be replicable or scaled up?
4. To what extent will the benefits and outcomes continue after external donor funding ends? What is the likelihood of financial and economic resources not being available once the donor assistance ends?
5. What can be done to maximize the likelihood of sustainable outcomes?

Cross-Cutting Issues:
All the above-mentioned evaluation questions should include an assessment of the extent to which programme design, implementation and monitoring have taken the following cross-cutting issues into consideration:

1. To what extent has the project contributed to the advancement and the progress in women’s empowerment as well as mainstreaming gender equality? (to be elaborated in relation to the UNDP Gender Mainstreaming strategies and guidelines, along with other relevant strategies and guidelines)
2. To what extent has the project contributed to poverty/environment nexus or sustainable livelihoods?
3. To what extent has the project contributed to crisis prevention and recovery issues?

V. METHODOLOGICAL APPROACH
The Individual Consultant will use methodologies and techniques as determined by the specific needs for information, the questions set out in this Terms of Reference and the availability of resources and the priorities of stakeholders. In all cases, Individual Consultant is expected to analyse all relevant information sources, such as reports, programme documents, strategic country development documents and any other documents that may provide evidence on which to form judgements which are indicatively listed in Annex C of this Terms of Reference. Individual Consultant is also expected to use interviews, surveys or any other relevant quantitative and/or qualitative tool to collect relevant data for the evaluation. The Individual Consultant will make sure that the voices, opinions and information of target audience/participants of the project are considered.

The methodology and techniques to be used in the evaluation should be described in detail in the Inception Report and the Final Evaluation Report, and should contain, at minimum, information on the instruments used for data collection and analysis, whether these be documents, interviews, questionnaires or participatory techniques following high level of research ethics and impartiality.

In addition, the Individual Consultant must assure that information and data are gathered and reported in a gender sensitive approach. To that extent, specific methodological tools should be used and sex disaggregated data should be provided.
VI. KEY ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE EVALUATION PROCESS

There will be actors involved in the implementation of monitoring and evaluation:

1. **Evaluation Manager**

   This role will be conducted by the **Monitoring and Evaluation Analyst of UNDP** who will have the following functions:
   - Supervise the evaluation process throughout the main phases of the evaluation (preparation of the ToR, implementation and management and use of the evaluation)
   - Participate in the selection and recruitment of the Individual Consultant
   - Provide the Individual Consultant with administrative support and required data and documentation
   - Ensure the evaluation deliverables meet the required quality
   - Safeguard the independence of the exercise, including the selection of the Individual Consultant
   - Review the Inception Report, Draft Evaluation and Final Evaluation Reports and give necessary approvals on behalf of UNDP
   - Collect and consolidate comments on draft evaluation reports and share with the evaluation team for finalization of the evaluation report
   - Contribute to the development of management responses and key actions to all recommendations addressed to UNDP
   - Ensure evaluation terms of reference, final evaluation reports, management responses are publicly available through Evaluation Resource Center within the specified timeframe
   - Facilitate, monitor and report on implementation of management responses on a periodic basis

2. **Syria Crisis Response Portfolio Manager** will have the following functions:
   - Establish the Evaluation Reference Group with key project partners when needed
   - Ensure and safeguard the independence of the evaluation
   - Provide comments and clarifications on the Terms of Reference, Draft Inception Report and Draft Evaluation Reports
   - Ensure the Individual Consultant’s access to all information, data and documentation relevant to the intervention, as well as to key actors and informants who are expected to participate in interviews, focus groups or other information-gathering methods
   - Respond to evaluation recommendations by providing management responses and key actions
   - Ensure dissemination of the evaluation report to key stakeholders
   - Be responsible for implementation of key actions of the management response

3. **The Individual Consultant** will conduct the evaluation study by fulfilling his/her contractual duties and responsibilities in line with this ToR, United Nations Evaluation Group (UNEG) norms and standards and ethical guidelines. This includes submission of all deliverables stipulated under Article XII (Terms and Payments) of this ToR, to the satisfaction of UNDP. Individual Consultant’s functions do not include any managerial, supervisory and/or representative functions in UNDP, end beneficiaries and implementing partners. All documents and data
provided to the Individual Consultant are confidential and cannot be used for any other purpose or shared with a third party without any written approval from UNDP.

