UNDP-GEF Midterm Review Terms of Reference

1. INTRODUCTION

This is the Terms of Reference (ToR) for the UNDP-GEF Midterm Review (MTR) of the fullsize project titled National Biodiversity Project: Conservation of Iona National Park (PIMS 4581) implemented through the Ministry of Environment, which is to be undertaken in February 2015. The project started on February 2013 and is in its third year of implementation. In line with the UNDP-GEF Guidance on MTRs, this MTR process was initiated before the submission of the second Project Implementation Report (PIR). This ToR sets out the expectations for this MTR. The MTR process must follow the guidance outlined in the document *Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects (attached)*.

2. PROJECT BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The project was designed as the first phase of a more comprehensive national program to rehabilitate, strengthen and expand Angola's system of protected areas. For this phase of the national program, the project will focus outputs and activities - over a period of four years - at two levels of intervention. At a national level (Component 2), the project will support the government in the establishment and operationalisation of the 'Department of Conservation Areas' within the recently approved Instituto Nacional de Biodiversidade e Áreas de Conservação (INBAC). At a local level (Component 1), the project will seek to assist the government to rehabilitate a single protected area - the largest National Park in Angola, Iona National Park (15,150 km2). The total budget planned is USD10,750.000, and planned co-finance is USD2,000,000 to be provided from the Government of Angola, USD1,140,000 from UNDP TRAC funds, USD2,000,000 from the GEF, USD5,265,000 from the European Union. The total cash co-finance is USD8,0405,000 The project will be implemented over a period of five years. The project will be nationally implemented (NIM) by the Ministry of Environment. The UNDP Country Office will monitor the project's implementation and achievement of the project outputs, and ensure the proper use of UNDP/GEF funds. Working in close cooperation with MINAMB, the UNDP Country Office (CO) will be responsible for: (i) providing financial and audit services to the project; (ii) recruitment and contracting of project staff; (iii) overseeing financial expenditures against project budgets approved by the Project Steering Committee (PSC); (iv) appointment of independent financial auditors and evaluators; and (v) ensuring that all activities, including procurement and financial services, are carried out in strict compliance with UNDP/GEF procedures. The European Union (EU) delegated the implementation of the joint-financing of 3.9 million Euros to the UNDP. The EU and UNDP have signed a 'Contribution Agreement' that entrusts the implementation of the specific budget tasks to the UNDP. MINAMB have the overall responsibility for achieving the project goal and objectives and designated a senior official to act as the National Project Director responsible for providing strategic oversight and guidance to project implementation. The Project Steering Committee ensures that the project remains on course to deliver the desired outcomes of the required quality. The PSC will be chaired by MINAMB. The PSC will include representation from: EU; MINADER; INBAC; Provincial Government of Namibe and UNDP.

3. OBJECTIVES OF THE MTR

The MTR will assess progress towards the achievement of the project objectives and outcomes as specified in the Project Document, and assess early signs of project success or failure with the goal of

identifying the necessary changes to be made in order to set the project on-track to achieve its intended results. The MTR will also review the project's strategy, its risks to sustainability.

4. MTR APPROACH & METHODOLOGY

The MTR must provide evidence based information that is credible, reliable and useful. The MTR team will review all relevant sources of information including documents prepared during the preparation phase (i.e. PIF, UNDP Initiation Plan, UNDP Environmental & Social Safeguard Policy, the Project Document, project reports including Annual Project Review/PIRs, project budget revisions, lesson learned reports, national strategic and legal documents, and any other materials that the team considers useful for this evidence-based review). The MTR team will review the baseline GEF focal area Tracking Tool submitted to the GEF at CEO endorsement, and the midterm GEF focal area Tracking Tool that must be completed before the MTR field mission begins.

The MTR team is expected to follow a collaborative and participatory approach¹ ensuring close engagement with the Project Team, government counterparts (the GEF Operational Focal Point), the UNDP Country Office(s), UNDP-GEF Regional Technical Advisers, and other key stakeholders.

Engagement of stakeholders is vital to a successful MTR.² Stakeholder involvement should include interviews with stakeholders who have project responsibilities, including but not limited (attached list); executing agencies, senior officials and task team/ component leaders, key experts and consultants in the subject area, Project Board, project stakeholders, academia, local government and CSOs, etc. Additionally, the MTR team is expected to conduct field missions to Tombwa, and Iona National Park in Namibe province.

The final MTR report should describe the full MTR approach taken and the rationale for the approach making explicit the underlying assumptions, challenges, strengths and weaknesses about the methods and approach of the review.

5. DETAILED SCOPE OF THE MTR

The MTR team will assess the following four categories of project progress. See the *Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects* for extended descriptions.

i. Project Strategy

Project design:

- Review the problem addressed by the project and the underlying assumptions. Review the effect of
 any incorrect assumptions or changes to the context to achieving the project results as outlined in the
 Project Document.
- Review the relevance of the project strategy and assess whether it provides the most effective route towards expected/intended results. Were lessons from other relevant projects properly incorporated into the project design?
- Review how the project addresses country priorities. Review country ownership. Was the project
 concept in line with the national sector development priorities and plans of the country (or of
 participating countries in the case of multi-country projects)?

¹ For ideas on innovative and participatory Monitoring and Evaluation strategies and techniques, see <u>UNDP Discussion Paper:</u> <u>Innovations in Monitoring & Evaluating Results</u>, 05 Nov 2013.

² For more stakeholder engagement in the M&E process, see the <u>UNDP Handbook on Planning, Monitoring and Evaluating for Development Results</u>, Chapter 3, pg. 93.

