1. INTRODUCTION

This is the Terms of Reference (ToR) for the UNDP Midterm Review (MTR) of the full-sized project titled “Ecosystem Based Adaptation Approach to Maintaining Water Security in Critical Water Catchments in Mongolia” (PIMS#4505) implemented through the Ministry of Environment and Green Development, Mongolia (MEGD) /UNDP, which is to be undertaken in 2014. The project started on the November 11, 2011 and is in its third year of implementation. In line with the UNDP-GEF Guidance on MTRs, this MTR process was initiated before the submission of the second Project Implementation Report (PIR). This ToR sets out the expectations for this MTR. The MTR process must follow the guidance outlined in the document Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF/AF-Financed Projects.

2. PROJECT BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The project was designed to maintain ecosystem functions and water provisioning services aimed at addressing the needs of critical for survival of rural communities and national economy. The project is implemented at two large landscapes: the Kharkhiraa, Turgen river sub-basin in Altai Mountains and Great Lakes Depression (Altai/GLD) eco region and the Ulz river basin in the Dornod steppe and Mongol Daurian eco region.

Mongolia is highly vulnerable to climate change due to its geographic location, fragile ecosystems and socio-economic conditions. The combination of ongoing land and water degradation multiplied by climate change will almost certainly result in substantial ecological and social challenges. To address the challenges presented by climate change, there is an urgent need to conserve and rehabilitate the ecosystem services upon which Mongolia’s rural economy, traditional culture, and rich biodiversity depend.

The main objective of the project is to maintain the water provisioning services supplied by mountain and steppe ecosystems by internalizing climate change risks within land and water resource management regimes. The project will be implemented between 2012 and 2017. Geographically, the project covers i) the Altai Mountains and Great Laeks Basin Eco-region; ii) the Eastern Steppe Eco-region; focusing on the Turgen/Kharkhiraa Sub River Basins – (Turgen, Ulaangom, Sagil, Bukhmurun, Khovd, Tarialan, Naranbulag soums of Uvs Aimag); and the Ulz River Basin – (Chuluunkhoroot, Dashbalbar, Bayandun, Bayan-Uul, Gruvanzagal, Choibalsan, Sergelen soums of Dornod aimag; Bayan-Adarga, Batnorov, Norovlin soums of Khentii aimag).

The project has three interconnected components:

(i) Landscape Level integrated land use and water resources monitoring and planning system focused upon reduction of ecosystem vulnerability to climate change developed and under implementation;
(ii) Implementing landscape level adaptation techniques to maintain ecosystem integrity and water security under conditions of climate change;
(iii) Strengthening institutional capacities to support integrated river basin management, its replication and mainstreaming in sector policies;

The breakdown of the project financing is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>The project financing</th>
<th>Budget amount US$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Adaptation fund</td>
<td>5,069,124 US$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Upon the request of the Government of Mongolia, UNDP is the Multilateral Implementing Agency (MIE) for this project. The Project is implemented following UNDP’s National Implementation Modality (NIM). The designated Implementing Partner of the project is the Ministry of Environment and Green Development (MEGD). MEGD is responsible for implementing UNFCCC and water resource management and holds the responsibility of the senior supplier. MEGD is ultimately responsible for the timely delivery of inputs and outputs and for coordination of all other Responsible parties including other line ministries, relevant agencies, and local government Authorities. The MEGD appointed the National Project Director, the chair and members of the Project Board (PB), responsible for making management decisions for the project and plays a critical role in project monitoring and evaluations by quality assuring these processes and products, and using evaluations for performance improvement, accountability and learning.

3. OBJECTIVES OF THE MTR

The MTR will assess progress towards the achievement of the project objectives and outcomes as specified in the Project Document, and assess early signs of project success or failure with the goal of identifying the necessary changes to be made in order to set the project on-track to achieve its intended results. The MTR will also review the project’s strategy, its risks to sustainability.

4. MTR APPROACH & METHODOLOGY

The MTR must provide evidence based information that is credible, reliable and useful. The MTR team will review all relevant sources of information including documents prepared during the preparation phase (i.e. PIF, UNDP, UNDP Environmental & Social Safeguard Policy, the Project Document, project reports including Annual Project Review/PIRs, project budget revisions, lesson learned reports, national strategic and legal documents, and any other materials that the team considers useful for this evidence-based review). The MTR team will review the baseline Adaptation Monitoring and Assessment Tool submitted to the AF at CEO endorsement, and the midterm Adaptation Monitoring and Assessment Tool that must be completed before the MTR field mission begins.