4. **Evaluation Reference Group**: Ministry of Environment and Urbanization (MoEU) General Directorate of Environmental Management and USBPRM will function as the evaluation reference group. This group is composed of the representatives of the major stakeholders in the project and will review and provide advice on the quality of the evaluation process, as well as on the evaluation products (more specifically comments and suggestions on the draft report and final report) and options for improvement.

**VII. EXPECTED DELIVERABLES**

The Individual Consultant is expected to submit the following deliverables to the satisfaction of UNDP:

1) **Inception Report**:  
This report will be 15 pages maximum in length and will propose the methods, sources and procedures to be used for carrying out the independent evaluation. The report should justify why the said methods are the most appropriate, given the set of evaluation questions identified in the ToR. It will also include a mission programme which indicates proposed timeline of activities and submission of deliverables. This document will be used as an initial point of agreement and understanding between the Individual Consultant and UNDP. In principle, the report is expected to contain the outline stated in Annex A of this Terms of Reference.

2) **Draft Evaluation Report**:  
The draft evaluation report will contain the same sections as the final report (described in the next paragraph) and will be approximately 30 pages in length, excluding annexes. It will also contain an executive summary of no more than 5 pages that includes a brief description of the project, its context and current situation, the purpose of the evaluation, its methodology and its main findings, conclusions and recommendations. UNDP will disseminate the draft evaluation report to the evaluation reference group in order to seek their comments and suggestions. Comments and suggestions of UNDP and Evaluation Reference Group will be collected in an audit trail and will be shared with the Consultant for him/her to make her final revisions.

3) **Final Evaluation Report**:  
The final evaluation report will be approximately 30 pages in length excluding annexes. The final evaluation report will also contain an executive summary of no more than 5 pages that includes a brief description of the project, its context and current situation, the purpose of the evaluation, its methodology and its main findings, conclusions and recommendations. The report should contain, at minimum, information on the instruments used for data collection and analysis, whether these be documents, interviews, questionnaires or participatory techniques following high level of research ethics and impartiality. In addition, the Final Evaluation Report should contain clear recommendations that are concrete, feasible and easy to understand. The Final Evaluation Report will be shared with UNDP to be disseminated to the key stakeholders. In principle, this report is expected to contain the sections stated in Annex B of this Terms of Reference. The Consultant will also submit his/her answers to the Audit Trail to show the actions taken/not taken and revisions made/not made in line with suggestions and recommendations of UNDP and Evaluation Reference Group providing detailed justifications in each case.
**Reporting Line**

The Individual Consultant will be responsible to the Evaluation Manager (in this case UNDP’s Monitoring and Evaluation Analyst) for the completion of the tasks and duties assigned throughout this Terms of Reference. All of the reports are subject to approval from Evaluation Manager, in order for the payments to be affected to the Individual Consultant.

**Reporting Conditions**

The reporting language will be English. All information should be provided in electronic version in word format. The Individual Consultant shall be solely liable for the accuracy and reliability of the data provided, along with links to sources of information used.

**Title Rights**

The title rights, copyrights and all other rights whatsoever nature in any material produced under the provisions of this ToR will be vested exclusively in UNDP.

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**VIII. TIMING AND DURATION**

The Assignment will be non-consecutively undertaken by the Individual Consultant throughout the timeframe below;