- Review decision-making processes: were perspectives of those who would be affected by project
 decisions, those who could affect the outcomes, and those who could contribute information or
 other resources to the process, taken into account during project design processes?
- Review the extent to which relevant gender issues were raised in the project design. See Annex 9 of Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects for further guidelines.
- If there are major areas of concern, recommend areas for improvement.

Results Framework/Logframe:

- Undertake a critical analysis of the project's logframe indicators and targets, assess how "SMART"
 the midterm and end-of-project targets are (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Relevant, Time-bound),
 and suggest specific amendments/revisions to the targets and indicators as necessary.
- Are the project's objectives and outcomes or components clear, practical, and feasible within its time frame?
- Examine if progress so far has led to, or could in the future catalyse beneficial development effects (i.e. income generation, gender equality and women's empowerment, improved governance etc...) that should be included in the project results framework and monitored on an annual basis.
- Ensure broader development and gender aspects of the project are being monitored effectively.
 Develop and recommend SMART 'development' indicators, including sex-disaggregated indicators and indicators that capture development benefits.

ii. Progress Towards Results

Progress Towards Outcomes Analysis:

Review the logframe indicators against progress made towards the end-of-project targets using the
Progress Towards Results Matrix and following the *Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects*; colour code progress in a "traffic light system" based on the level of
progress achieved; assign a rating on progress for each outcome; make recommendations from the
areas marked as "Not on target to be achieved" (red).

Table. Progress Towards Results Matrix (Achievement of outcomes against End-of-project Targets)

ı	Project	Indicator ³	Baseline	Level in 1st	Midterm	End-of-	Midterm	Achievement	Iustification
- 1	Project	maicator	Dasenne	Level III 1st		Ena-or-	Midteriii	Acmevement	Justification
-	Strategy		Level ⁴	PIR (self-	Target ⁵	project	Level &	Rating ⁷	for Rating
- 1					8	T	A	Rating	101 Rating
- 1				reported)		Target	Assessment ⁶		

⁶ Colour code this column only

³ Populate with data from the Logframe and scorecards

⁴ Populate with data from the Project Document

⁵ If available

⁷ Use the 6 point Progress Towards Results Rating Scale: HS, S, MS, MU, U, HU

011	T = 1	T	1 40/	1			
Objective:	Indicator 1: Financial sustainability scorecard for national system of protected areas	3%	1%		>10%		
	Indicator 2: Capacity development indicator score for protected area system	Systemic: 42% Institution al: 39% Individual : 35%	0%		Systemic : 55% Institutio nal: 50% Individu al: 45%		
	Indicator 3: Total government budget allocation (including operational, HR and capital budget) (US\$ per annum) for protected area management	US\$1.5 million (as at 2010/11)	84% (estimate; information by GoA not available)		>US\$8 million		
	Indicator 4: Number of protected areas in which the METT is adopted as a tool to monitor effectiveness of PA management	0	Achieved		>7		
Outcome 1:	Indicator 5: Management Effectiveness Tracking Tool scorecard: Iona National Park	7%	0		>45%		

Indicator 6:	0	Partially	12		
Number of		achieved			
park					
management					
staff					
appointed,					
equipped,					
trained and					
deployed in					
the park					
Indicator 7:	0%	0%	>80%		
Percentage					
(%) of park					
(%) of park visitors ⁸					
obtaining a					
permit to					
traverse/overn					
ight in the					
park					
Indicator 8:	>35%	0%	<20%		
	/33/6	070	\20 /6		
Proportion					
(%) of the					
plains					
grassland					
habitats of					
the park					
(~600km ²)					
overgrazed by					
livestock					
(goats and					
cattle)					
Indicator 9:					
Increase in		0			
		U			
wildlife					
populations:	1650		>2000		
Oryx	1030		>2000		
Hartmann's	265		>300		
Zebra	265		>3500		
Springbok	2400		>500		
Ostrich	400	NI-4			
Indicator 10:	0 (of 16)	Not	4 (of 16)		
Number of		achieved			
critical					
natural					
freshwater					
springs and					
wells secured					
and					
accessible for					
use by					
medium-sized					
and large					
wildlife specie					1

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 $^{^{\}rm 8}$ 'Visitors' are defined as any person not permanently residing in the park

	T 1' , 4.6	NI-	Nict	V		1
	Indicator 16:	No	Not achieved	Yes		
	Organizationa		acineved			
	I structure for					
	protected					
	areas and job					
	descriptions,					
	remuneration					
	levels and					
	conditions of					
	service for					
	protected					
	area staff					
	formally					
	adopted by					
	government					
	Indicator 17:	0	Not	>50%		
	Recruitment		achieved			
	of staff to					
	approved					
	protected					
	area posts in					
	the					
	organogram					
	of the					
	protected					
	area agency					
	(as a % of					
	posts with					
	permanent					
	staff					
	appointed)					
	Indicator 18:	0	0	20		
	Number of					
	protected					
	area staff					
	completing					
	in-service					
	training and					
	skills					
	development					
	programmes					
	Indicator 19:	0	1	3		
	Number of					
	senior					
	protected					
	area staff in a					
	structured					
	mentoring					
	programme					
					1	

į I			_	1		I	ı
	Indicator 20:	0	0		7		
	Number of						
	national parks						
	and strict						
	nature						
	reserves with						
	fully						
	documented						
	up-to-date						
	assessments of their state						
	and						
	biodiversity						
	value						
	Indicator 21:	1	Achieved		4		
	Number of	•					
	protected						
	areas where a						
	structured						
	rationalisatio						
	n and						
	rehabilitation						
	programme is						
	adequately						
	resourced						
	and under						
	implementati						
	on						

Indicator Assessment Key

Green= Achieved Yellow= On target to be achieved Red= Not on target to be achieved

In addition to the progress towards outcomes analysis:

- Compare and analyse the GEF Tracking Tool at the Baseline with the one completed right before the Midterm Review.
- Identify remaining barriers to achieving the project objective in the remainder of the project.
- By reviewing the aspects of the project that have already been successful, identify ways in which the project can further expand these benefits.

iii. Project Implementation and Adaptive Management

Management Arrangements:

- Review overall effectiveness of project management as outlined in the Project Document. Have changes been made and are they effective? Are responsibilities and reporting lines clear? Is decision-making transparent and undertaken in a timely manner? Recommend areas for improvement.
- Review the quality of execution of the Executing Agency/Implementing Partner(s) and recommend areas for improvement.
- Review the quality of support provided by the GEF Partner Agency (UNDP) and recommend areas for improvement.