The MTR team is expected to follow a collaborative and participatory approach\(^2^3\) ensuring close engagement with the Project Team, government counterparts (the GEF Operational Focal Point), the UNDP Country Office(s), UNDP-GEF Regional Technical Advisers, and other key stakeholders.

Engagement of stakeholders is vital to a successful MTR\(^2^4\). Stakeholder involvement should include interviews with stakeholders who have project responsibilities, including but not limited to UNDP CO; MEGD, senior officials and task team/ component leaders, key experts and consultants in the subject area, Project NPD, Project Board, NPC, project staff, project stakeholders, academia, local government and CSOs, etc. Additionally, the MTR team is expected to conduct field missions to Mongolia\(^2^5\), including the following project sites: the Turgen/Kharkhiraa sub-river basin and Ulz river basin.

The final MTR report should describe the full MTR approach taken and the rationale for the approach making explicit the underlying assumptions, challenges, strengths and weaknesses about the methods and approach of the review.

5. DETAILED SCOPE OF THE MTR

The MTR team will assess the following four categories of project progress. See the *Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF/AF - Financed Projects* for extended descriptions.

i. Project Strategy

Project design:

- Review the problem addressed by the project and the underlying assumptions. Review the effect of any incorrect assumptions or changes to the context to achieving the project results as outlined in the Project Document.

---

\(^{23}\) For ideas on innovative and participatory Monitoring and Evaluation strategies and techniques, see UNDP Discussion Paper: Innovations in Monitoring & Evaluating Results, 05 Nov 2013.

\(^{24}\) For more stakeholder engagement in the M&E process, see the UNDP Handbook on Planning, Monitoring and Evaluating for Development Results, Chapter 3, pg. 93.
• Review the relevance of the project strategy and assess whether it provides the most effective route towards expected/intended results. Were lessons from other relevant projects properly incorporated into the project design?
• Review how the project addresses country priorities. Review country ownership. Was the project concept in line with the national sector development priorities and plans of the country (or of participating countries in the case of multi-country projects)?
• Review decision-making processes: were perspectives of those who would be affected by project decisions, those who could affect the outcomes, and those who could contribute information or other resources to the process, taken into account during project design processes?
• Review the extent to which relevant gender issues were raised in the project design. See Annex 9 of *Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF/AF-Financed Projects* for further guidelines.
• If there are major areas of concern, recommend areas for improvement.

**Results Framework/Logframe:**

• Undertake a critical analysis of the project’s logframe indicators and targets, assess how “SMART” the midterm and end-of-project targets are (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Relevant, Time-bound), and suggest specific amendments/revisions to the targets and indicators as necessary.
• Are the project’s objectives and outcomes or components clear, practical, and feasible within its time frame?
• Examine if progress so far has led to, or could in the future catalyse beneficial development effects (i.e. income generation, gender equality and women’s empowerment, improved governance etc...) that should be included in the project results framework and monitored on an annual basis.
• Ensure broader development and gender aspects of the project are being monitored effectively. Develop and recommend SMART ‘development’ indicators, including sex-disaggregated indicators and indicators that capture development benefits.

**ii. Progress Towards Results**

**Progress Towards Outcomes Analysis:**

• Review the logframe indicators against progress made towards the end-of-project targets using the Progress Towards Results Matrix and following the *Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects*; colour code progress in a “traffic light system” based on the level of progress achieved; assign a rating on progress for each outcome; make recommendations from the areas marked as “Not on target to be achieved” (red).

### Table: Progress Towards Results Matrix (Achievement of outcomes against End-of-project Targets)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Strategy</th>
<th>Indicator(s)</th>
<th>Baseline Level</th>
<th>Level in 1st PIR (self-reported)</th>
<th>Midterm Target</th>
<th>End-of-project Target</th>
<th>Midterm Level &amp; Assessment</th>
<th>Achievement Rating</th>
<th>Justification for Rating</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Objective:</td>
<td>Indicator (if applicable):</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outcome 1:</td>
<td>Indicator 1:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Indicator 2:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outcome 2:</td>
<td>Indicator 3:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Indicator 4:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Etc.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Indicator Assessment Key**

- **Green= Achieved**
- **Yellow= On target to be achieved**
- **Red= Not on target to be achieved**

In addition to the progress towards outcomes analysis:

• Compare and analyse the Adaptation Monitoring and Assessment Tool at the Baseline with the one completed right before the Midterm Review.