**Contract Start Date:** 15.05.2021  
**Contract End Date:** 15.09.2021

Following the mobilization of the Individual Consultant; submission of the documents, access to reports and archives and briefing on project, the following timeframe will be followed:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity of the Implementation Phase</th>
<th>Responsible Party</th>
<th>Due Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kick off meeting</td>
<td>Portfolio Manager, Evaluation Manager, Project Team</td>
<td>15 June 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Draft Inception Report</td>
<td>Individual Consultant</td>
<td>25 June 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Providing the feedbacks to Draft Inception Report</td>
<td>Portfolio Manager, Evaluation Manager</td>
<td>2 July 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finalized Inception Report based on the feedbacks received from UNDP</td>
<td>Individual Consultant</td>
<td>9 July 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data collection and interviews with UNDP and key stakeholders[1]</td>
<td>Individual Consultant</td>
<td>12 – 30 July 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delivery of Draft Evaluation Report compiling findings from data collection and interviews with key stakeholders</td>
<td>Individual Consultant</td>
<td>13 August 2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[1](exact interview date(s) will be decided by UNDP and communicated with the Individual Contractor)
Review the Draft Evaluation Report and provide feedback

Portfolio Manager, Evaluation Manager, Evaluation Reference Group

20 August 2021

Delivery of the Final Evaluation Report by taking into consideration the feedbacks from UNDP

Individual Consultant

30 August 2021

| Total Evaluation Process (days) | 75 |
| Estimated Maximum Total Number of Person/Days to be Invested by the IC | 25 |

Expected Interview Schedule

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Partners/ Stakeholder(s) to be Interviewed</th>
<th>Location5</th>
<th>Estimated Day(s) of Interview</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UNDP (relevant staff from project, SCRR Portfolio and Country Office staff)</td>
<td>Ankara, Turkey</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MoEU (Head of Department for Zero Waste and Waste Treatment)</td>
<td>Ankara, Turkey</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kilis Municipality (Deputy Mayor and Cleaning services manager)</td>
<td>Kilis</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Haliliye Municipality (Mayor and Cleaning services manager)</td>
<td>Şanliurfa</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USBPRM</td>
<td>Ankara, Turkey</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community wardens for recycling system (if applicable)</td>
<td>Kilis, Şanliurfa</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kilis and Sanliurfa Provincial Directorate of National Education (Provincial Director)</td>
<td>Kilis, Şanliurfa</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Women’s cooperatives, (Leaders and members of Women’s Cooperatives)</td>
<td>Kilis, Şanliurfa</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ESTIMATED TOTAL

| 5 |

IX. INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENT

UNDP will provide background materials for the IC’s review, reference and use. Neither UNDP nor any of the project partners are required to provide any physical facility for the work of the IC. However, depending on the availability of physical facilities (e.g. working space, computer, printer, telephone lines, internet connection, etc.)

Location refers to where the stakeholder is located. The evaluator may or may not undertake an in-person interview depending on Covid-19 measures prevalent in the country at the time of the field work. In the case of restrictions, the evaluator has the liberty to carry out the interviews remotely.
and at the discretion of UNDP and/or the relevant project partners, such facilities may be provided at the disposal of the IC. UNDP and/or the relevant project partners will facilitate meetings between the IC and other stakeholders, when needed.

X. ETHICAL PRINCIPLES AND PREMISES OF THE EVALUATION

The evaluation of the project is to be carried out according to ethical principles and standards established by the UNEG.

- **Anonymity and confidentiality.** The evaluation must respect the rights of individuals who provide information, ensuring their anonymity and confidentiality.
- **Responsibility.** The report must mention any dispute or difference of opinion that may have arisen between the Individual Consultant and Project Team in connection with the findings and/or recommendations. The Individual Consultant must corroborate all assertions and disagreements with him/her must be noted.
- **Integrity.** The Individual Consultant will be responsible for highlighting issues not specifically mentioned in the ToR, if this is needed to obtain a more complete analysis of the intervention.
- **Independence.** The Individual Consultant should ensure his or her independence from the intervention under review, and he or she must not be associated with its management or any element thereof.
- **Incidents.** If problems arise during the interviews, or at any other stage of the evaluation, they must be reported immediately to UNDP. If this is not done, the existence of such problems may in no case be used to justify the failure to obtain the results stipulated by UNDP in this Terms of Reference.
- **Validation of information.** The Individual Consultant will be responsible for ensuring the accuracy of the information collected while preparing the reports and will be ultimately responsible for the information presented in the evaluation report.
- **Intellectual property.** In handling information sources, the Consultant shall respect the intellectual property rights of the institutions and communities that are under review.
- **Delivery of reports/deliverables.** If delivery of the reports/deliverables is delayed, or in the event that the quality of the reports delivered is lower than of the quality desired by UNDP, the Individual Consultant will not be entitled for any payment regarding that specific report/deliverable, even if s/he has invested person/days for submission of the report/deliverable.