Work Planning:

- Review any delays in project start-up and implementation, identify the causes and examine if they
 have been resolved.
- Are work-planning processes results-based? If not, suggest ways to re-orientate work planning to focus on results?
- Examine the use of the project's results framework/ logframe as a management tool and review any changes made to it since project start.

Finance and co-finance:

- Consider the financial management of the project, with specific reference to the cost-effectiveness of interventions.
- Review the changes to fund allocations as a result of budget revisions and assess the appropriateness and relevance of such revisions.
- Does the project have the appropriate financial controls, including reporting and planning, that allow management to make informed decisions regarding the budget and allow for timely flow of funds?
- Informed by the co-financing monitoring table to be filled out, provide commentary on co-financing is co-financing being used strategically to help the objectives of the project? Is the Project Team meeting with all co-financing partners regularly in order to align financing priorities and annual work plans?

Project-level Monitoring and Evaluation Systems:

- Review the monitoring tools currently being used: Do they provide the necessary information? Do they involve key partners? Are they aligned or mainstreamed with national systems? Do they use existing information? Are they efficient? Are they cost-effective? Are additional tools required? How could they be made more participatory and inclusive?
- Examine the financial management of the project monitoring and evaluation budget. Are sufficient resources being allocated to monitoring and evaluation? Are these resources being allocated effectively?

Stakeholder Engagement:

- Project management: Has the project developed and leveraged the necessary and appropriate partnerships with direct and tangential stakeholders?
- Participation and country-driven processes: Do local and national government stakeholders support the objectives of the project? Do they continue to have an active role in project decision-making that supports efficient and effective project implementation?
- Participation and public awareness: To what extent has stakeholder involvement and public awareness contributed to the progress towards achievement of project objectives?

Reporting:

- Assess how adaptive management changes have been reported by the project management and shared with the Project Board.
- Assess how well the Project Team and partners undertake and fulfil GEF reporting requirements (i.e. how have they addressed poorly-rated PIRs, if applicable?)
- Assess how lessons derived from the adaptive management process have been documented, shared with key partners and internalized by partners.

Communications:

Review internal project communication with stakeholders: Is communication regular and effective?
 Are there key stakeholders left out of communication? Are there feedback mechanisms when

- communication is received? Does this communication with stakeholders contribute to their awareness of project outcomes and activities and investment in the sustainability of project results?
- Review external project communication: Are proper means of communication established or being
 established to express the project progress and intended impact to the public (is there a web
 presence, for example? Or did the project implement appropriate outreach and public awareness
 campaigns?)
- For reporting purposes, write one half-page paragraph that summarizes the project's progress towards results in terms of contribution to sustainable development benefits, as well as global environmental benefits.

iv. Sustainability

- Validate whether the risks identified in the Project Document, Annual Project Review/PIRs and the ATLAS Risk Management Module are the most important and whether the risk ratings applied are appropriate and up to date. If not, explain why.
- In addition, assess the following risks to sustainability:

Financial risks to sustainability:

• What is the likelihood of financial and economic resources not being available once the GEF assistance ends (consider potential resources can be from multiple sources, such as the public and private sectors, income generating activities, and other funding that will be adequate financial resources for sustaining project's outcomes)?

Socio-economic risks to sustainability:

• Are there any social or political risks that may jeopardize sustainability of project outcomes? What is the risk that the level of stakeholder ownership (including ownership by governments and other key stakeholders) will be insufficient to allow for the project outcomes/benefits to be sustained? Do the various key stakeholders see that it is in their interest that the project benefits continue to flow? Is there sufficient public / stakeholder awareness in support of the long term objectives of the project? Are lessons learned being documented by the Project Team on a continual basis and shared/transferred to appropriate parties who could learn from the project and potentially replicate and/or scale it in the future?

Institutional Framework and Governance risks to sustainability:

Do the legal frameworks, policies, governance structures and processes pose risks that may
jeopardize sustenance of project benefits? While assessing this parameter, also consider if the
required systems/ mechanisms for accountability, transparency, and technical knowledge transfer are
in place.

Environmental risks to sustainability:

Are there any environmental risks that may jeopardize sustenance of project outcomes?

Conclusions & Recommendations

The MTR team will include a section of the report setting out the MTR's evidence-based conclusions, in light of the findings.9

Recommendations should be succinct suggestions for critical intervention that are specific, measurable, achievable, and relevant. A recommendation table should be put in the report's executive summary. See

⁹ Alternatively, MTR conclusions may be integrated into the body of the report.

the Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects for guidance on a recommendation table.

The MTR team should make no more than 15 recommendations total.

Ratings

The MTR team will include its ratings of the project's results and brief descriptions of the associated achievements in a MTR Ratings & Achievement Summary Table in the Executive Summary of the MTR report. See Annex E for ratings scales. No rating on Project Strategy and no overall project rating is required.