---

25 Populate with data from the Logframe and scorecards
26 Populate with data from the Project Document
27 If available
28 Colour code this column only
29 Use the 6 point Progress Towards Results Rating Scale: HS, S, MS, MU, U, HU
• Identify remaining barriers to achieving the project objective in the remainder of the project.
• By reviewing the aspects of the project that have already been successful, identify ways in which the project can further expand these benefits.

iii. Project Implementation and Adaptive Management

Management Arrangements:
• Review overall effectiveness of project management as outlined in the Project Document. Have changes been made and are they effective? Are responsibilities and reporting lines clear? Is decision-making transparent and undertaken in a timely manner? Recommend areas for improvement.
• Review the quality of execution of the Executing Agency/Implementing Partner(s) and recommend areas for improvement.
• Review the quality of support provided by the GEF/AF Partner Agency (UNDP) and recommend areas for improvement.

Work Planning:
• Review any delays in project start-up and implementation, identify the causes and examine if they have been resolved.
• Are work-planning processes results-based? If not, suggest ways to re-orientate work planning to focus on results?
• Examine the use of the project’s results framework/logframe as a management tool and review any changes made to it since project start.

Finance and co-finance:
• Consider the financial management of the project, with specific reference to the cost-effectiveness of interventions.
• Review the changes to fund allocations as a result of budget revisions and assess the appropriateness and relevance of such revisions.
• Does the project have the appropriate financial controls, including reporting and planning, that allow management to make informed decisions regarding the budget and allow for timely flow of funds?
• Informed by the co-financing monitoring table to be filled out, provide commentary on co-financing: is co-financing being used strategically to help the objectives of the project? Is the Project Team meeting with all co-financing partners regularly in order to align financing priorities and annual work plans?

Project-level Monitoring and Evaluation Systems:
• Review the monitoring tools currently being used: Do they provide the necessary information? Do they involve key partners? Are they aligned or mainstreamed with national systems? Do they use existing information? Are they efficient? Are they cost-effective? Are additional tools required? How could they be made more participatory and inclusive?
• Examine the financial management of the project monitoring and evaluation budget. Are sufficient resources being allocated to monitoring and evaluation? Are these resources being allocated effectively?

Stakeholder Engagement:
• Project management: Has the project developed and leveraged the necessary and appropriate partnerships with direct and tangential stakeholders?
• Participation and country-driven processes: Do local and national government stakeholders support the objectives of the project? Do they continue to have an active role in project decision-making that supports efficient and effective project implementation?
• Participation and public awareness: To what extent has stakeholder involvement and public awareness contributed to the progress towards achievement of project objectives?

Reporting:
• Assess how adaptive management changes have been reported by the project management and shared with the Project Board.
• Assess how well the Project Team and partners undertake and fulfil GEF/AF reporting requirements (i.e. how have they addressed poorly-rated PIRs, if applicable?)
• Assess how lessons derived from the adaptive management process have been documented, shared with key partners and internalized by partners.
Communications:

• Review internal project communication with stakeholders: Is communication regular and effective? Are there key stakeholders left out of communication? Are there feedback mechanisms when communication is received? Does this communication with stakeholders contribute to their awareness of project outcomes and activities and investment in the sustainability of project results?

• Review external project communication: Are proper means of communication established or being established to express the project progress and intended impact to the public (is there a web presence, for example? Or did the project implement appropriate outreach and public awareness campaigns?)

• For reporting purposes, write one half-page paragraph that summarizes the project’s progress towards results in terms of contribution to sustainable development benefits, as well as global environmental benefits.

e. Sustainability

• Validate whether the risks identified in the Project Document, Annual Project Review/PIRs and the ATLAS Risk Management Module are the most important and whether the risk ratings applied are appropriate and up to date. If not, explain why.

• In addition, assess the following risks to sustainability:

Financial risks to sustainability:

• What is the likelihood of financial and economic resources not being available once the GEF assistance ends (consider potential resources can be from multiple sources, such as the public and private sectors, income generating activities, and other funding that will be adequate financial resources for sustaining project’s outcomes)?