XI. PLACE OF WORK

Duty Station for the Assignment is Home-based. The Individual Consultant may be requested to travel to Turkey. However, as the COVID-19 pandemic is quickly evolving, field visit to Ankara might not be possible and interviews might be held virtually through telecommuting and online conferencing tools, or any other alternative method to protect the safety of individual consultant, key actors and informants whilst ensuring the successful conduct of evaluation mission. “Interviews” referred in this Terms of Reference comprises such telecommuting and online
conferencing tools as well. Nevertheless, if UNDP deems a field visit is necessary, travel, accommodation costs (bed and breakfast) and living costs (terminal expenses, intra-city travel costs, lunch, dinner, etc.) of the missions to Ankara and/or other provinces of Turkey will be borne by UNDP. UNDP will arrange economy class roundtrip flight tickets through its contracted Travel Agency.

Assignment-related travel and accommodation costs outside of the Duty Station, which are pre-approved by UNDP, will be borne by UNDP in line with UNDP’s corporate rules and regulations. The costs of these missions may either be;

- Arranged and covered by UNDP CO from the respective project budget without making any reimbursements to the Consultant, through UNDP’s official Travel Agency or,
- Reimbursed to the Consultant upon the submission of the receipts/invoices of the expenses by the consultant and approval of the UNDP. The reimbursement of each cost item is subject to the following constraints/conditions provided in below table or,
- Covered by the combination of both options.

The following guidance on travel compensation is provided as per UNDP practice:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cost item</th>
<th>Constraints</th>
<th>Conditions of Reimbursement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Travel (intercity transportation)</td>
<td>Full-fare economy class tickets</td>
<td>1- Approval by UNDP of the cost items before the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>initiation of travel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2- Submission of the invoices/receipt, etc. by</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>the consultant with the UNDP’s F-10 Form</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3- Acceptance and approval by UNDP of the invoices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>and F-10 Form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accommodation</td>
<td>Up to 50% of the effective DSA rate of UNDP for the</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>respective location</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breakfast</td>
<td>Up to 6% of the effective DSA rate of UNDP for the</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>respective location</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lunch</td>
<td>Up to 12% of the effective DSA rate of UNDP for the</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>respective location</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dinner</td>
<td>Up to 12% of the effective DSA rate of UNDP for the</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>respective location</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Expenses (intra city transportations, transfer cost from /to terminals, etc.)</td>
<td>Up to 20% of effective DSA rate of UNDP for the respective location</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

XII. TERMS AND PAYMENTS

- Contracting Authority

Contracting Authority for this Assignment is UNDP, and the contract amount will be provided through the project budget.

- Contracting Modality

IC – Individual Contract of UNDP.

- Payment Schedule
Payments will be made within 30 days upon acceptance and approval of corresponding deliverables by UNDP on the basis of payment terms indicated below, along with the pertaining Certification of Payment document signed by the Individual Consultant and approved by Evaluation Manager (Monitoring and Evaluation Analyst).

The maximum total amount to be paid to the Individual Consultant within the scope of this assignment cannot exceed equivalent of 25 person/days. The payments will be made according to the below table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Deliverable</th>
<th>Due Date</th>
<th>Estimated Number of Person/Days to be Invested by the IC*</th>
<th>Payment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Draft Inception Report</td>
<td>25 June 2021</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finalized Inception Report based on the feedbacks received from UNDP</td>
<td>9 July 2021</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data collection and interviews with UNDP and key stakeholders</td>
<td>12 – 30 July 2021</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delivery of draft Evaluation Report compiling findings from data collection and interviews with key stakeholders</td>
<td>13 August 2021</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delivery of Final Evaluation Report by taking into consideration the feedbacks received from Evaluation Reference Group</td>
<td>30 August 2021</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Upon submission and approval of all three deliverables (100% of the total contract amount)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estimated Maximum Total Number of Person/Days to be Invested by the IC</td>
<td></td>
<td>25 Person/Days</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*While the number of days to be invested for each deliverable may change, the total number of days invested by the Individual Consultant cannot exceed 25 days for this assignment (i.e. for submission of the deliverables) as defined in this ToR.