Table. MTR Ratings & Achievement Summary Table for National Biodiversity Project: Conservation of Iona National Park

Measure	MTR Rating	Achievement Description
Project Strategy	N/A	
Progress Towards	Objective Achievement	
Results	Rating: (rate 6 pt. scale)	
	Outcome 1	
	Achievement Rating:	
	(rate 6 pt. scale)	
	Outcome 2	
	Achievement Rating:	
	(rate 6 pt. scale)	
	Outcome 3	
	Achievement Rating:	
	(rate 6 pt. scale)	
	Etc.	
Project	(rate 6 pt. scale)	
Implementation &		
Adaptive		
Management		
Sustainability	(rate 4 pt. scale)	

6. TIMEFRAME

The total duration of the MTR will be approximately 8 weeks including a 10 days visit to Luanda and Namibe starting *September*, and shall not exceed five months from when the consultant(s) are hired. The tentative MTR timeframe is as follows:

TIMEFRAME	ACTIVITY
08 May 2015	Application closes
15 May	Select MTR Team
20 May	Prep the MTR Team (handover of Project Documents)
26 May	Document review and preparing MTR Inception Report
May: (tbd)	Finalization and Validation of MTR Inception Report-latest start of
	MTR mission
10 days (r: 7-15)	MTR mission: stakeholder meetings, interviews, field visits
May (tbd)	Mission wrap-up meeting & presentation of initial findings- earliest
	end of MTR mission
(tbd) May 08 days (r: 5-10)	Preparing draft report
(tbd) May days (r: 1-2)	Incorporating audit trail from feedback on draft report/Finalization of
	MTR report

28March	Preparation & Issue of Management Response
3 April	Expected date of full MTR completion

Options for site visits should be provided in the Inception Report.

7. MIDTERM REVIEW DELIVERABLES

#	Deliverable	Description	Timing	Responsibilities
1	MTR Inception	MTR team clarifies	No later than 2	MTR team submits to
	Report	objectives and methods of	weeks before the	the Commissioning Unit
		Midterm Review	MTR mission	and project management
2	Presentation	Initial Findings	End of MTR	MTR Team presents to
			mission	project management and
				the Commissioning Unit
3	Draft Final	Full report (using	Within 3 weeks of	Sent to the
	Report	guidelines on content	the MTR mission	Commissioning Unit,
		outlined in Annex B) with		reviewed by RTA,
		annexes		Project Coordinating
				Unit, GEF OFP
4	Final Report*	Revised report with audit	Within 1 week of	Sent to the
		trail detailing how all	receiving UNDP	Commissioning Unit
		received comments have	comments on draft	
		(and have not) been		
		addressed in the final MTR		
		report		

^{*}The final MTR report must be in English. If applicable, the Commissioning Unit may choose to arrange for a translation of the report into a language more widely shared by national stakeholders.

8. MTR ARRANGEMENTS

The principal responsibility for managing this MTR resides with the Commissioning Unit. The Commissioning Unit for this project's MTR is UNDP Angola.

The commissioning unit will contract the consultants and ensure the timely provision of per diems and travel arrangements within the country for the MTR team. The Project Team will be responsible for liaising with the MTR team to provide all relevant documents, set up stakeholder interviews, and arrange field visits.

9. TEAM COMPOSITION

A team of two independent consultants will conduct the MTR - one team leader (with experience and exposure to projects and evaluations in other regions globally) and one national expert.

The selection of consultants will be aimed at maximizing the overall "team" qualities in the following areas:

- Recent experience with result-based management evaluation methodologies;
- Experience applying SMART indicators and reconstructing or validating baseline scenarios;
- Competence in adaptive management, as applied to Biodiversity focal area, 'Catalyzing Sustainability of Protected Areas Systems';
- Experience working with the GEF or GEF-evaluations;

- Experience working in Southern Africa and similar context;
- Work experience in relevant technical areas for at least 10 years;
- Demonstrated understanding of issues related to gender and Biodiversity focal area, 'Catalyzing Sustainability of Protected Areas Systems'; experience in gender sensitive evaluation and analysis.
- Excellent communication skills;
- Demonstrable analytical skills;
- Project evaluation/review experiences within United Nations system will be considered an asset;
- A Master's degree in Biodiversity Conservation, or other closely related field.

10. PAYMENT MODALITIES AND SPECIFICATIONS

Lumpsum or technical fee plus cost of actual travel and DSA

11. APPLICATION PROCESS¹⁰

Recommended Presentation of Proposal:

- a) Letter of Confirmation of Interest and Availability using the template¹¹ provided by UNDP;
- b) **CV** and a **Personal History Form** (P11 form¹²);
- c) **Brief description of approach to work/technical proposal** of why the individual considers him/herself as the most suitable for the assignment, and a proposed methodology on how they will approach and complete the assignment; (max 1 page)
- d) Financial Proposal that indicates the all-inclusive fixed total contract price and all other travel related costs (such as flight ticket, per diem, etc), supported by a breakdown of costs, as per template attached to the Letter of Confirmation of Interest template. If an applicant is employed by an organization/company/institution, and he/she expects his/her employer to charge a management fee in the process of releasing him/her to UNDP under Reimbursable Loan Agreement (RLA), the applicant must indicate at this point, and ensure that all such costs are duly incorporated in the financial proposal submitted to UNDP.

All application materials should be submitted to UNDP, Rua Major Kanhangulo, Nr.197, C.P. 910 Luanda, Angola in a sealed envelope indicating the following reference "Consultant for National Biodiversity Project: Conservation of Iona National Park (PIMS 4581) Midterm Review" or by email at the following address ONLY Aguiar Cuiundana aguiar.cuiundana@undp.org, Please fill in by 31 August 2015. Incomplete applications will be excluded from further consideration.

Criteria for Evaluation of Proposal: Only those applications which are responsive and compliant will be evaluated. Offers will be evaluated according to the Combined Scoring method – where the educational background and experience on similar assignments will be weighted at 70% and the price proposal will weigh as 30% of the total scoring. The applicant receiving the Highest Combined Score that has also accepted UNDP's General Terms and Conditions will be awarded the contract.