Socio-economic risks to sustainability:

• Are there any social or political risks that may jeopardize sustainability of project outcomes? What is the risk that the level of stakeholder ownership (including ownership by governments and other key stakeholders) will be insufficient to allow for the project outcomes/benefits to be sustained? Do the various key stakeholders see that it is in their interest that the project benefits continue to flow? Is there sufficient public / stakeholder awareness in support of the long term objectives of the project? Are lessons learned being documented by the Project Team on a continual basis and shared/transferred to appropriate parties who could learn from the project and potentially replicate and/or scale it in the future?

Institutional Framework and Governance risks to sustainability:

• Do the legal frameworks, policies, governance structures and processes pose risks that may jeopardize sustenance of project benefits? While assessing this parameter, also consider if the required systems/mechanisms for accountability, transparency, and technical knowledge transfer are in place.

Environmental risks to sustainability:

• Are there any environmental risks that may jeopardize sustenance of project outcomes?

Conclusions & Recommendations

The MTR team will include a section of the report setting out the MTR’s evidence-based conclusions, in light of the findings.30

Recommendations should be succinct suggestions for critical intervention that are specific, measurable, achievable, and relevant. A recommendation table should be put in the report’s executive summary. See the Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects for guidance on a recommendation table.

The MTR team should make no more than 15 recommendations total.

Ratings

---

30 Alternatively, MTR conclusions may be integrated into the body of the report.
The MTR team will include its ratings of the project’s results and brief descriptions of the associated achievements in a *MTR Ratings & Achievement Summary Table* in the Executive Summary of the MTR report. See Annex E for ratings scales. No rating on Project Strategy and no overall project rating is required.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>MTR Rating</th>
<th>Achievement Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Project Strategy</strong></td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td><strong>Progress Towards Results</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Objective Achievement Rating: (rate 6 pt. scale)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Outcome 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outcome 2</td>
<td>Achievement Rating: (rate 6 pt. scale)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Etc.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Project Implementation &amp; Adaptive Management</strong></td>
<td>(rate 6 pt. scale)</td>
<td><strong>Sustainability</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 6. TIMEFRAME

The total duration of the MTR will be 30 working days within approximately 8 weeks starting September 17, 2014 and ending no later than 10 December 2014. The tentative MTR timeframe is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TIMEFRAME</th>
<th>ACTIVITY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>September 10, 2014</td>
<td>Application closes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>September 25, 2014</td>
<td>Select MTR Team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>September 25, 2014</td>
<td>Prep the MTR Team (handover of Project Documents)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>September 30 (3 days)</td>
<td>Document review and preparing MTR Inception Report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 7 (4 days)</td>
<td>Finalization and Validation of MTR Inception Report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 20 (16 days)</td>
<td>Start MTR mission: stakeholder meetings, interviews, field visits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>November 4</td>
<td>Mission wrap-up meeting &amp; presentation of initial findings - earliest end of MTR mission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>November 22 (6 days)</td>
<td>Preparing draft report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 4 (3 days)</td>
<td>Incorporating audit trail from feedback on draft report/Finalization of MTR report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 7</td>
<td>Preparation &amp; Issue of Management Response</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 15</td>
<td>Expected date of full MTR completion</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Options for site visits should be provided in the Inception Report.

### 7. MIDTERM REVIEW DELIVERABLES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Deliverable</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Timing</th>
<th>Responsibilities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>MTR Inception Report</td>
<td>MTR team clarifies objectives and methods of Midterm Review</td>
<td>No later than 2 weeks before the MTR mission</td>
<td>MTR team submits to the Commissioning Unit and project management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Presentation</td>
<td>Initial Findings</td>
<td>End of MTR mission</td>
<td>MTR Team presents to project management and the Commissioning Unit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 8. MTR ARRANGEMENTS

The principal responsibility for managing this MTR resides with the Commissioning Unit. The Commissioning Unit for this project’s MTR is UNDP Mongolia Country office.

The commissioning unit will contract the consultants and ensure the timely provision of per diems and travel arrangements within Mongolia for the MTR team. The Project Team will be responsible for liaising with the MTR team to provide all relevant documents, set up stakeholder interviews, and arrange field visits.

### 9. TEAM COMPOSITION

A team of two independent consultants will conduct the MTR - one team leader (with experience and exposure to projects and evaluations in other regions globally) and one national team expert. The consultants cannot have participated in the project preparation, formulation, and/or implementation (including the writing of the Project Document) and should not have a conflict of interest with project’s related activities.