Without submission and approval (by UNDP) of the above listed deliverables in due time and quality, the Consultant shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the UNDP even if he/she invests time in this assignment. While the IC may invest less or more than estimated number of person/days for each deliverable different than the estimated person/days stipulated in the above table, the total amount of payment to be affected to the IC within the scope of this Assignment cannot exceed equivalent of 25 person/days throughout the contract validity.
In cases where the Consultant may need to invest additional person/days to perform the tasks and produce the deliverables listed and defined in this Terms of Reference, the Consultant shall do so without any additional payment.

If any of the deliverables stipulated in this Terms of Reference are not produced and delivered by the IC in due time and to the satisfaction of UNDP, no payment will be made even if the IC has invested person/days to produce and deliver such deliverables.

The IC shall be paid in USD if he/she resides in a country different than Turkey. If he/she resides in Turkey, the payment shall be realized in TRY through conversion of the USD amount by the official UN Operational Rate of Exchange applicable on the date of money transfer.

The amount paid to the consultant shall be gross and inclusive of all associated costs such as social security, pension and income tax, etc. The daily fee to be paid to the Consultant is fixed regardless of changes in the cost components. The daily fee amount should be indicated in gross terms and hence should be inclusive of costs related to tax, social security premium, pension, visa (if needed) etc. UNDP will not make any further clarification on costs related to tax, social security premium, pension, visa etc. It is the applicants’ responsibility to make necessary inquiries on these matters.

**Tax Obligations:** The IC is solely responsible for all taxation or other assessments on any income derived from UNDP. UNDP will not make any withholding from payments for the purposes of income tax. UNDP is exempt from any liabilities regarding taxation and will not reimburse any such taxation to the IC.

### XIII. QUALIFICATION AND SKILLS REQUIREMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Minimum Qualification Requirements</th>
<th>Assets</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **General Qualifications** | • Bachelor’s Degree in public administration, economics, urban planning, environmental engineering, ecology or any other relevant field.  
• Good command of spoken and written English. | • Master’s or Ph.D. Degree in relevant areas such as economics, public administration, urban planning, ecology, environment or any other relevant field. |
<p>| <strong>General Professional Experience</strong> | • Minimum 7 years of overall professional experience in research design, field work, qualitative, quantitative and mixed-method research strategies, including but not limited to focus groups, surveys and interview techniques | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specific Professional Experience</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| • Minimum 5 years of professional international experience in conducting and managing evaluations, assessments, research or review of development projects, programmes or thematic areas either as team leader, sole evaluator or as a team member.  
• Experience in evaluation of solid waste management/urban environmental governance and/or livelihood, social cohesion sector. |  |
| • 3-5 evaluations, assessments, research or review of development projects on solid waste management/urban environmental governance and/or livelihood, social cohesion sector as team leader or sole evaluator.  
• 6-9 evaluations, assessments, research or review of development projects on solid waste management/urban environmental governance and/or livelihood, social cohesion sector as team leader or sole evaluator.  
• Minimum 10 evaluations, assessments, research or review of development projects on solid waste management/urban environmental governance and/or livelihood, social cohesion sector as team leader or sole evaluator.  
• Experience in evaluation of USBPRM/USAID funded projects.  
• Authorship of article(s) / research paper(s) on programme/project evaluation on solid waste management/urban environmental governance and/or livelihood, social cohesion sector. |  |

Notes:
• Internships (paid/unpaid) are not considered professional experience.  
• Obligatory military service is not considered professional experience.  
• Professional experience gained in an international setting is considered international experience.  
• Experience gained prior to completion of undergraduate studies is not considered professional experience.