ToR ANNEX A: List of Documents to be reviewed by the MTR Team

- 1. PIF
- 2. UNDP Initiation Plan

UNDP-GEF MTR ToR Standard Template 1 for UNDP Procurement Website

 $^{^{10}}$ Engagement of the consultants should be done in line with guidelines for hiring consultants in the POPP: $\frac{\text{https:/info.undp.org/global/popp/Pages/default.aspx}}{\text{https://info.undp.org/global/popp/Pages/default.aspx}}$

 $[\]frac{https://intranet.undp.org/unit/bom/pso/Support%20documents%20on%20IC%20Guidelines/Template%20for%20Confirmation%20of%20Interest%20and%20Submission%20of%20Financial%20Proposal.docx$

http://www.undp.org/content/dam/undp/library/corporate/Careers/P11 Personal history form.doc

- 3. UNDP Project Document
- 4. UNDP Environmental and Social Screening results
- 5. Project Inception Report
- 6. All Project Implementation Reports (PIR's)
- 7. Quarterly progress reports and work plans of the various implementation task teams
- 8. Audit reports
- 9. Finalized GEF focal area Tracking Tools at CEO endorsement and midterm (fill in specific TTs for this project's focal area)
- 10. Oversight mission reports
- 11. All monitoring reports prepared by the project
- 12. Financial and Administration guidelines used by Project Team

The following documents will also be available:

- 13. Project operational guidelines, manuals and systems
- 14. UNDP country/countries programme document(s)
- 15. Minutes of the National Biodiversity Project: Conservation of Iona National Park (PIMS 4581) Board Meetings and other meetings (i.e. Project Appraisal Committee meetings)
- 16. Project site location maps

ToR ANNEX B: Guidelines on Contents for the Midterm Review Report¹³

- i. Basic Report Information (for opening page or title page)
 - Title of UNDP supported GEF financed project
 - UNDP PIMS# and GEF project ID#
 - MTR time frame and date of MTR report
 - Region and countries included in the project
 - GEF Operational Focal Area/Strategic Program
 - Executing Agency/Implementing Partner and other project partners
 - MTR team members
 - Acknowledgements
- ii. Table of Contents
- iii. Acronyms and Abbreviations
- **1.** Executive Summary (3-5 pages)
 - Project Information Table
 - Project Description (brief)
 - Project Progress Summary (between 200-500 words)
 - MTR Ratings & Achievement Summary Table
 - Concise summary of conclusions
 - Recommendation Summary Table
- 2. Introduction (2-3 pages)
 - Purpose of the MTR and objectives
 - Scope & Methodology: principles of design and execution of the MTR, MTR approach and data collection methods, limitations to the MTR
 - Structure of the MTR report
- **3.** Project Description and Background Context (3-5 pages)
 - Development context: environmental, socio-economic, institutional, and policy factors relevant to the project objective and scope
 - Problems that the project sought to address: threats and barriers targeted
 - Project Description and Strategy: objective, outcomes and expected results, description of field sites (if
 - · Project Implementation Arrangements: short description of the Project Board, key implementing partner

¹³ The Report length should not exceed 40 pages in total (not including annexes).

- arrangements, etc.
- Project timing and milestones
- Main stakeholders: summary list
- **4.** Findings (12-14 pages)
 - 4.1 Project Strategy
 - Project Design
 - Results Framework/Logframe
 - 4.2 Progress Towards Results
 - Progress towards outcomes analysis
 - Remaining barriers to achieving the project objective
 - 4.3 Project Implementation and Adaptive Management
 - Management Arrangements
 - Work planning
 - Finance and co-finance
 - Project-level monitoring and evaluation systems
 - Stakeholder engagement
 - Reporting
 - Communications
 - 4.4 Sustainability
 - Financial risks to sustainability
 - Socio-economic to sustainability
 - Institutional framework and governance risks to sustainability
 - Environmental risks to sustainability
- 5. Conclusions and Recommendations (4-6 pages)
 - **5.1** Conclusions
 - Comprehensive and balanced statements (that are evidence-based and connected to the MTR's findings) which highlight the strengths, weaknesses and results of the project
 - **5.2** Recommendations
 - Corrective actions for the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of the project
 - Actions to follow up or reinforce initial benefits from the project
 - Proposals for future directions underlining main objectives
- **6.** Annexes
 - MTR ToR (excluding ToR annexes)
 - MTR evaluative matrix (evaluation criteria with key questions, indicators, sources of data, and methodology)
 - Example Questionnaire or Interview Guide used for data collection
 - Ratings Scales
 - MTR mission itinerary
 - List of persons interviewed
 - List of documents reviewed
 - Co-financing table (if not previously included in the body of the report)
 - Signed UNEG Code of Conduct form
 - Signed MTR final report clearance form
 - Annexed in a separate file: Audit trail from received comments on draft MTR report
 - Annexed in a separate file: Relevant midterm tracking tools (METT, FSC, Capacity scorecard, etc.)