The selection of consultants will be aimed at maximizing the overall “team” qualities in the following areas:

- Recent experience with result-based management evaluation methodologies;
- Experience applying SMART indicators and reconstructing or validating baseline scenarios;
- Competence in adaptive management, as applied to climate change, biodiversity, land and water management;
- Experience working with the GEF or GEF-evaluations;
- Experience working in Central Asia region;
- Work experience in relevant technical areas for at least 10 years;
- Demonstrated understanding of issues related to gender and capacity development; experience in gender sensitive evaluation and analysis.
- Excellent communication skills;
- Demonstrable analytical skills;
- Project evaluation/review experiences within United Nations system will be considered an asset;
- A Master’s degree in nature & environment science, management and or other closely related field.

### 10. PAYMENT MODALITIES AND SPECIFICATIONS

- 10% of payment upon approval of the final MTR Inception Report
- 30% upon submission of the draft MTR report
- 60% upon finalization of the MTR report
11. APPLICATION PROCESS

Recommended Presentation of Proposal:

a) Letter of Confirmation of Interest and Availability using the template provided by UNDP;

b) CV and a Personal History Form (P11 form);

c) Brief description of approach to work/technical proposal of why the individual considers him/herself as the most suitable for the assignment, and a proposed methodology on how they will approach and complete the assignment; (max 1 page)

d) Financial Proposal that indicates the all-inclusive fixed total contract price and all other travel related costs (such as flight ticket, per diem, etc), supported by a breakdown of costs, as per template attached to the Letter of Confirmation of Interest template. If an applicant is employed by an organization/company/institution, and he/she expects his/her employer to charge a management fee in the process of releasing him/her to UNDP under Reimbursable Loan Agreement (RLA), the applicant must indicate at this point, and ensure that all such costs are duly incorporated in the financial proposal submitted to UNDP.

All application materials should be submitted to the address UN House - 14201, United Nations Street-14, Sukhbaatar district, Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia; Tel: 976-11-327585; in a sealed envelope indicating the following reference "Consultant for Ecosystem-based Adaptation Approach to Maintaining Water Security in Critical Water Catchments in Mongolia project Midterm Review" or by email at the following address ONLY: bids.mn@undp.org

This email address is being protected from spam bots, you need Javascript enabled to view it by 11.00 a.m., September 10, 2014. Incomplete applications will be excluded from further consideration.

Criteria for Evaluation of Proposal: Only those applications which are responsive and compliant will be evaluated. Offers will be evaluated according to the Combined Scoring method – where the educational background and experience on similar assignments will be weighted at 70% and the price proposal will weigh as 30% of the total scoring. The applicant receiving the Highest Combined Score that has also accepted UNDP’s General Terms and Conditions will be awarded the contract.

ToR ANNEX A: List of Documents to be reviewed by the MTR Team

1. PIF
2. UNDP Project Document
3. UNDP Environmental and Social Screening results
4. Project Inception Report
5. All Project Implementation Reports (PIR’s)
6. Quarterly progress reports and work plans of the various implementation task teams
7. Audit reports
8. Finalized GEF focal area Tracking Tools at CEO endorsement
9. Oversight mission reports
10. All monitoring reports prepared by the project

The following documents will also be available:

11. Project operational guidelines, manuals and systems
12. UNDP country/countries programme document(s)
13. Minutes of the Ecosystem-based Adaptation Approach to Maintaining Water Security in Critical Water Catchments in Mongolia project Board Meetings and other meetings (i.e. Project Appraisal Committee meetings)
14. Project site location maps

ToR ANNEX B: Guidelines on Contents for the Midterm Review Report

---

31Engagement of the consultants should be done in line with guidelines for hiring consultants in the POPP: https://info.undp.org/global/popp/Pages/default.aspx
33http://www.undp.org/content/dam/undp/library/corporate/Careers/P11_Personal_history_form.doc
34The Report length should not exceed 40 pages in total (not including annexes).
i. Basic Report Information (for opening page or title page)
   • Title of UNDP supported GEF financed project
   • UNDP PIMS# and GEF project ID#
   • MTR time frame and date of MTR report
   • Region and countries included in the project
   • GEF Operational Focal Area/Strategic Program
   • Executing Agency/Implementing Partner and other project partners
   • MTR team members
   • Acknowledgements

ii. Table of Contents

iii. Acronyms and Abbreviations

1. Executive Summary (3-5 pages)
   • Project Information Table
   • Project Description (brief)
   • Project Progress Summary (between 200-500 words)
   • MTR Ratings & Achievement Summary Table
   • Concise summary of conclusions
   • Recommendation Summary Table