XIV. ANNEXES

Annex A - Outline of the Inception Report

1. **Background and context** illustrating the understanding of the project/outcome to be evaluated.

2. **Evaluation objective, purpose and scope.** A clear statement of the objectives of the evaluation and the main aspects or elements of the initiative to be examined.

3. **Evaluation criteria and questions.** The criteria the evaluation will use to assess performance and rationale. The stakeholders to be met and interview questions should be included and agreed as well as a proposed schedule for field site visits.
4. **Evaluability analysis.** Illustrate the evaluability analysis based on formal (clear outputs, indicators, baselines, data) and substantive (identification of problem addressed, theory of change, results framework) and the implication on the proposed methodology.

5. **Cross-cutting issues.** Provide details of how cross-cutting issues will be evaluated, considered and analyzed throughout the evaluation. The description should specify how methods for data collection and analysis will integrate gender considerations, ensure that data collected is disaggregated by sex and other relevant categories, and employ a diverse range of data sources and processes to ensure inclusion of diverse stakeholders, including the most vulnerable where appropriate.

6. **Evaluation approach and methodology,** highlighting the conceptual models adopted with a description of data-collection methods, sources and analytical approaches to be employed, including the rationale for their selection (how they will inform the evaluation) and their limitations; data-collection tools, instruments and protocols; and discussion of reliability and validity for the evaluation and the sampling plan, including the rationale and limitations.

7. **Evaluation matrix.** This identifies the key evaluation questions and how they will be answered via the methods selected.

8. A revised **schedule of key milestones**, deliverables and responsibilities including the evaluation phases (data collection, data analysis and reporting).

9. Detailed **resource requirements** tied to evaluation activities and deliverables detailed in the workplan. Include specific assistance required from UNDP such as providing arrangements for visiting particular field offices or sites

10. **Outline of the draft/final report** as detailed in the guidelines and ensuring quality and usability (outlined below). The agreed report outline should meet the quality goals outlined in these guidelines and also meet the quality assessment requirements outlined in section 6.

**Annex B - Outline of the draft and final reports**

1. **Title and opening pages** should provide the following basic information:
   - Name of the evaluation intervention.
   - Time frame of the evaluation and date of the report.
   - Countries of the evaluation intervention.
   - Names and organizations of evaluators.
   - Name of the organization commissioning the evaluation.
   - Acknowledgements.

2. **Project and evaluation information details** to be included in all final versions of evaluation reports on second page (as one page):

3. **Table of contents**, including boxes, figures, tables and annexes with page references.

4. **List of acronyms and abbreviations.**

5. **Executive summary (four-page maximum).** A stand-alone section of two to three pages that should:

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6 Annex 2 outlines different data collection methods.
▪ Briefly describe the intervention of the evaluation (the project(s), programme(s), policies or other intervention) that was evaluated.
▪ Explain the purpose and objectives of the evaluation, including the audience for the evaluation and the intended uses.
▪ Describe key aspect of the evaluation approach and methods.
▪ Summarize principle findings, conclusions and recommendations.
▪ Include the evaluators’ quality standards and assurance ratings.

6. **Introduction**
▪ Explain why the evaluation was conducted (the purpose), why the intervention is being evaluated at this point in time, and why it addressed the questions it did.
▪ Identify the primary audience or users of the evaluation, what they wanted to learn from the evaluation and why, and how they are expected to use the evaluation results.
▪ Identify the intervention of the evaluation (the project(s) programme(s) policies or other intervention—see upcoming section on intervention).
▪ Acquaint the reader with the structure and contents of the report and how the information contained in the report will meet the purposes of the evaluation and satisfy the information needs of the report’s intended users.