ToR ANNEX C: Midterm Review Evaluative Matrix Template

Evaluative Questions	s Indicators	Sources	Methodology
	nat extent is the project strategy	relevant to country prioritie	s, country ownership,
and the best route towa (include evaluative question(s))	(i.e. relationships established, level of coherence between project design and implementation approach, specific activities conducted, quality of risk mitigation strategies, etc.)	(i.e. project documents, national policies or strategies, websites, project staff, project partners, data collected throughout the MTR mission, etc.)	(i.e. document analysis, data analysis, interviews with project staff, interviews with stakeholders, etc.)
Progress Towards Resu	ults: To what extent have the ex	pected outcomes and object	tives of the project been
achieved thus far?		,	1 /
effectively, and been ab	n and Adaptive Management: I ble to adapt to any changing contion systems, reporting, and pro	nditions thus far? To what e	xtent are project-level
	extent are there financial, instigreem project results?	itutional, socio-economic, ar	nd/or environmental
Sustainability: To what risks to sustaining long		itutional, socio-economic, ar	nd/or environmental
		itutional, socio-economic, an	nd/or environmental

Evaluators/Consultants:

- 1. Must present information that is complete and fair in its assessment of strengths and weaknesses so that decisions or actions taken are well founded.
- 2. Must disclose the full set of evaluation findings along with information on their limitations and have this accessible to all affected by the evaluation with expressed legal rights to receive results.
- 3. Should protect the anonymity and confidentiality of individual informants. They should provide maximum notice, minimize demands on time, and respect people's right not to engage. Evaluators must respect people's right to provide information in confidence, and must ensure that sensitive information cannot be traced to its source. Evaluators are not expected to evaluate individuals, and must balance an evaluation of management functions with this general principle.
- 4. Sometimes uncover evidence of wrongdoing while conducting evaluations. Such cases must be reported discreetly to the appropriate investigative body. Evaluators should consult with other relevant oversight entities when there is any doubt about if and how issues should be reported.
- 5. Should be sensitive to beliefs, manners and customs and act with integrity and honesty in their relations with all stakeholders. In line with the UN Universal Declaration of Human Rights, evaluators must be sensitive to and address issues of discrimination and gender equality. They should avoid offending the dignity and self-respect of those persons with whom they come in contact in the course of the evaluation. Knowing that evaluation might negatively affect the interests of some stakeholders, evaluators should conduct the evaluation and communicate its purpose and results in a way that clearly respects the stakeholders' dignity and self-worth.
- 6. Are responsible for their performance and their product(s). They are responsible for the clear, accurate and fair written and/or oral presentation of study limitations, findings and recommendations.
- 7. Should reflect sound accounting procedures and be prudent in using the resources of the evaluation.

MTR Consultant Agreement Form

Agreement to abide by the Code of Conduct for Evaluat	ion in the UN System:				
Name of Consultant:					
Name of Consultancy Organization (where relevant):					
I confirm that I have received and understood and will abide by the United Nations Code of Conduct for Evaluation.					
Signed at	_ (Place) on	(Date)			
Signature:					

-

¹⁴ www.undp.org/unegcodeofconduct

ToR ANNEX E: MTR Ratings

Ratings for Progress Towards Results: (one rating for each outcome and for the objective)				
6	Highly Satisfactory (HS)	The objective/outcome is expected to achieve or exceed all its end-of-project targets, without major shortcomings. The progress towards the objective/outcome can be presented as "good practice".		
5	Satisfactory (S)	The objective/outcome is expected to achieve most of its end-of-project targets, with only minor shortcomings.		
4	Moderately Satisfactory (MS)	The objective/outcome is expected to achieve most of its end-of-project targets but with significant shortcomings.		
3	Moderately Unsatisfactory (HU)	The objective/outcome is expected to achieve its end-of-project targets with major shortcomings.		
2	Unsatisfactory (U)	The objective/outcome is expected not to achieve most of its end-of-project targets.		
1	Highly Unsatisfactory (HU)	The objective/outcome has failed to achieve its midterm targets, and is not expected to achieve any of its end-of-project targets.		

Ra	Ratings for Project Implementation & Adaptive Management: (one overall rating)					
6	Highly Satisfactory (HS)	Implementation of all seven components – management arrangements, work planning, finance and co- finance, project-level monitoring and evaluation systems, stakeholder engagement, reporting, and communications – is leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management. The project can be presented as "good practice".				
5	Satisfactory (S)	Implementation of most of the seven components is leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management except for only few that are subject to remedial action.				
4	Moderately Satisfactory (MS)	Implementation of some of the seven components is leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management, with some components requiring remedial action.				
3	Moderately Unsatisfactory (MU)	Implementation of some of the seven components is not leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive, with most components requiring remedial action.				
2	Unsatisfactory (U)	Implementation of most of the seven components is not leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management.				
1	Highly Unsatisfactory (HU)	Implementation of none of the seven components is leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management.				

Ratings for Sustainability: (one overall rating)					
4	Likely (L)	Negligible risks to sustainability, with key outcomes on track to be achieved by the project's closure and expected to continue into the foreseeable future			
3	Moderately Likely (ML)	Moderate risks, but expectations that at least some outcomes will be sustained due to the progress towards results on outcomes at the Midterm Review			
2	Moderately Unlikely (MU)	Significant risk that key outcomes will not carry on after project closure, although some outputs and activities should carry on			
1	Unlikely (U)	Severe risks that project outcomes as well as key outputs will not be sustained			

ToR ANNEX F: MTR Report Clearance Form (to be completed by the Commissioning Unit and UNDP-GEF RTA and included in the final document)

Midterm Review Report Reviewed and Cleared By:				
Commissioning Unit				
Name:				
Signature:	Date:			
UNDP-GEF Regional Technical Advisor				
Name:				
Signature:	Date:			

UNDP-GEF Midterm Review Terms of Reference

Standard Template 2: Formatted information to be entered in <u>UNDP Jobs</u> website¹⁵

BASIC CONTRACT INFORMATION

Location:

Application Deadline:

Category: Energy and Environment Type of Contract: Individual Contract Assignment Type: International Consultant

Languages Required:

Starting Date: September 2015

Duration of Initial Contract: 8 weeks Expected Duration of Assignment:

BACKGROUND

A. Project Title

B. Project Description

This is the Terms of Reference for the UNDP-GEF Midterm Review (MTR) of the full or medium-sized project titled Project Title (PIMS#) implemented through the Executing Agency/Implementing Partner, which is to be undertaken in year. The project started on the Project Document signature date and is in its third year of implementation. In line with the UNDP-GEF Guidance on MTRs, this MTR process was initiated before the submission of the second Project Implementation Report (PIR). The MTR process must follow the guidance outlined in the document *Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects* (see Annex).

