Management Response to Mid-term Evaluation

Fiji Access to Justice Project

Recommendation	Management Response	Timeline	Responsibility
Follow up 2019			
Recommendation 1: Project Board Composition			
	This was rejected by the Access to Justice Project Board. It	Actioned at	Access to Justice
three grantee CSOs (FDPF, MSP, and Empower Pacific) as	presented to the Access to Justice Project Board, as action items for decision by the Board. proposed as follows (taken from the	Project Board	Project Board.
		Meeting Jun-	
a. As an alternative option, the grantee CSOs can be invited		04 2019;	
to guide the project board as a distinct advisory group	 Expand the Project Board to include the three grantee CSOs; if 	CSO	
representing end-user beneficiaries in FA2J efforts	full-time membership is not achievable then a distinct senior	grantees to	
	Working Group arrangement may be an option to assist with	be invited to	
	developing Output 4 targets for accompaniment, networks, and	Project	
	Revisit and reform FAb I Project Management Structure to	sessions in	
	accommodate interests of rights holders, invigorate shared	line with	
	investment in delivery through defined Working Groups per	topical	
	model provided in Annex 7, and expand Project Assurance to	discussion	
	include monitoring reports generated by or for each interest on		
	the PB (duty-bearers, rights-holders, management, and senior		

2.1 The FA2J Project Board should approve the clarification of target vulnerable populations as: people with disabilities, women, and the poor living in informal settlements and rural areas as soon as possible.	Recommendation 2: Clarification of Target Groups and M&E Framework			
Agreed. The target groups have been largely identified through the Access to Justice Assessment carried out in 2018 – aptly informing the issuance of grants under the project (namely for victims of SGBV, child abuse, and access to justice for persons with physical and psychosocial disabilities). The Project continues to	amework	Accordingly, grantees under the Access to Justice Project may be invited as special observers on a request basis when topics under discussion require their specific expertise.	Instead, "The board members agreed to invite individuals to meetings as required and the invitees would be attending meetings as non-voting members." (taken from the same minutes)	The Project Board determined not to alter the composition of the Board.
Already actioned.				
UNDP & Project Partners.				
		J	359351 3 23	

target vulnerable populations as: people with disabilities, women, and the poor living in informal settlements and rural areas as soon as possible. Once target groups are	2. The FA2J Project Board should approve the clarification of	partor the reporting cycle.	nould be revisited at least annually as	2.2 Once target groups are clarified, FA2J should revise its M&E framework in partnership with duty bearers and rights holders (represented by CSOs) to both reflect a shared understanding	2.1 The FA2J Project Board should approve the clarification of target vulnerable populations as: people with disabilities, women, and the poor living in informal settlements and rural areas as soon as possible.
The target groups have been largely identified through the Access to Justice Assessment carried out in 2018 – aptly informing the	Agreed.		Agreed.	Agreed	Agreed. The target groups have been largely identified through the Access to Justice Assessment carried out in 2018 – aptly informing the issuance of grants under the project (namely for victims of SGBV, child abuse, and access to justice for persons with physical and psychosocial disabilities). The Project continues to work with legal service providers and CSO grantees to refine and identify any vulnerabilities within vulnerabilities.
	End of 2019	annual reporting)	Annually	End of 2019	Already actioned.
	UNDP	UNDP & EU		UNDP & EU.	UNDP & Project Partners.

clarified, FA2J should revise its M&E framework in partnership with duty bearers and rights holders (represented by CSOs) to both reflect a shared understanding of terminology used and to accommodate progress and challenges to date. The M&E framework should be revisited at least annually as part of the reporting cycle.

issuance of grants under the project (namely for victims of SGBV, child abuse, and access to justice for persons with physical and psychosocial disabilities). The Project continues to work with legal service providers and CSO grantees to refine and identify any vulnerabilities within vulnerabilities.

In conjunction with the EU ROM mission carried out in early 2019, the project has already determined to update the M&E framework to bring it better into line with the underpinning EU Financing Agreement, and agrees to revisit it on an annual basis.