7. **Description of the intervention** provides the basis for report users to understand the logic and assess the merits of the evaluation methodology and understand the applicability of the evaluation results. The description needs to provide sufficient detail for the report user to derive meaning from the evaluation.
   It should:
▪ Describe what is being evaluated, who seeks to benefit and the problem or issue it seeks to address.
▪ Explain the expected results model or results framework, implementation strategies and the key assumptions underlying the strategy.
▪ Link the intervention to national priorities, UNDCS priorities, corporate multi-year funding frameworks or Strategic Plan goals, or other programme or country-specific plans and goals.
▪ Identify the phase in the implementation of the intervention and any significant changes (e.g., plans, strategies, logical frameworks) that have occurred over time, and explain the implications of those changes for the evaluation.
▪ Identify and describe the key partners involved in the implementation and their roles.
▪ Identify relevant cross-cutting issues addressed through the intervention, i.e., gender equality, human rights, marginalized groups and leaving no one behind.
▪ Describe the scale of the intervention, such as the number of components (e.g., phases of a project) and the size of the target population for each component.
▪ Indicate the total resources, including human resources and budgets.
▪ Describe the context of the social, political, economic and institutional factors, and the geographical landscape within which the intervention operates and explain the effects (challenges and opportunities) those factors present for its implementation and outcomes.
▪ Point out design weaknesses (e.g., intervention logic) or other implementation constraints (e.g., resource limitations).

8. **Evaluation scope and objectives.** The report should provide a clear explanation of the evaluation’s scope, primary objectives and main questions.
▪ **Evaluation scope.** The report should define the parameters of the evaluation, for example, the time period, the segments of the target population included, the geographic area included, and which components, outputs or outcomes were and were not assessed.


- **Evaluation objectives.** The report should spell out the types of decisions evaluation users will make, the issues they will need to consider in making those decisions and what the evaluation will need to achieve to contribute to those decisions.

- **Evaluation criteria.** The report should define the evaluation criteria or performance standards used. The report should explain the rationale for selecting the particular criteria used in the evaluation.

- **Evaluation questions** define the information that the evaluation will generate. The report should detail the main evaluation questions addressed by the evaluation and explain how the answers to these questions address the information needs of users.

9. **Evaluation approach and methods.** The evaluation report should describe in detail the selected methodological approaches, methods and analysis; the rationale for their selection; and how, within the constraints of time and money, the approaches and methods employed yielded data that helped answer the evaluation questions and achieved the evaluation purposes. The report should specify how gender equality, vulnerability and social inclusion were addressed in the methodology, including how data-collection and analysis methods integrated gender considerations, use of disaggregated data and outreach to diverse stakeholders’ groups. The description should help the report users judge the merits of the methods used in the evaluation and the credibility of the findings, conclusions and recommendations. The description on methodology should include discussion of each of the following:

- **Evaluation approach.**
- **Data sources:** the sources of information (documents reviewed and stakeholders) as well as the rationale for their selection and how the information obtained addressed the evaluation questions.
- **Sample and sampling frame.** If a sample was used: the sample size and characteristics; the sample selection criteria (e.g., single women under age 45); the process for selecting the sample (e.g., random, purposive); if applicable, how comparison and treatment groups were assigned; and the extent to which the sample is representative of the entire target population, including discussion of the limitations of sample for generalizing results.
- **Data-collection procedures and instruments:** methods or procedures used to collect data, including discussion of data-collection instruments (e.g., interview protocols), their appropriateness for the data source, and evidence of their reliability and validity, as well as gender-responsiveness.
- **Performance standards:** the standard or measure that will be used to evaluate performance relative to the evaluation questions (e.g., national or regional indicators, rating scales).
- **Stakeholder participation** in the evaluation and how the level of involvement of both men and women contributed to the credibility of the evaluation and the results.
- **Ethical considerations:** the measures taken to protect the rights and confidentiality of informants (see UNEG ‘Ethical Guidelines for Evaluators’ for more information).\(^7\)
- **Background information on evaluators:** the composition of the evaluation team, the background and skills of team members, and the appropriateness of the technical skill mix, gender balance and geographical representation for the evaluation.

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Major limitations of the methodology should be identified and openly discussed as to their implications for evaluation, as well as steps taken to mitigate those limitations.