The project was designed to:

- Briefly describe the project rationale / background and the objectives of the project
- If applicable, explain thoroughly the peculiarity of the setting of the project or the work required, if any (e.g., security risks involved in conducting the work in certain communities, certain cultures and practices unique to the stakeholders, etc.)

¹⁵ https://jobs.undp.org/

DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

C. Scope of Work and Key Tasks

The MTR team will consist of two independent consultants that will conduct the MTR - one team leader (with experience and exposure to projects and evaluations in other regions globally) and one team expert, usually from the country of the project.

The MTR team will first conduct a document review of project documents (i.e. PIF, UNDP Initiation Plan, Project Document, ESSP, Project Inception Report, PIRs, Finalized GEF focal area Tracking Tools, Project Appraisal Committee meeting minutes, Financial and Administration guidelines used by Project Team, project operational guidelines, manuals and systems, etc.) provided by the Project Team and Commissioning Unit. Then they will participate in a MTR inception workshop to clarify their understanding of the objectives and methods of the MTR, producing the MTR inception report thereafter. The MTR mission will then consist of interviews and site visits to (list preliminary sites).

The MTR team will assess the following four categories of project progress and produce a draft and final MTR report. See the *Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects* (attached or hyperlinked) for requirements on ratings. No overall rating is required.

1. Project Strategy

Project Design:

- Review the problem addressed by the project and the underlying assumptions. Review the effect of
 any incorrect assumptions or changes to the context to achieving the project results as outlined in
 the Project Document.
- Review the relevanced of the project strategy and assess whether it provides the most effective route towards expected/intended results.
- Review how the project addresses country priorities
- Review decision-making processes

Results Framework/Logframe:

- Undertake a critical analysis of the project's logframe indicators and targets, assess how "SMART" the midterm and end-of-project targets are (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Relevant, Timebound), and suggest specific amendments/revisions to the targets and indicators as necessary.
- Examine if progress so far has led to, or could in the future catalyse beneficial development effects (i.e. income generation, gender equality and women's empowerment, improved governance etc...) that should be included in the project results framework and monitored on an annual basis.

2. Progress Towards Results

- Review the logframe indicators against progress made towards the end-of-project targets; populate the Progress Towards Results Matrix, as described in the *Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects*; colour code progress in a "traffic light system" based on the level of progress achieved; assign a rating on progress for the project objective and each outcome; make recommendations from the areas marked as "not on target to be achieved" (red).
- Compare and analyse the GEF Tracking Tool at the Baseline with the one completed right before the Midterm Review.
- Identify remaining barriers to achieving the project objective.
- By reviewing the aspects of the project that have already been successful, identify ways in which the project can further expand these benefits.

3. Project Implementation and Adaptive Management

Using the Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects; assess the following categories of project progress:

- Management Arrangements
- Work Planning
- Finance and co-finance
- Project-level monitoring and evaluation systems
- Stakeholder Engagement
- Reporting
- Communications

4. Sustainability

Assess overall risks to sustainability factors of the project in terms of the following four categories:

- Financial risks to sustainability
- Socio-economic risks to sustainability
- Institutional framework and governance risks to sustainability
- Environmental risks to sustainability

The MTR consultant/team will include a section in the MTR report setting out the MTR's evidence-based **conclusions**, in light of the findings.

Additionally, the MTR consultant/team is expected to make **recommendations** to the Project Team. Recommendations should be succinct suggestions for critical intervention that are specific, measurable, achievable, and relevant. A recommendation table should be put in the report's executive summary. The MTR consultant/team should make no more than 15 recommendations total.

D. Expected Outputs and Deliverables

The MTR consultant/team shall prepare and submit:

- MTR Inception Report: MTR team clarifies objectives and methods of the Midterm Review no later than 2 weeks before the MTR mission. To be sent to the Commissioning Unit and project management. Approximate due date: (date)
- Presentation: Initial Findings presented to project management and the Commissioning Unit at the end of the MTR mission. Approximate due date: (date)
- Draft Final Report: Full report with annexes within 3 weeks of the MTR mission. Approximate due date: (date)
- Final Report*: Revised report with annexed audit trail detailing how all received comments have (and have not) been addressed in the final MTR report. To be sent to the Commissioning Unit within 1 week of receiving UNDP comments on draft. Approximate due date: (date)

*The final MTR report must be in English. If applicable, the Commissioning Unit may choose to arrange for a translation of the report into a language more widely shared by national stakeholders.

E. Institutional Arrangement

The principal responsibility for managing this MTR resides with the Commissioning Unit. The Commissioning Unit for this project's MTR is (In the case of single-country projects, the Commissioning Unit is the UNDP Country Office. In the case of regional projects and jointly-implemented projects, typically the principal responsibility for managing this MTR resides with the country or agency or regional coordination body — please confirm with the UNDP-GEF team in the region — that is receiving the larger proportion of GEF financing. For global projects, the Commissioning Unit can be the UNDP-GEF Directorate or the lead UNDP Country Office).

The Commissioning Unit will contract the consultants and ensure the timely provision of per diems and travel arrangements within the country for the MTR team. The Project Team will be responsible for liaising with the MTR team to provide all relevant documents, set up stakeholder interviews, and arrange field visits.