Recommendation 3: Establishment of Working Groups

3.1 The FA2J Project Board should approve the creation of, to start with, four Working Groups ... to concentrate joint resources on complex or missing elements identified by partners during the MTE as critical to progress

identified by partners during the MTE as critical to progress 3.2 Working group 1 - directed to complete the procurement and roll-out of the case management system and hotline in the LAC, to include overseeing the development of the final

3.3 Working group 2 - directed to complete the procurement and roll-out of the case management system in the Judicial Department, to include overseeing the development of the final system

3.4 Working group 3- directed to focus on the development of strategic planning, M&E / reporting and related institutional strengthening efforts for duty-bearers engaged with FA2J 3.5 Working group 4 - directed to focus on the development of outreach materials designed to address informational needs of specific vulnerable populations identified as targets for FA2J

Agreed in part. The Project has raised concerns consistently that working groups could add an additional layer of complication to moving project items forward in light of past delegations of authority which were not true delegations, resulting in duplication of work and delay in implementation. However, at least with CSOs/grantees, this could be a strong approach

This was raised for discussion during the June 5 Access the Access Project Board meeting. Per the Project Board Minutes: The Acting Chief Justice expressed the view that working groups for ICT and institutional capacity were unnecessary and created a bureaucratic process. UNDP should meet directly with the Acting Chief Justice and/or the Chief Registrar to take necessary decisions. Further, that the method of communication between the project partners was operating effectively at present. The Acting Chief Justice noted that such working groups may be of use at a later stage.

However, it was agreed at the Project Board that the Working Group 4 had potential – indeed demonstrated by a coordination

Ongoing –
but already
being
actioned –
namely the
CSO working
group

UNDP	Ongoing – next	Agreed.	portfolio and work with other agencies to invigorate the UN
		r Beyond A2J Project	Recommendation 5: Broaden Engagement in the Justice Sector Beyond A2J Project
UNDP, Judicial Department, Legal Aid Commission	03 & 04 2019	Agreed in part. UNDP has been working with the entire justice sector on the "First Hour Procedure" under the Security Sector and Governance Project. This has formed the skeleton of a justice sector coordination group with the Former Chief Justice acting as a convening chair to bring all stakeholders together; this however, is not something that has been established formally. UNDP will broach the possibility of formalizing this with the new Acting Chief Justice, suggesting UNDP provide secretariat support. While linked to the Access to Justice Project, this would technically be a separate initiative. Beyond this, as UNDP establishes a civil society organization working group, or any other working group under the Access to Justice Project, additional external partners will be invited to participate in consultation with project partners.	4.1 UNDP should assess partner support for the development of a Secretariat function to support justice sector coordination efforts and specific initiatives, The MTE identified benefits that a coordination mechanism that extends to actors engaged in these other stages of the process could provide for FA2J. Longer term, a sector coordination mechanism would align with UNDP's broader rule of law program within which FA2J is managed. In the shorter term, discrete coordination mechanisms involving FA2J and external partners, such as task forces, targeting specific shared targets within the current FA2J framework
		Coordination Group w/Secretariat	Recommendation 4: Consider Establishment of Justice Sector Coordination Group w/Secretariat
		meeting held with CSO grantees, Judicial Department and the Legal Aid Commission During the Project Board, The Acting Chief Justice agreed that a working group with CSOs could be useful and indeed Social Welfare could join the group for relevant discussions. UNDP will work to entrench a CSO Working Group.	

agencies.		
fellow UN		
basis with	gender and SGBV-related issues.	
and ongoing	issues and programming, and looks for areas of collaboration on	
meetings	with UNFPA, UNICEF and UN Women that addresses gender	
Group	Strategy. Beyond this, UNDP is already part of a working group	Working Groups / Project Board
Working	Outcome Groups as the conduit for engagement with the FA2J Coordination Groups 2, 5, and 6 under the UN Pacific Regional	me Groups as the conduit for engagement with the FA2J
Outcome	UNDP will continue its active role within the context of Outcome	Pacific Regional Strategy Coordination Group and related

Signed:

Dave

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3/9/

Nanise Saune-Qaloewai Effective Governance Deputy Team Leader - OIC Effective Governance