10. **Data analysis.** The report should describe the procedures used to analyse the data collected to answer the evaluation questions. It should detail the various steps and stages of analysis that were carried out, including the steps to confirm the accuracy of data and the results for different stakeholder groups (men and women, different social groups, etc.). The report also should discuss the appropriateness of the analyses to the evaluation questions. Potential weaknesses in the data analysis and gaps or limitations of the data should be discussed, including their possible influence on the way findings may be interpreted and conclusions drawn.

11. **Findings** should be presented as statements of fact that are based on analysis of the data. They should be structured around the evaluation questions so that report users can readily make the connection between what was asked and what was found. Variances between planned and actual results should be explained, as well as factors affecting the achievement of intended results. Assumptions or risks in the project or programme design that subsequently affected implementation should be discussed. Findings should reflect a gender analysis and cross-cutting issue questions.

12. **Conclusions** should be comprehensive and balanced and highlight the strengths, weaknesses and outcomes of the intervention. They should be well substantiated by the evidence and logically connected to evaluation findings. They should respond to key evaluation questions and provide insights into the identification of and/or solutions to important problems or issues pertinent to the decision-making of intended users, including issues in relation to gender equality and women’s empowerment.

13. **Recommendations.** The report should provide practical, actionable and feasible recommendations directed to the intended users of the report about what actions to take or decisions to make. Recommendations should be reasonable in number. The recommendations should be specifically supported by the evidence and linked to the findings and conclusions around key questions addressed by the evaluation. They should address sustainability of the initiative and comment on the adequacy of the project exit strategy, if applicable. Recommendations should also provide specific advice for future or similar projects or programming. Recommendations should also address any gender equality and women’s empowerment issues and priorities for action to improve these aspects.

14. **Lessons learned.** As appropriate and/or if requested by the TOR, the report should include discussion of lessons learned from the evaluation, that is, new knowledge gained from the particular circumstance (intervention, context outcomes, even about evaluation methods) that are applicable to a similar context. Lessons should be concise and based on specific evidence presented in the report.

15. **Report annexes.** Suggested annexes should include the following to provide the report user with supplemental background and methodological details that enhance the credibility of the report:
   - TOR for the evaluation.
   - Additional methodology-related documentation, such as the evaluation matrix and data-collection instruments (questionnaires, interview guides, observation protocols, etc.) as appropriate.
   - List of individuals or groups interviewed or consulted, and sites visited. This can be omitted in the interest of confidentiality if agreed by the evaluation team and UNDP.
   - List of supporting documents reviewed.
   - Project or programme results model or results framework.
   - Summary tables of findings, such as tables displaying progress towards outputs, targets and goals relative to established indicators.
   - Code of conduct signed by evaluator.
Annex C – Documents to be Reviewed

Background Documents on Country and UNDP Priorities (will be provided after Contract Signature)

- Summary of the M&E frameworks and common indicators
- M&E strategy
- UNDP Guidelines on “Gender Mainstreaming in Practice: A Toolkit”
- UNDP Social and Environmental Standards (14 July 2014)
- Zero Waste Program of Ministry of Environment and Urbanization
- 5393 Municipalities Law
- 5216 Metropolitan Municipalities Law
- Zero Waste Regulation
- Civic Amity Center Notification
- Waste Interim Storage Notification
- Waste management Regulation
- Regulation on Packaging Waste Control
- Regulation on Electric- electronic Waste Control
- Regulation on Batteries/ accumulators Waste Control
- Regulation on Oil Waste Control
- Regulation on Vegetable Oil Waste Control

Project Documents, which will be provided after Contract Signature

- Project Document
- Memorandum of Understanding, as well as Addendum and revised Project Document
- Inception and Progress reports
- Annual Work Plan
- Steering Committee and Management Meeting Minutes
- Technical Field Visit Report
- Needs Analysis Reports for Kilis and Haliliye Municipalities (only in Turkish)
- Zero waste awareness raising campaign plan
- Training reports and records,
- Social Behaviour Assessment Report for Kilis and Haliliye (only in Turkish)
- Stakeholder Analysis Reports
- Monitoring mission reports
- Final Report of USBPRM Phase I