F. Duration of the Work

The total duration of the MTR will be approximately (# of weeks) starting (date), and shall not exceed five months from when the consultant(s) are hired. The tentative MTR timeframe is as follows:

- (May 2015): Application closes
- (August 2015): Selection of MTR Team
- (September 2015): Prep the MTR Team (handover of project documents)
- (14 18 September 2015) 4 days: Document review and preparing MTR Inception Report
- (September / October 2015) 5 days: Finalization and Validation of MTR Inception Report- latest start of MTR mission
- (21 29 September) 8 days: MTR mission: stakeholder meetings, interviews, field visits
- (1 day): Mission wrap-up meeting & presentation of initial findings- earliest end of MTR mission
- (October) 6 days: Preparing draft report
- (October) 1 day: Incorporating audit trail on draft report/Finalization of MTR report
- (October): Preparation & Issue of Management Response
- (October): Concluding Stakeholder Workshop (not mandatory for MTR team)
- (End of October): Expected date of full MTR completion

The date start of contract is (September).

G. Duty Station

Identify the consultant's duty station/location for the contract duration, mentioning ALL possible locations of field works/duty travel in pursuit of other relevant activities, specially where traveling to locations at security Phase I or above will be required.

Travel:

- The Basic Security in the Field II and Advanced Security in the Field courses <u>must</u> be successfully completed <u>prior</u> to commencement of travel;
- Individual Consultants are responsible for ensuring they have vaccinations/inoculations when travelling to certain countries, as designated by the UN Medical Director.
- Consultants are required to comply with the UN security directives set forth under https://dss.un.org/dssweb/
- All related travel expenses will be covered and will be reimbursed as per UNDP rules and regulations upon submission of an F-10 claim form and supporting documents.

REQUIRED SKILLS AND EXPERIENCE

H. Qualifications of the Successful Applicants

The selection of consultants will be aimed at maximizing the overall "team" qualities in the following areas: (give a weight to all these qualifications so applicants know what is the max amount of points they can earn for the technical evaluation)

- Recent experience with result-based management evaluation methodologies;
- Experience applying SMART targets and reconstructing or validating baseline scenarios;
- Competence in adaptive management, as applied to (fill in GEF Focal Area);
- Experience working with the GEF or GEF-evaluations;
- Experience working in (region of project);
- Work experience in relevant technical areas for at least 10 years;
- Demonstrated understanding of issues related to gender and (fill in GEF Focal Area); experience in gender sensitive evaluation and analysis;
- Excellent communication skills;
- Demonstrable analytical skills;
- Project evaluation/review experiences within United Nations system will be considered an asset;
- A Master's degree in Conservation, or other closely related field.

Consultant Independence:

The consultants cannot have participated in the project preparation, formulation, and/or implementation (including the writing of the Project Document) and should not have a conflict of interest with project's related activities.

APPLICATION PROCESS

I. Scope of Price Proposal and Schedule of Payments

Financial Proposal:

- Financial proposals must be "all inclusive" and expressed in a lump-sum for the total duration of the contract. The term "all inclusive" implies all cost (professional fees, travel costs, living allowances etc.);
- For duty travels, the UN's Daily Subsistence Allowance (DSA) rates are (fill for all travel destinations), which should provide indication of the cost of living in a duty station/destination (Note: Individuals on this contract are not UN staff and are therefore not entitled to DSAs. All living allowances required to perform the demands of the ToR must be incorporated in the financial proposal, whether the fees are expressed as daily fees or lump sum amount.)
- The lump sum is fixed regardless of changes in the cost components.

Schedule of Payments:

10% of payment upon approval of the MTR Inception Report

30% upon submission of the draft MTR Report

60% upon finalization of the MTR Report

Or, as otherwise agreed between the Commissioning Unit and the MTR team.

J. Recommended Presentation of Offer

- a) Completed **Letter of Confirmation of Interest and Availability** using the <u>template</u> provided by UNDP;
- b) **Personal CV or a <u>P11 Personal History form</u>**, indicating all past experience from similar projects, as well as the contact details (email and telephone number) of the Candidate and at least three (3) professional references;
- c) **Brief description of approach to work/technical proposal** of why the individual considers him/herself as the most suitable for the assignment, and a proposed methodology on how they will approach and complete the assignment; (max 1 page)
- d) Financial Proposal that indicates the all-inclusive fixed total contract price, supported by a breakdown of costs, as per template provided. If an applicant is employed by an organization/company/institution, and he/she expects his/her employer to charge a management fee in the process of releasing him/her to UNDP under Reimbursable Loan Agreement (RLA), the applicant must indicate at this point, and ensure that all such costs are duly incorporated in the financial proposal submitted to UNDP. See Letter of Confirmation of Interest template for financial proposal template.

Incomplete applications will be excluded from further consideration.

K. Criteria for Selection of the Best Offer

The award of the contract will be made to the Individual Consultant who has obtained the highest Combined Score and has accepted UNDP's General Terms and Conditions. Only those applications which are responsive and compliant will be evaluated. The offers will be evaluated using the "Combined Scoring method" where:

- a) The educational background and experience on similar assignments will be weighted a max. of 70%;
- b) The price proposal will weigh as 30% of the total scoring.

L. Annexes to the MTR ToR

Include Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects and other existing literature or documents that will help candidates gain a better understanding of the project situation and the work required.

Possible annexes include: (reference ToR Annexes in Annex 3 of Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects)

- List of documents to be reviewed by the MTR Team
- Guidelines on Contents for the Midterm Review Report
- UNEG Code of Conduct for Evaluators/Midterm Review Consultants
- MTR Required Ratings Table and Ratings Scales
- MTR Report Clearance Form
- Sample MTR Evaluative Matrix
- Progress Towards Results Matrix and MTR Ratings & Achievement Summary Tables (in Word)