2. Introduction (2-3 pages)
   • Purpose of the MTR and objectives
   • Scope & Methodology: principles of design and execution of the MTR, MTR approach and data collection methods, limitations to the MTR
   • Structure of the MTR report

3. Project Description and Background Context (3-5 pages)
   • Development context: environmental, socio-economic, institutional, and policy factors relevant to the project objective and scope
   • Problems that the project sought to address: threats and barriers targeted
   • Project Description and Strategy: objective, outcomes and expected results, description of field sites (if any)
   • Project Implementation Arrangements: short description of the Project Board, key implementing partner arrangements, etc.
   • Project timing and milestones
   • Main stakeholders: summary list

4. Findings (12-14 pages)
   4.1 Project Strategy
      • Project Design
      • Results Framework/Logframe
   4.2 Progress Towards Results
      • Progress towards outcomes analysis
      • Remaining barriers to achieving the project objective
   4.3 Project Implementation and Adaptive Management
      • Management Arrangements
      • Work planning
      • Finance and co-finance
      • Project-level monitoring and evaluation systems
      • Stakeholder engagement
      • Reporting
      • Communications
   4.4 Sustainability
      • Financial risks to sustainability
      • Socio-economic to sustainability
      • Institutional framework and governance risks to sustainability
      • Environmental risks to sustainability

5. Conclusions and Recommendations (4-6 pages)
   5.1 Conclusions
      • Comprehensive and balanced statements (that are evidence-based and connected to the MTR’s findings) which highlight the strengths, weaknesses and results of the project
5.2 Recommendations

- Corrective actions for the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of the project
- Actions to follow up or reinforce initial benefits from the project
- Proposals for future directions underlining main objectives

6. Annexes

- MTR ToR (excluding ToR annexes)
- MTR evaluative matrix (evaluation criteria with key questions, indicators, sources of data, and methodology)
- Example Questionnaire or Interview Guide used for data collection
- Ratings Scales
- MTR mission itinerary
- List of persons interviewed
- List of documents reviewed
- Co-financing table (if not previously included in the body of the report)
- Signed UNEG Code of Conduct form
- Signed MTR final report clearance form
- Annexed in a separate file: Audit trail from received comments on draft MTR report
- Annexed in a separate file: Relevant midterm tracking tools: Adaptation Monitoring and Assessment Tool

ANNEX VIII: UNEG Code of Conduct for Evaluators/Midterm Review Consultants

Evaluators/Consultants:

1. Must present information that is complete and fair in its assessment of strengths and weaknesses so that decisions or actions taken are well founded.
2. Must disclose the full set of evaluation findings along with information on their limitations and have this accessible to all affected by the evaluation with expressed legal rights to receive results.
3. Should protect the anonymity and confidentiality of individual informants. They should provide maximum notice, minimize demands on time, and respect people’s right not to engage. Evaluators must respect people’s right to provide information in confidence, and must ensure that sensitive information cannot be traced to its source. Evaluators are not expected to evaluate individuals, and must balance an evaluation of management functions with this general principle.
4. Sometimes uncover evidence of wrongdoing while conducting evaluations. Such cases must be reported discreetly to the appropriate investigative body. Evaluators should consult with other relevant oversight entities when there is any doubt about if and how issues should be reported.
5. Should be sensitive to beliefs, manners and customs and act with integrity and honesty in their relations with all stakeholders. In line with the UN Universal Declaration of Human Rights, evaluators must be sensitive to and address issues of discrimination and gender equality. They should avoid offending the dignity and self-respect of those persons with whom they come in contact in the course of the evaluation. Knowing that evaluation might negatively affect the interests of some stakeholders, evaluators should conduct the evaluation and communicate its purpose and results in a way that clearly respects the stakeholders’ dignity and self-worth.
6. Are responsible for their performance and their product(s). They are responsible for the clear, accurate and fair written and/or oral presentation of study limitations, findings and recommendations.
7. Should reflect sound accounting procedures and be prudent in using the resources of the evaluation.

MTR Consultant Agreement Form

Agreement to abide by the Code of Conduct for Evaluation in the UN System:

Name of Consultant: ___Dr. Ingrid Hartmann__________________________________________________

Name of Consultancy Organization (where relevant): __DRYRES___________________________________

I confirm that I have received and understood and will abide by the United Nations Code of Conduct for Evaluation.

Signed at _____Berlin_______ (Place) on November 1st, 2014__ (Date)

Signature: _______ ______________________________